Endocrinological Responses to the Administration of Nicotine: Interactions with Drug Initiation, Conditioned Effects, and Conditions of Stress

by

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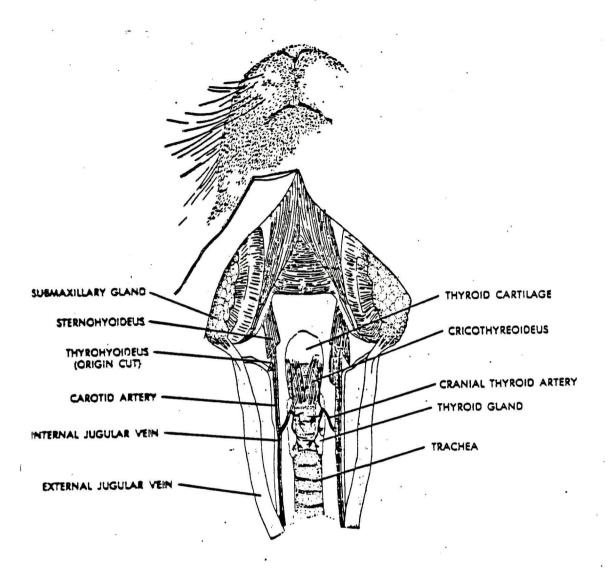
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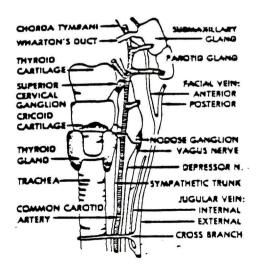
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Appendix A

EVENTS
EXPERIMENTAL
Ŗ
LINE
TIME

DAY	н	7	ю	4	2	9	1	ω	თ	10	11	ជ	13	14	15	16	17	81
GENTAMICIN	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
BICILLIN	×			×														
CATHETER IMPLANTATION				×														
POST-OPERATIVE RECOVERY					×													
DRUG ADMINISTRATION						×H	× ~	×π	× 4.	× ro	× 9	×r	ל	× o ·′	X 01	×	z z	13 ×
OVERNIGHT FAST PERIOD			×		×		×				×		×		×		×	
COLLECT PLASMA SAMPLES						×		×				×		×		×		×
TEST OF CONDITIONING														×				
STRESS W/WO NICOTINE																×		×

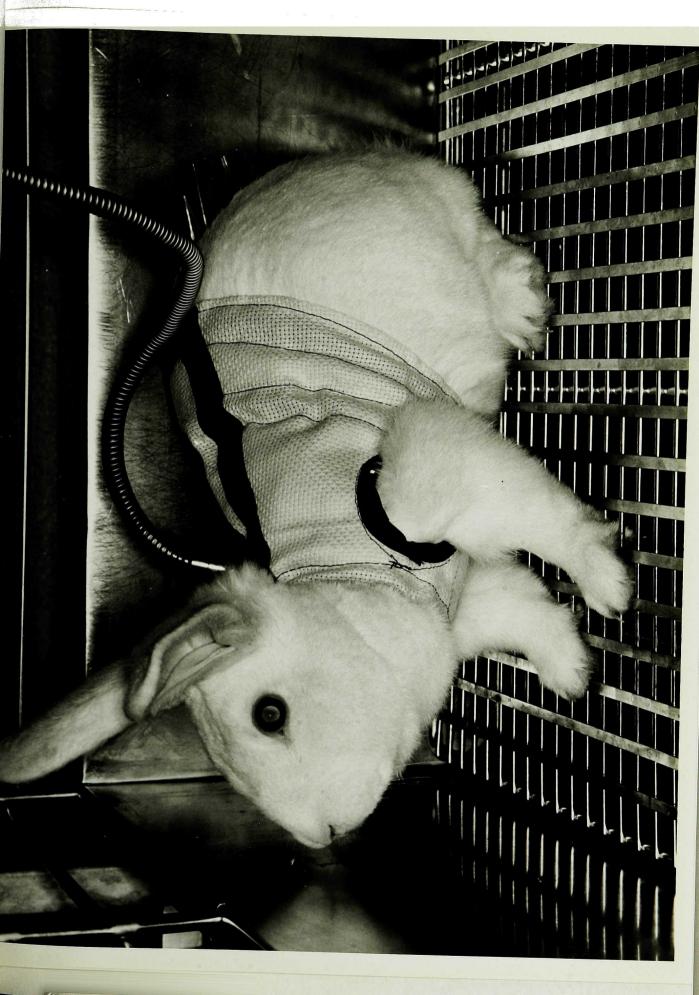


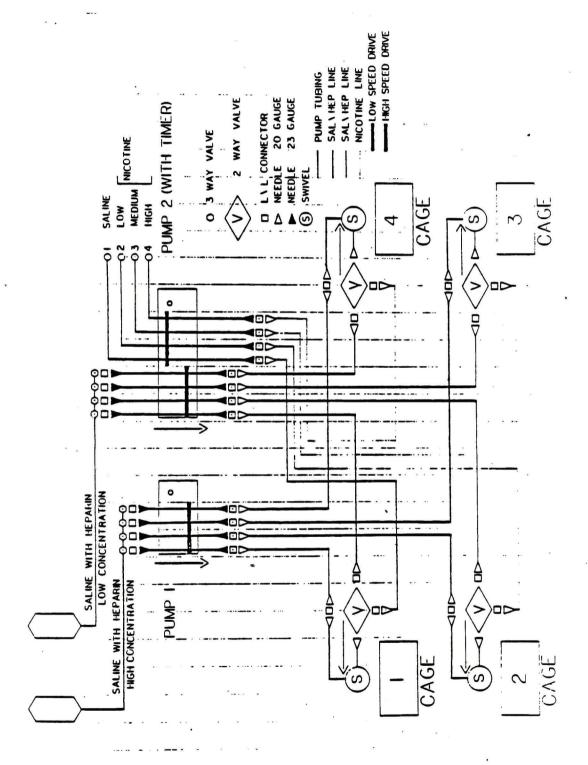


Figs. la and b; Neck Anatomy.

Major structures seen in ventral dissection of the neck. (Superficial structures have been removed.)

Figure 2: General Equipment System (Photographic Plate)





Appendix B

COMT Assay for Catecholamines

Source: Modified procedure of Durrett, L.R. and Ziegler, M.G. A sensitive radioenzymatic assay for catechol drugs. J. of Neuroscience Research, 1980, 5, 587-598.

Reagents

A. Stock Standards:

D,L-Norepinephrine HCl MW = 205.7
$$\frac{205.7}{169.2}$$
 = 1.216

(N) (-)-Norepinephrine Bitartrate (hydrate)

Norepinephrine
$$MW = 337.3$$
 337.3 169.2 = 1.993

L-Arterenol Bitartrate (hydrate - 1.5 H_2 0/mole) MW = 319.3 $\frac{319.3}{169.2}$ = 1.887

1. 1 mg/ml in 0.2 N HAC

- Prepare 10 ml of each (N, E, & D) separately and store in refrigerator
- 100 ug/ml NED combination for "NED-A" Aliquots
 - Combine 0.5 ml of each std (N+E+D, 1 mg/ml in 0.2 N HAC)
 - Add 3.5 ml 0.2 N HAC
 - Aliquot 100 1 into a series of Sartstedt tubes labeled "NED-A" and store in freezer (10 ug of NED/100 ul).

- 3. Dil. A 100 ul aliquot NED A + 9.9 ml 0.01 N HCl (prepared fresh) (1 ug/l ml.: l ng/ul).
- 4. Further dilutions are made from dilution A.

B. TEM pH 8.3

- 0.09 M MgCl₂ (MgCl₂-6 H₂O, 4.57 g/250 ml) MW = 203.31
- 20 mM EGTA (ehtylene glycol-bis-(B-amino-ethyl ether)
 N,N'-tetracetic acid, 1.9 g/250 ml) MW = 380.4
- -0.2 M TRIS (6.1 g/250 ml) MW = 121.14
- Adjust pH with HCl
- Will go into solution once TRIS is added
- C. .75 M Borate buffer with 25 mg/ml EDTA, pH 10
 - 23.18 g boric acid crystal + 12.5 g EDTA, add 350 ml H₂0, then add NaOH until pH 10.
 - Adjust total volume to 500 ml
- D. Cold Carriers

- 1 mg/ml of each in 0.01 N HCl

Normetanephrine
$$\frac{\text{NME} \cdot \text{HCl}}{(\text{MW} = 183.2)} = \frac{\text{NME} \cdot \text{HCl}}{\text{NME}} = \frac{219.7}{183.2} = 1.20$$
 (NME · HCl 60 mg/50 ml)

Metanephrine
$$\frac{\text{ME . HCl}}{\text{(MW = 197.2)}} = \frac{\text{ME . HCl}}{\text{ME}} = \frac{233.7}{197.2} = 1.19$$
 (ME . HCl 59.3 mg/50 ml)

$$\frac{3-\text{Methoxytyramine}}{(\text{MW} = 167.2)} \frac{(3-\text{Methoxy}-4-\text{hydroxyphenylethylamine})}{\frac{3\text{MT} \cdot \text{HCl}}{3\text{MT}}} = \frac{203.7}{167.2} = 1.22 \frac{(3\text{MT} \cdot \text{HCl } 60 \text{ mg/50 ml})}{(3\text{MT} \cdot \text{HCl } 60 \text{ mg/50 ml})}$$

E. 3:2 Toluene: Isoamyl alcohol (2400 ml toluene: 1600 ml isoamyl alcohol)

- F. 0.1 N HAC (Acetic acid 99.5%, 5.7 ml/L)
- G. Cold Carrier + Ethanol/HCl
 - 5 ml H₂O + 100 ml ethanol + 10 ul 1 N HCl + 32 mg
 - NME . HCl + 31 mg ME . HCl + 32 mg 3 MT . HCl
- H. Ethylamine Solvent prepared fresh for each developing jar
 - 80 ml Chloroform
 - 15 ml Ethanol
 - 10 ml Ethylamine
 - (Add in this order and solvent will remain clear)
- I. 2 N NH OH
 - 135 ml/l of 28% solution
- J. 4% Na10
 - Freshly prepared (0.4 g/10 ml)
- K. 10% Glycerol
 - Refrigerate (10 ml glycerol + 90 ml H₂0)
- L. 10 N Acetic Acid
 - 288 ml/500 ml of 99.5% (glacial)
- M. Phosphor Only
 - 50 ml PPO-POPOP in 1000 ml toluene
- N. "TIAL": in 1 gal bottle
 - 2100 ml toluene
 - 900 ml isoamyl alcohol
 - 150 ml fluor (RPI, Liquifluor (PPO-POPOP), Spectrofluor)

II. Procedure

- A. DAY 1 Incubation
 - 1. Make sure lyophilizer is running.

 Pipette 100 ul aliquot for each replicate of each sample into 538, 14 ml round bottom, polypropylene tubes.

Plasma, CSF - take note of any hemolysis on protocol.

Centrifuge, if necessary, to remove fibrin clots.

Urine - make 1:100 dilution of 100 ul aliquot w/GDW.

3. Plasma Blanks - 100 ul plasma in one tube, 200 ul COMT
mix in second tube, after incubation
add borate and cold carrier to plasma
tube, then transfer 100 ul of incubated
COMT mix to plasma tube, vortex.

Plasma Controls - 100 ul plasma.

Plasma Standards - Various concentrations of N, Epi and
DA added to 100 ml plasma.

- Keep samples in ice water bath.
- 5. Add 10 ul 0.01 N HCl (1 ml 1 N HCl + 99 ml GDW) to each sample that doesn't have 10 ul std added to it.
- 6. Add 100 ul of COMT incubation mix to each tube.

 The mix consists of: 1 ul of benzylhydroxylamine

 84 ul TEM pH 8.3

 0.6 mg/ml glutathione (reduced)

 5 ul H³-SAM

 10 ul COMT put in a 14 ml tube

 for easy pipetting.

Incubate for 90 min at 37°C.

- 7. Return tubes to ice water bath. Add 200 ul .75 M borate buffer with 25 mg/ml EDTA (pH 10) to each tube.
- Add 50 ul cold carrier to each tube, vortex.
- 9. Add 50 ul 1% TPB, vortex.
- 10. Add 7 ml 3:2 toluene:isoamyl alcohol to each tube, cap and shake for 10 min. Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 min. Uncap.
- Place tubes in a dry ice/ethanol bath to freeze aqueous layer. Decant organic phase into 14 ml (538) polypropylene tubes containing 250 ul of 0.1 N acetic acid.
- 12. Cap and shake for 10 min. Centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 min. Uncap.
- 13. Aspirate organic phase. Wash remaining aqueous layer with 3 ml 3:2 toluene: isoamyl alcohol, recap tubes, shake 10 min. and centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 5 min. Uncap.
- 14. Aspirate organic phase. Freeze samples -70°C freezer.
 Turn on shelf refrigeration on lyophilizer.
- 15. Put samples in shelf chamber. Turn off shelf refrigeration if doing overnight work. If more than one night, leave refrigeration on. Lyophilize remaining aqueous layer in all tubes.

B. DAY 2 - TLC Separation of methylated products

1. Take out samples. Turn system back on.

- Add 50 ul cold carrier + HCl/ethanol solution and centrifuge for 30 sec. at 3000 rpm.
- 3. Spot solution onto prescored silica gel TLC plates with fluorescent indicator and preadsorbent area (usually requires 2-3 separate applications). (Whatman LKSDF TLC plates) Dry plates with a hair dryer, if necessary.
- 4. Add 50 ul cold carrier + HCl/ethanol solution again and spot as above (no need to centrifuge second time).
- 5. Develop plates in TLC jars containing ethylamine solvent system (line jars with chromatography paper to equalize solvent vapor, if necessary).
- 6. Visualize spots on plate using U.V. light and mark with soft pencil. The bands are in the order: Origin, normetanephrine, metanephrine, 3-methoxytyramine, solvent front.
- 3-methoxytyramine, normetanephrine, and metanephrine spots are scraped and placed into separate liquid scintillation vials.

C. Preparation for Counting

- 1. Dopamine (non-beta-hydroxylated products)
 - a. Add 1 ml 0.05 N NH_4 OH to each sample and shake (slow) for 15 min.
 - b. Add 5 ml TIAL, cap, shake vigorously, and count 5 min/vial.

- Epinephrine and Norepinephrine (beta-hydroxylated products)
 - a. Add 1 ml 2 N NH $_4$ OH to each counting vial and shake for 15 min.
 - b. Add 50 ul freshly prepared 4% Naio_4 to each vial.
 - c. After 5 min., stop the reaction by adding 50 ul 10% glycerol to each vial.
 - d. Add 200 ul 10 N acetic acid to each vial.
 - e. Add 5 ml Phosphor-Only, cap, shake vigorously, and count 5 min/vial.

D. Calculation of Sample Concentration

Formula:

 $\frac{x}{x}$ CTS Sample - $\frac{x}{x}$ CTS blank x CTS $\frac{x}{x}$ CTS $\frac{x}{y}$ (5000 pg/ml) (dilution factor)

 \bar{x} CTS = mean counts for endogenous catecholamines

 \bar{x} CTS = endogenous catecholamines + 5000 pg/ml

Concepts of Radioimmunoassay

The reactions involved in any competitive radioimmunoassay procedure can be illustrated by the reactions below.

UNLABELED ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY COMPLEX

The unlabeled antigen (Ag) competes with the labeled antigen (Ag*) for a limited number of antibody (Ab) binding sites and decreases the amount of labeled antigen bound to the antibody (Ag*-Ab).

If the amount of the antibody and labeled antigen are the same for all samples, the only variable is the amount of unlabeled antigen. Therefore, unknown samples can be quantitated by comparing the decrease in antibody binding of labeled antigen in unknowns and in known standard solutions.

The unbound antigen may be separated from the antibody-bound antigen, and the amount of binding of the radioactive antigen can be determined by counting the radioactivity of either fraction.

Procedure for the Radioimmunoassay (H³) of Plasma Corticosterone

Source: Radioassay Systems Laboratories, Inc., Carson, CA

90746.

I. Kit Contents

11 ml Corticosterone antibody

12 ml Corticosterone - H³, 4,000-6,000 cpm/0.1 ml

6 x 5 ml Corticosterone Standards, Range: 0.025-1.0 ng/0.5 nl

22 ml Charcoal Dextran Solution

112 ml Assay Buffer

II. Sample Preparation

Dilute plasma sample 1:250 with diluent buffer in glass test tubes (suggested; 0.01 ml plasma diluted with 2.5 ml of buffer).

III. Assay Procedure

- A. Using 10 x 75 mm glass test tubes, add 0.6 ml of diluent buffer to tubes number 1 and 2 (Blank or Non-Specific Binding Tubes).
- B. Add 0.5 ml of buffer to tubes 3 and 4 (100% binding tube or Zero Standard tube).
- C. Add 0.5 ml (in duplicate) of each corticosterone standard (0.025-1.0 ng/0.5 ml) to tubes number 5 through 16 (Standard Curve).
- D. Add 0.5 ml (in duplicate) of 1:250 dilutes sample to tube numbers 17 to end of assay.

- E. Incubate all tubes at 98°C for ten minutes. (This step is necessary to denature the corticosterone binding proteins in plasma.)
- F. Allow samples to cool to room temperature following incubation (approximately thirty minutes).
- G. With the exception of tubes number 1 and 2, add 0.1 ml of antiserum to the assay tubes.
- H. Add 0.1 ml of corticosterone H3 to all the assay tubes.
- I. Mix and incubate tubes for a minimum of one hour or a maximum of twenty-four hours in a 4° C water bath.
- J. After incubation, add 0.2 ml of cold (4°C) charcoal-dextran solution (swirling the charcoal solution constantly). Mix for twenty seconds by shaking the whole test tube rack, then let sit for twenty minutes at 4°C.
- K. Centrifuge at 2500 rpm for fifteen minutes.
- L. Decant supernatant solution into scintillation vial and add 5 ml of counting cocktail (Scint-A, Packard Instrument Co. Inc., Downers Grove, IL).
- M. Count each tube for a minimum of two minutes in a scintillation counter set for H³.

IV. Calculations

- A. Percent Bound
 - Average the counts of tubes 1 and 2 (Blank) and subtract the value from all other duplicate assay tubes.

 Divide the value obtained from tubes 3 and 4 into the values obtained for duplicate sample tubes. Multiply value by 100 to determine percent bound.

Formula:

CTS (sample - CTS (Blank)
CTS (0 Standard) - CTS (Blank) X 100 - % Bound

CTS = average counts of duplicate tubes

Sample = standard, control or unknown

Blank = non-specific binding tube

0 Standard = 100% binding tube, 0 Corticosterone

B. Final Results

- Plot percent bound against the corticosterone standards ranging from 0.025-1.0 ng/0.5 ml on semi-logarithmic paper (use 100% as the starting point).
- Locate % bound of sample on the standard curve, then read ng off axis; multiply by 500 to determine ng Corticosterone/ml of sample.

Procedure for the Radioimmunoassay (I¹²⁵) of Plasma Insulin Source: Amersham Corporation, Arlington Heights, IL 60005. Code IM.78, March 1977.

PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

Samples of the unknown and standard insulin solutions are incubated for 45 minutes with suspended insulin binding reagent. Then, Insulin \mathbf{I}^{125} is added and the samples incubated for an additional 2 hours and 15 minutes.

The insulin binding reagent is an insoluble complex of guinea pig antibody to insulin which has been reacted with a second rabbit antibody to the guinea pig antibody. This provides both an antibody site for reaction with insulin and the basis for separation of antibody-bound insulin and the unbound insulin.

Insoluble antigen-antibody complex is separated from the soluble free insulin by centrifugation.

By counting the radioactivity in the precipitate for both standards and unknowns, a standard curve can be constructed and unknown values can be interpolated.

REAGENTS

1. Insulin Binding Reagent

Description

The insulin binding reagent is a freeze-dried preparation of anti-insulin serum (guinea pig) precipitated by anti-guinea pig serum (rabbit), which contains phosphate buffer, preservative, EDTA and bovine serum albumin as a stabilizer.

Reconstitution

Add 8.0 ml of distilled water to the vial containing the insulin binding reagent.

Storage of Reconstituted Insulin Binding Reagent

Use within one month after reconstitution, storing at -20° C, thawing only once.

2. Insulin I 125

Description

This component is prepared from purified bovine insulin, which has a potency of 24 international units/mg. Each vial contains 0.04 ug iodinated insulin dissolved in 2 ml of stabilized phosphate buffer. The vial contains not more than 10 uCi of I^{125} .

Dilution

Prepare an insulin I^{125} working solution by pipetting into a glass vial 1.0 ml of the reagent insulin I^{125} into 7.0 ml of Buffer.

Storage of Diluted Insulin I 125

Store at 2-4°C for not more than one week or at -20°C for several weeks, but do not refreeze after thawing.

3. Human Insulin Standard

Description

This component is a freeze-dried preparation of human insulin.

After reconstitution according to directions, the solution will

contain 1000 microunits of insulin per ml.

Reconstitution of Insulin Standard Stock Solution

The number of microunits of insulin contained in the vials is

stated on the label. Reconstitute with sufficient buffer to prepare a stock solution containing 1000 microunits/ml. For example, if the vial is labeled 2300 microunits add 2.30 ml Buffer. Reconstitution is best accomplished according to the following procedure.

Give the bottle several sharp taps to dislodge any solid particles on the cap. Carefully remove the cap and add the appropriate amount of Buffer using a micropipette; replace the cap. Allow to stand about one minute, vortex mix gently and then invert bottle several times until all solid is dissolved.

Dispense two 400 ul aliquots of the insulin standard stock solution into separate glass vials. If the Insulin RIA Kit is to be used on two separate occasions, store one aliquot as described below. The remaining aliquot should be diluted according to the method described under "Details of Procedure," and used immediately. The dilution is used to prepare the assay standards.

Storage of Insulin Standard Stock Solution

Store at -20°C. Use within one month of reconstitution, thawing only once. Do not use the stored aliquot after the expiry date stated on the vial label.

4. Buffer Component

Description

This component contains freeze-dried stabilized phosphate buffer.

Reconstitution

Dissolve the contents of one container of buffer using about 30 ml freshly distilled water. Transfer the solution to a measuring

cylinder. Rinse out the container with more freshly distilled water and adjust the final volume to 100 ml. Mix carefully.

Storage of Reconstituted Buffer

This reconstituted buffer may be stored at 2-4°C for up to four weeks.

STORAGE

The Insulin RIA Kit should be stored at 2-4°C prior to reconstitution of reagents. The expiration date is stamped on the package and will normally be 6-8 weeks from date of shipment.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

The Amersham Insulin RIA Kit may be used to determine insulin levels in serum or heparinized plasma samples. Sufficient blood should be drawn to provide 1 ml of plasma. The plasma should be separated as soon as possible. These samples may be stored for several weeks at -20° C. Thawed plasma samples should be mixed, then centrifuged to remove fibrin or other solids.

In using combined insulin/glucose testing, the patient should be prepared for testing according to the laboratory's standard procedures for the glucose tolerance test. This may include a controlled diet for several days prior to testing and/or an overnight fast prior to testing.

In addition, baseline (fasting) samples are often collected prior to the administration of the glucose dose.

Samples for glucose levels should be collected according to standard laboratory procedures and, in some cases, the sample may be split for both insulin and glucose levels.

In combined procedures, strict adherence to the established testing protocol and patient preparation procedures are required to allow valid comparisons with the laboratory's established norms.

Hemolyzed samples will show decreased insulin levels due to insulin degradation and should not be used. Patient samples containing radioactivity should not be used.

PROCEDURE

Materials Provided

- Insulin I¹²⁵ solution one vial
- Insulin Binding Reagent two vials
- Human Insulin Standard one vial
- Buffer Component two containers

Materials Required But Not Provided

- Vortex mixer
- Gamma scintillation counter
- Refrigerator or ice bath (2-4°C)
- Reaction and counting tubes 4 ml or larger round bottomed polystyrene tubes are suitable (e.g. 12 x 75 mm)
- Pipettes 100 ul, 200 ul, 500 ul
- Repeating sampler or pipette to measure 700 ul
- Distilled water
- Centrifuge preferably refrigerated, capable of at least 1500g with load
- Clean glass vials (10 ml size)
- Stoppered glass measuring cylinder (100 ml)

- Tube racks
- Absorbent paper

Details of Procedure

- Reconstitute all reagents and prepare the insulin stock solution as described under Reagents. All reagents should be at room temperature prior to pipetting.
- 2. Prepare an insulin working standard solution of 160 microunits/ml by adding a 400 ul aliquot of the stock standard to 2.1 ml Buffer in a clean glass vial. Mix thoroughly.

(This volume of working standard is sufficient for the preparation of one set of assay standards. The small amount of standard left after preparation of the assay standards should be discarded and not stored for later use.)

3. Prepare insulin assay standards of 80, 40, 20, 10 and 0 microunits/ml by adding the 160 microunits/ml working standard to the appropriate amount of Buffer according to the scheme in Table 1. Add Buffer to assay tubes before adding the working solution aliquot. Use clean glass vials for these solutions. Mix each thoroughly.

The preparation of working standards by a series of doubling dilutions is not recommended.

- 4. Arrange polystyrene assay tubes according to the scheme shown in Table 2. Standards should be assayed in triplicate and unknowns in duplicate (see Note 1).
- 5. Pipette 100 ul aliquots of Buffer, insulin standard, or unknown sera according to the scheme shown in Table 2 (see Note 2). Blank

tubes require 200 ul of buffer. Pipette solutions directly to the bottom of the assay tubes in all steps.

- 6. Pipette 100 ul aliquots of insulin binding reagent into all tubes except the total counts and blank tubes. Vortex mix the tubes and incubate at $2-4^{\circ}$ C for 45 minutes.
- 7. Pipette 100 ul aliquots of insulin I^{125} solution into each tube. The total counts tubes should be set aside at this stage awaiting counting at step 13 of the protocol. Vortex mix the tubes and incubate at $2-4^{\circ}$ C for not less than two hours and fifteen minutes.
- 8. Add 700 ul cold Buffer (2-4°C) to all tubes except the total counts. Deliver the Buffer so as to wash down the tube walls. A repeating sampler is sufficiently accurate for this step. Again vortex mix.
- 9. Centrifuge tubes for 25 minutes (± 2 minutes) applying a force of at least 1500g in a refrigerated (2-4°C) or room temperature centrifuge. Refrigeration and/or greater force will assist the separation. If a refrigerated centrifuge is not available, tubes should not be subjected to long periods of centrifugation in a warm centrifuge.
- 10. At the end of the centrifugation allow the rotor to slow without application of the brake. Immediately remove the tubes with the minimum of agitation and place into racks. Invert each tube gently in one continuous movement, so that the precipitate will remain undisturbed at the bottom of the tube. Do not decant the total counts tubes. Avoid tapping or shaking the tubes during decantation. It

should be noted that the supernatant fluid which is poured off will be slightly radioactive and should be treated accordingly.

- 11. Keeping the tubes inverted, place over tissue paper to drain for at least 15 minutes. Any remaining liquid in the necks of the tubes may be removed by touching with tissue. Note that the precipitate may not be visible.
- 12. After draining, the bottoms and rims of each tube should be wiped clean using dampened tissue paper.
- 13. Count the tubes in a gamma counter (see Note 3).

Notes

1. Special precautions

The buffer used in the Insulin RIA Kit is specially formulated to reduce absorption of insulin. Nevertheless, certain precautions are necessary to minimize absorption of insulin:

- a. Scrupulously cleaned glass vials should be used for the preparation and storage of insulin stock standards, insulin working standard and insulin 1^{125} solutions.
- b. Pipette tips or microsyringes should be wetted thoroughly by drawing up and discharging pure buffer solution several times before pipetting solutions of insulin.

Pipetting

As with other tests of this type, precision pipetting is an essential feature. The use of precision microsyringes or micropipettes with disposable tips is strongly recommended as providing the desired convenience and precision (better than 1% standard deviation).

3. Determination of radioactivity

The time of counting will depend on the efficiency of the instrument and the age of the kit. One minute counts will usually be found sufficient for all tubes, accumulating 10,000 or more counts for the zero standard.

The use of glass tubes for counting or for secondary containment of the counting tubes should be avoided since the attenuation of the low energy I 25 radiation by glass is relatively high. Not only is

the count rate markedly reduced, but serious errors may arise due to variations in the wall thickness of the glass container.

Increased Precision Assay

Slightly greater precision may be obtained by delaying the addition of the insulin I^{125} until the other reagents have been incubated at 2-4°C for 6 hours. After the addition of the insulin I^{125} the contents of the tubes are mixed, then returned to the refrigerator (2-4°C) for an additional 18 hours incubation prior to separation.

RESULTS

Calculation of Results

- Express the count-rate for each tube in counts per unit time.
 Compute the mean count-rates for each series of replicates, rejecting any count-rates which are grossly aberrant.
- 2. Plot on linear gragh paper the counts/time of insulin I¹²⁵ in the precipitate at each concentration of insulin in the standards and for the zero standard. The concentration of insulin in each of the unknowns, expressed in terms of the insulin used as a standard, can be read directly from the graph. A typical graph is shown in Figure 1.

Procedure for Plasma Glucose Determination

Source: Fales, F. W. Standard Methods in Clinical Chemistry 4:101,

1963. Kingsley, G. R., & Gatchel, G. Clinical Chemistry

6:466, 1966

Glucose Oxidase Method

Glucose is oxidized by the enzyme glucose oxidase in the presence of air to glucuronic acid with the formation of hydrogen peroxide. In the presence of the added enzyme, peroxidase, the hydrogen peroxide will oxidize the chromogen o-dianisidine to a compound that gives a red color in strongly acid solution. The reaction is very specific for glucose and thus gives true glucose values. High concentrations of reducing substances, particularly ascorbic acid, will interfere by competing with the chromogen for the liberated oxygen and thus cause low results. Hemoglobulin will also interfere by causing premature decomposition of the hydrogen peroxide and also give low results. If hemoglobin is absent, the reaction can be rum directly on serum or plasma. For hemolyzed samples or whole blood a Somogyi filtrate must be used.

REAGENTS

- 1. Phosphate buffer, 0.1M, pH 7.0. Dissolve 8.7 g $\rm Na_2HPO_4$ and 5.3 g $\rm KH_2PO_4$ in about 950 ml water. Check the pH and adjust to 7.0 if necessary with small amounts of $\rm IN$ acid or base; then dilute to $\rm IL$.
- Buffered peroxidase solution. Mix 125 ml phosphate buffer,
 175 ml water, and 200 ml glycerin. Dissolve 10 mg peroxidase (Sigma type II*) in this solution, then add 100 mg o-dianisidine dissolved in

10 ml methanol, and mix well. Because of the added glycerin, this solution may be stored in the freezer compartment for added stability.

- 3. Glucose oxidase solution. Dissolve 500 mg glucose oxidase (Sigma type II) in 50 ml 40% glycerin. This may also be stored in the freezer.
- 4. Sulfuric acid, 30%. Carefully add 300 ml concentrated sulfuric acid to 700 ml water. Mix well and cool to room temperature.
- 5. Procedure for direct method: Pipet 4.5 ml buffered peroxidase to a test tube. Warm to 37°C and add 0.02 ml serum or plasma. Add 0.5 ml glucose oxidase solution and incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes. After incubation, add 3 ml 30% sulfuric acid and mix. Run standards and blank similarly. Read standards and samples against blank at 530 nm.

Calculation: Since the standards and samples are treated similarly:

Absorbance of sample x Conc. of standard = Conc. of sample

Appendix C

Table 1

Part I

Experiment Phase I: Norepinephrine

Analysis of Variance Summary Table

			Response (Response Grand Mean = 367.49 pg/ml	7.49 pg/ml
Source	đĘ	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	pe
Between Subjects Factors					
Drug	3	748484.79	249494.93	0.71	0.5722
s/Drug	80	2806951.79	350868.97		
Within Subject Factors					
Day	2	596300.47	296800.23	2.97	0.0800
Drug x Day	9	475865.99	79310.99	0.79	0.5908
Day x s/Drug	16	1606581.27	100411.32		
Sample	2	942116.38	188423.27	11.50	0.0001
Drug x Sample	15	397449.82	26496.65	1.62	0.1124
Sample x s/Drug	40	655305.55	16382.63		
				•	
Day x Sample	10	137520.74	13752.07	0.78	0.6457
Drug x Day x Sample	30	398201.71	13273.39	0.75	0.8045
Day x Sample x s/Drug	80	1406665.02	17583.31		

Table 1 Part II Norepinephrine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

5

A) Drug Condition:

Mean Square Error = 350868.97, df = 8

Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53

Minimum Significant Difference = 365.15

Dru	g Condition	Mean Response (pg/ml)		N
Sal	ine (control)	284.97		54
0.0	25 mg Nic/kg	398.53		54
0.0	50 mg Nic/kg	344.45		54
0.1	.00 mg Nic/kg	442.04		54
B)	Test Day: Mean Square Error = 100411.32, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 3.65		
Tes	t Day	Mean Response		N
	1	441.64	× ×	72
	3	334.70		72
	7	326.16		72
C)	Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 16382.63, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.23		
Sam	ple	Mean Response		N
0		247.55		36
	Nicotine infusion			
1		336.58		36
2		361.56		36
:	Nicotine infusion			
3		382.72		36
4		454.70		36

421.87

36

Table 1 Part II (Continued) Norepinephrine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test

Drug x Sample Interaction

Alpha = 0.05, N = 9 for each mean Mean Square Error = 16382.63, df = 40 Critical Value of the Studentized Range = 4.23 Minimum Significant Difference = 180.47

Sample

	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline (Control)	270.75	286.02	287.98	261.94	302.09	301.02
0.025 mg Nic/kg	258.92	422.59	405.57	376.09	451.02	476.97
0.050 mg Nic/kg	195.70	268.36	328.75	379.89	486.23	407.78
0.100 mg Nic/kg	264.84	369.33	423.95	512.95	579.46	501.69

All values are in ng/ml of plasma

Table 1
Part III
Norepinephrine

(Values are in pg Norepinephrine/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) Standard Error A from baseline	262.82 39.65	273.91 72.46 11.09	243.65 55.52 -19.17	264.75 52.44 1.93	292.50 50.89 29.68	303.72 37.66 40.90
All Nicotine Doses	194.15	317.18	336.83	334.49	463.60	463.00
Standard Error	21.80	45.00	44.74	63.11	92.42	100.23
△ from baseline		123.03	142.68	140.34	269.45	268.85
Student's t Stati	stic:					
Control vs. All N	licotine Do	ses				
(df = 9) t p<	1.60 0.1435	-0.50 0.6266	-1.14 0.2826	-0.63 0.5434	-1.08 0.3087	-0.93 0.3747

Table 1
Part IV
Norepinephrine

A. Group Mean Responses by Drug Condition and Day

(Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

Drug Condition	Day	1	3	7
Saline Control		259.41	321.94	273.56
0.025 mg Nic/mg		536.25	322.17	330.14
0.050 mg Nic/mg		400.21	284.60	285.97
0.100 mg Nic/mg		431.34	381.25	416.67

B. Group Mean Responses for All Drug Conditions by Sample

(Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

			Samp	ole .		
Drug Condition	0	1	2	3	4	5
_						
Saline Control	270.75	286.03	287.98	261.94	302.10	301.02
4 from baseline		15.28	17.23	-8.81	31.35	30.27
				*		
0.025 mg Nic/kg	274.01	422.60	405.57	376.09	451.03	476.97
_		140 50	131.56	102.08	177.02	202.96
A from baseline		148.59	131.30	102.00	177.02	202.96
0.050 mg Nic/kg	189.12	255.89	333.20	361.36	485.09	399.72
△ from baseline		66.77	144.08	172.24	295.97	210.60
0.100 mg Nic/kg	249.63	341.11	402.15	461.74	539.11	461.00
A from baseline		91.48	152.52	212.11	289.48	211.37
a IIOm DaseIIIIe						

Table 2

Part I

Experiment Phase I: Epinephrine

Analysis of Variance Summary Table	e				
			Response	Response Grand Mean = 76.59 pg/ml	6.59 pg/ml
Source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p4
Between Subjects Factors					•
Drug	3	310971.97	103657.32	1.77	0.2300
s/Drug	∞	467861.01	58482.62		×
Within Subject Factors					
Day	2	271456.59	135728.29	4.29	0.0323
Drug x Day	9	237050.51	39508.41	1.25	0.3342
Day x s/Drug	16	506424.55	31651.53		
Sample	2	320230.29	64046.05	1.67	0.1651
Drug x Sample	15	609705.47	40647.03	1.06	0.4227
Sample x s/Drug	40	1537514.13	38437.85		
Day x Sample	10	187204.08	18720.41	0.99	0.4561
Drug x Day x Sample	30	611952.76	20398.42	1.08	0.3789
Day x Sample x s/Drug	80	1507350.23	18841.88		

Table 2 Part II Epinephrine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

5

A) Drug Condition:

Mean Square Error = 58482.62, df = 8

Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53

Minimum Significant Difference = 149.07

Dru	g Condition	Mean Response (pg/ml)	<u>N</u>
Sal	ine (control)	40.89	54
0.0	25 mg Nic/kg	70.93	54
0.0	50 mg Nic/kg	54.86	54
0.1	LOO mg Nic/kg	139.67	54
B)	Test Day: Mean Square Error = 31651.53, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 3.65	
Tes	st Day	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
	1	123.99	72
	3	67.04	72
	7	38.74	72
C)	Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 38437.85, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.23	B
San	mple	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
)	43.03	36
	Nicotine infusion		
1	L	52.80	36
2		61.94	36
	Nicotine infusion		
3	3	159.77	36
. 4	ı.	72.72	36
			20

69.26

36

Table 2
Part III
Epinephrine

(Values are in pg Epinephrine/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) Standard Error A from baseline	34.14 4.60	36.29 7.16 2.15	29.97 1.78 -4.17	35.69 1.41 1.55	42.41 4.08 8.27	38.53 7.29 4.39
All Nicotine Doses	28.24	32.33	33.94	59.51	36.95	37.98
Standard Error	3.52	3.57	8.10	20.39	4.36	6.06
4 from baseline		4.09	5.70	31.27	8.71	9.74
Student's t Statis					•	
Control vs. All N: (df = 9)	icotine Dos	ses				
t	0.91	0.55	-0.29	-0.69	0.71	0.05
p<	0.3853	0.5968	0.7784	0.5067	0.4963	0.9613

Table 2
Part IV
Epinephrine

A. Group Mean Responses by Drug Condition and Day

(Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

Drug Condition	Day 1	. 3	7
Saline Control		.11 40.38	36.17
0.025 mg Nic/kg		.22 54.48	26.23
0.050 mg Nic/kg	66	.18 41.58	52.37
0.100 mg Nic/kg	195	.42 111.98	40.63

B. Group Mean Responses for All Drug Conditions by Sample

(Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

8		Samp	le		
0	1	2	3	4	5
42.09	42.25	37.42	38.47	42.02	43.07
	0.16	-4.67	-3.62	-0.07	0.98
43.37	57.22	77.15	69.69	84.32	95.53
	13.85	33.78	26.32	40.95	52.16
				2	
35.91	34.52	49.28	97.93	66.86	43.80
	-1.39	13.37	62.02	30.95	7.89
49.56	69.46	77.80	352.57	99.82	87.96
	19.90	28.24	303.01	50.26	38.40
	42.09 43.37 35.91	42.09 42.25 0.16 43.37 57.22 13.85 35.91 34.52 -1.39 49.56 69.46	0 1 2 42.09 42.25 37.42 0.16 -4.67 43.37 57.22 77.15 13.85 33.78 35.91 34.52 49.28 -1.39 13.37 49.56 69.46 77.80	42.09 42.25 37.42 38.47 0.16 -4.67 -3.62 43.37 57.22 77.15 69.69 13.85 33.78 26.32 35.91 34.52 49.28 97.93 -1.39 13.37 62.02 49.56 69.46 77.80 352.57	0 1 2 3 4 42.09 42.25 37.42 38.47 42.02 0.16 -4.67 -3.62 -0.07 43.37 57.22 77.15 69.69 84.32 13.85 33.78 26.32 40.95 35.91 34.52 49.28 97.93 66.86 -1.39 13.37 62.02 30.95 49.56 69.46 77.80 352.57 99.82

Table 3

Part I

Experiment Phase I: Dopamine

Table
Summary
Variance
oĘ
Analysis

			Response (Response Grand Mean = 474.25 pg/ml	4.25 pg/ml
Source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	1 0
Between Subjects Factors					
Drug	Э	568056.98	189352.32	1.45	0.2985
s/Drug	ω	1043090.41	130386.30		
Within Subject Factors					
Day	7	899501,51	449750.75	2.53	0.1107
Drug x Day	9	1452880.82	242146.80	1.36	0.2874
Day x s/Drug	16	2840293.62	177518.35		g.
Sample	S	89471.66	17894.33	3.50	0.0102
Drug x Sample	15	105918.62	7061.24	1.38	0.2038
Sample x s/Drug	40	204576.65	5114.41		
Dav x Sample	10	96215.45	9621.54	1.48	0.1604
Drug x Day x Sample	30	137226.93	4574.23	0.71	0.8570
Drug x Sample x s/Drug	80	518387.51	6479.84		

36

Table 3 Part II Dopamine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

5

A) Drug Condition:

Mean Square Error = 130386.30, df = 8

Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53

Minimum Significant Difference = 222.59

Drug Condition	Mean Response (pg/ml)	<u>N</u>
	(F3)	
Saline (control)	454.98	54
0.025 mg Nic/kg	401.69	54
0.050 mg Nic/kg	538.44	54
0.100 mg Nic/kg	501.89	54
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 177518.35, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 3.65	•
Test Day	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
1	562.77	72
. 3	410.77	72
7	449.20	72
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 5114.41, d Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	434.44	36
Nicotine infusion		
1	472.33	36
2	474.17	36
Nicotine infusion	9	
3	483.37	36
4	478.78	36

502.41

Table 3
Part III
Dopamine

(Values are in pg Dopamine/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control)	389.38	427.68	439.73	455.62	353.88	439.17
Standard Error	102.16	98.26	90.19	109.96	76.27	126.99
A from baseline		38.30	50.35	66.24	-35.50	49.79
All Nicotine Doses	384.44	422.28	424.35	460.17	426.75	464.17
Standard Error	66.12	71.47	66.91	71.21	59.06	103.20
△ from baseline		37.84	39.91	75.73	42.31	79.73
Student's t Stati	stic:					
Control vs. All N	Nicotine Do	ses				
(df = 9)						
t	0.04	0.04	0.12	-0.03	-0.67	-0.12
p <	0.9694	0.9683	0.9036	0.9738	0.5179	0.9037

Table 3
Part IV
Dopamine

A. Group Mean Responses by Drug Condition and Day

(Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

Drug Condition	Day	1	3	7
Saline Control		448.70	495.31	420.91
0.025 mg Nic/kg		519.05	368.52	320.70
0.050 mg Nic/kg		489.04	368.85	666.13
0.100 mg Nic/kg	*	618.56	459.64	391.03

B. Group Mean Responses for All Drug Conditions by Sample

(Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

			Sam	ple		
Drug Condition	0	1	2	3	4	5
			=-			450 50
Saline Control	458.82	468.29	462.72	456.52	413.98	469.52
△ from baseline		9.47	3.90	-2.30	-44.84	10.70
0.025 mg Nic/kg	383.45	392.14	413.45	405.41	416.32	420.85
△ from baseline		8.69	30.00	21.96	32.87	37.40
0.050 mg Nic/kg	421.44	444.29	470.59	498.57	518.99	511.29
△ from baseline		22.85	49.15	77.13	97.55	89.85
0.100 mg Nic/kg	466.91	506.17	501.22	514.18	491.71	512.12
Δ from baseline		39.26	34.31	47.27	24.80	45.21

Table 4

Part I

Experiment Phase I: Corticosterone

Analysis of Variance Summary Table

			Response	Response Grand Mean = 36.98 ng/ml	6.98 ng/ml
Source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p 4
Between Subjects Factors					
Drug	8	4819.21	1606.40	2.08	0.1818
s/Drug	8	6189.55	773.69		
Within Subject Factors					
Day	2	63.15	31.57	0.02	0.9758
Drug x Day	9	2868.48	478.08	0.37	0.8863
Day x s/Drug	16	20581.73	1286.35		
Sample	5	5028.46	1005.69	4.90	0.0014
Drug x Sample	15	4361.34	290.75	1.42	0.1865
Sample x s/Drug	40	8208.20	205.20		
Day x Sample	10	768.36	76.84	0.95	0.4933
Drug x Day x Sample	30	4226.65	140.88	1.74	0.0263
Day x Sample x s/Drug	80	6471.78	80.89		

Table 4 Part II Corticosterone

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

4

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A) Drug Condition:
Mean Square Error = 773.69, df = 8
Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53
Minimum Significant Difference = 17.14

Drug Condition	Mean Response (ng/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	31.07	54
0.025 mg Nic/kg	39.89	54
0.050 mg Nic/kg	43.03	54
0.100 mg Nic/kg	33.93	54
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 1286.35, of Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 3.65	
Test Day	Mean Response	N
1	36.22	72
3	37.45	72
7	37.26	72
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 205.20, di Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	29.89	36
Nicotine infusion		
1	41.26	36
2	33.42	36
Nicotine infusion		
3	43.95	36

38.89

34.47

36

36

Table 4 Part II (Continued) Corticosterone

Tukey's Studentized Range Test

Drug x Sample Interaction

Alpha = 0.05, N = 9 for each mean
Mean Square Error = 205.20, df = 40
Critical Value of the Studentized Range = 4.23
Minimum Significant Difference = 20.19

Sample

	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline (Control)	28.28	31.39	31.89	31.89	33.94	29.05
0.025 mg Nic/kg	34.55	38.78	42.72	42.83	36.22	44.22
0.050 mg Nic/kg	31.19	52.19	. 34.67	54.18	49.17	36.76
0.100 mg Nic/kg	25.56	42.67	24.39	46.89	36.22	27.83

Drug x Day x Sample Interaction

Alpha = 0.05, N = 3 for each mean Mean Square Error = 80.89, df = 80 Critical Value of the Studentized Range = 5.15 Minimum Significant Difference = 26.74

Da	ay			Samp.	le		
•		0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline (Control)	1 2	17.50 32.67	22.50 37.83	22.33	20.67 36.33	26.33 37.17	21.00
	3	34.67	33.83	31.83	38.67	38.33	35, 33
0.025 mg Nic/kg	1 2	40.33 29.83	46.00 32.00	48.17 32.33	39.83 47.00	39.67 37.17	39.83 55.83
	3	33.50	38.33	47.67	41.67	31.83	37.00
0.050 mg Nic/kg	1 2 3	35.00 28.33 30.25	46.50 59.33 50.24	46.83 33.33 23.83	64.17 46.50 51.81	52.00 45.67 49.84	33.33 26.67 50.29
0 100 mm Nig /kg	1	26.33	54.17	24.17	43.67	36.50	22.50
0.100 mg Nic/kg	2	26.00 24.33	40.17	27.17	51.17 45.83	34.00 38.17	29.50 31.50

Table 4
Part III
Corticosterone

(Values are in ng Corticosterone/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	1	2	3	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) Standard Error A from baseline	34.67 7.33	33.83 7.58 -0.84	31.83 8.07 -2.84	38.66 7.51 3.99	38.33 7.43 3.66	35.33 9.47 0.66
All Nicotine Doses	25.50	39.50	32.06	45.75	38.75	38.37
Standard Error	1.70	3.17	6.32	5.68	3.55	6.33
△ from baseline		14.00	6.56	20.25	13.25	12.87
Student's t Stati		ses			•	
(df = 9)						
t	1.09	-0.83	-0.02	-0.68	-0.06	-0.26
p<	0.3037	0.4263	0.9846	0.5151	0.9556	0.8042

Table 4
Part IV
Corticosterone

A. Group Mean Responses by Drug Condition and Day

(Values are in ng/ml of plasma)

Drug Condition	Day 1	3	7
Saline Control	21.72	36.06	35.44
0.025 mg Nic/kg	40.84	39.03	38.33
0.050 mg Nic/kg	43.10	35.33	42.79
0.100 mg Nic/kg	33.92	33.98	32.56

B. Group Mean Responses for All Drug Conditions by Sample

(Values are in ng/ml of plasma)

*			Samp	le		
Drug Condition	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control	28.28	31.39	31.89	31.89	33.94	29.06
△ from baseline		3.11	3.61	3.61	5.66	0.78
x						
0.025 mg Nic/kg	32.55	38.78	42.72	42.83	36.22	44.22
△ from baseline	,	6.23	10.17	10.28	3.67	11.67
0.050 mg Nic/kg	28.77	46.41	34.95	49.64	46.18	35.36
& from baseline		17.64	6.18	20.87	17.41	6.59
0.100 mg Nic/kg	23.91	38.18	28.00	44.95	36.91	28.45
a from baseline		14.27	4.09	21.04	13.00	4.54

Table 5

Part I

Experiment Phase I: Glucose

0.0857 0.8843 0.1544 0,0001 Response Grand Mean = 103.45 mg/dl0.0231 0.4350 0.7150 **p** 4 F Value 5.58 2.88 7.10 1.49 0.50 1.04 0.83 Mean Square 738.03 923.47 334.68 74.35 21.77 43.42 353.77 49.81 35.92 132.24 321.15 Sum of Squares 2214.09 1768.86 217.71 1057.96 5138.48 1115.38 1992.48 1077.65 3473.74 846.95 2008.12 10 30 80 df 40 16 15 Analysis of Variance Summary Table Day x Sample x s/Drug Drug x Day x Sample Between Subjects Factors Within Subject Factors Sample x s/Drug Drug x Sample Day x Sample Day x s/Drug Drug x Day Sample s/Drug Drug Day Source

Table 5
Part II
Glucose

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

5

A) Drug Condition:
Mean Square Error = 132.24, df = 8
Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53
Minimum Significant Difference = 7.08

Drug Condition	Mean Response (mg%)	<u>n</u>
Saline (control)	101.09	54
0.025 mg Nic/kg	103.11	54
0.050 mg Nic/kg	108.78	54
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100.81	54
Critical Value of	= 321.15, df = 16 Studentized Range = 3.65 at Difference = 7.70	
Test Day	Mean Response	N
1	106.92	72
3	103.67	72
7	99.76	72
	= 49.81, df = 40 Studentized Range = 4.23 at Difference = 4.97	
Sample	Mean Response	$\underline{\mathbf{N}}$
0	98.75	36
Nicotine infusion		u.
1	101.92	36
2	101.83	36
Nicotine infusion		
3	106.22	36
4	106.86	36

105.11

36

Table 5 Part II (Continued) Glucose

Tukey's Studentized Range Test

Drug x Sample Interaction

Alpha = 0.05, N = 9 for each mean Mean Square Error = 49.81, df = 40 Critical Value of the Studentized Range = 4.23 Minimum Significant Difference = 9.95

Sample

	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline (Control)	99.11	99.22	102.00	101.55	104.00	100.67
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100.67	101.55	103.33	105.56	102.00	105.56
0.050 mg Nic/kg	102.67	109.00	106.56	111.00	112.22	111.22
0.100 mg Nic/kg	92.56	97.89	95.44	106.78	109.22	103.00
				/ 1		

All values are in mg% (i.e., mg/dl)

Table 5
Part III
Glucose

(Values are in mg Glucose/dl of plasma, i.e. mg%)

			Sample				
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>	
Saline (Control)	92.00	94.00	94.67	98.67	102.67	95.67	
Standard Error	1.00	1.53	4.26	4.33	1.45	1.20	
A from baseline		2.00	2.67	6.67	10.67	3.67	
All Nicotine Doses	93.37	99.37	100.62	103.37	104.12	102.87	
Standard Error	2.51	2.78	2.99	3.39	3.59	3.26	
a from baseline		6.00	7.25	10.00	10.75	9.50	
Student's t Statistic:							
Control vs. All N (df = 9)	icotine Do	ses					
t	-0.32	-1.13	-1.07	-0.76	-0.24	-1.30 0.2258	
p <	0.7554	0.2885	0.3123	0.4670	0.8168	0.2256	

Table 5
Part IV
Glucose

A. Group Mean Responses by Drug Condition and Day

(Values are in mg%, i.e., mg/dl of plasma)

Drug Condition	Day	1	3	7
Saline Control		101.89	105.11	96.28
0.025 mg Nic/kg		103.05	102.22	104.11
0.050 mg Nic/kg		108.87	108.20	102.75
0.100 mg Nic/kg		107.83	99.50	95.72

B. Group Mean Responses for All Drug Conditions by Sample

(Values are in mg%, i.e., mg/dl of plasma)

			Sam	ple		
Drug Condition	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control	99.11	99.22	102.00	101.56	104.00	100.67
△ from baseline		0.11	2.89	2.45	4.89	1.56
				*		
0.025 mg Nic/kg	101.00	101.56	103.33	105.56	102.00	105.56
△ from baseline		0.56	2.33	4.56	1.00	4.56
0.050 mg Nic/kg	102.90	107.64	105.91	109.82	109.82	109.00
△ from baseline		4.74	3.01	6.92	6.92	6.10
0.100 mg Nic/kg	94.09	98.36	97.18	106.55	108.64	104.18
△ from baseline		4.27	3.09	12.46	14.55	10.09

Table 6

Part I

Experiment Phase I: Insulin

Analysis of Variance Summary Table	1e				
			Response Grand Mean = $3.60 \text{ micro units/ml}$	ean = 3.60 micr	o units/ml
Source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p 4
Between Subjects Factors					,
Drug	3	116.64	38.88	0.54	0.6676
s/Drug	80	574.95	71.86		200
Within Subject Factors					
Day	2	13.16	6.58	0.44	0.6503
Drug x Day	9	67.61	11.27	0.76	0.6134
Day x s/Drug	16	238.10	14.88		
Sample	5	8.23	1.65	0.29	0.9158
Drug x Sample	15	175.02	11.66	2.06	0.0352
Sample x s/Drug	40	227.09	5.67		
Day x Sample	10	77.41	7.74	1.91	0.0556
Drug x Day x Sample	30	194.46	6.48	1.60	0.0505
Day x Sample x s/Drug	80	324.17	4.05		

Table	6
Part :	II
Insul	in

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

A) Drug Condition:

Mean Square Error = 71.86, df = 8

Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53

Minimum Significant Difference = 5.22

_		
Drug Condition	Mean Response (u units/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	3.65	54
0.025 mg Nic/kg	2.39	54
0.050 mg Nic/kg	4.27	54
0.100 mg Nic/kg	4.10	54
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 14.88 Critical Value of Student		
Minimum Significant Diffe		

Test Day	Mean Response	N
1	3.93	72
3	3.34	72
7	3.53	72

C) Sample (0-5):
Mean Square Error = 5.67, df = 40
Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.23
Minimum Significant Difference = 1.67

Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	3.90	36
Nicotine infusion		
1	3.56	36
2	3.27	36
Nicotine infusion		
3	3.58	36
4	3.77	36
5	3.52	36

Table 6 Part II (Continued) Insulin

Tukey's Studentized Range Test

Drug x Sample Interaction

Alpha = 0.05, N = 9 for each mean Mean Square Error = 5.67, df = 40 Critical Value of the Studentized Range = 4.23 Minimum Significant Difference = 3.35

Sample

	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline (Control)	6.65	3.85	3.01	4.07	2.18	2.13
0.025 mg Nic/kg	2.19	2.59	2.30	2.36	2.19	2.68
0.050 mg Nic/kg	3.18	4.10	4.13	4.55	5,02	4.61
0.100 mg Nic/kg	3.56	3.69	3.65	3.33	5.67	4.65

All values are in micro units/ml of plasma

Table 6
Part III
Insulin

(Values are in u units Insulin/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	1	2	3	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) Standard Error A from baseline	5.62 2.46	5.79 2.43 0.17	2.73 1.03 -2.89	4.56 1.54 -1.06	1.39 0.27 -4.23	1.85 0.71 -3.77
All Nicotine Doses	3.61	3.59	3.49	2.76	2.57	3.72
Standard Error	1.12	1.16	1.13	0.57	0.53	0.73
△ from baseline		-0.02	-0.12	-0.85	-1.04	0.11
Student's t Statis Control vs. All No (df = 9)		ses				
t	0.86	0.93	-0.38	1.40	-1.31	-1.45
p <	0.4096	0.3778	0.7111	0.1956	0.2220	0.1801

Table 6 Part IV Insulin

A. Group Mean Responses by Drug Condition and Day

	(Values	are	in	u	units	/ml	of	plasma
--	---------	-----	----	---	-------	-----	----	--------

Drug Condition	Day	1	3	7
Saline Control		4.83	2.46	3.66
0.025 mg Nic/kg		2.35	2.60	2.16
0.050 mg Nic/kg	200	2.91	3.54	4.85
0.100 mg Nic/kg		3.89	3.62	3.39

B. Group Mean Responses for All Drug Conditions by Sample

(Values are in u units/ml of plasma)

			Samp	le		
Drug Condition	0	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control	6.65	3.85	3.01	4.07	2.18	2.13
△ from baseline		-2.80	-3.64	-2. 58	-4.47	-4.52
0.025 mg Nic/kg	2.10	2.60	2.31	2.36	2.20	2.69
△ from baseline		0.50	0.21	0.26	0.10	0.59
				. 70		
0.050 mg Nic/kg	2.82	3.29	3.29	3.72	4.14	3.71
a from baseline	ti .	0.47	0.47	0.90	1.32	0.89
0.100 mg Nic/kg	3.25	3.27	3.36	3.06	4.89	4.12
ه from baseline	3,25	0.02	0.11	-0.19	1.64	0.87

Table 7

Part I

Experiment Phase II: Norepinephrine

Analysis of Variance Summary Table					
			Response	Response Grand Mean = 297.65 pg/ml	7.65 pg/ml
Source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p 4
Between Subjects Factors		· ·			
Drug	3	279864.33	93288.11	0.70	0.5/81
s/Drug	8	1066619.03	133327.37		
Within Subject Factors					
Day	1	117030.13	117030.13	6.24	0.0371
Drug x Day	3	104059,48	34686.49	1.85	0.2167
Day x s/Drug	8	150132.65	18766.58		
Sample	5	369585.64	73917.12	8.46	0.0001
Drug x Sample	15	158408.81	10560.58	1.21	0.3050
Sample x s/Drug	40	349415.41	8735.38		
Day x Sample	5	57360.77	11472.15	1.65	0.1694
Drug x Day x Sample	15	197838.60	13189.24	1.90	0.0540
Day x Sample x s/Drug	40	278276.37	. 6956.91		

Table 7 Part II Norepinephrine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

A) Drug Condition:

Mean Square Error = 133327.37, df = 8

Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53

Minimum Significant Difference	e = 275.68	
Drug Condition	Mean Response (pg/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	290.45	36
0.025 mg Nic/kg	280.30	36
0.050 mg Nic/kg	250.26	36
0.100 mg Nic/kg	369.59	36
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 18766.58, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.04	
Test Day	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
7	326.16	72
9 Test of	269.14	72
Conditioning		
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 8735.38, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	1 Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	. <u>N</u>

Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	214.23	24
Infusion (Nicotine	or Saline)	
1	282.63	24
2	281.37	24
Infusion (Nicotine	or Saline)	
3	287.27	24
4	357.25	24
5	363.15	24

Table 7
Part III
Norepinephrine

(Values are in pg Norepinephrine/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	1	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) combined data for Days 7 & 9	283.27	282.00	293.05	282.85	298.49	303.00
△from baseline		-1.27	9.78	042	15.22	19.73
Day 7 All Nicotine Dose		317.18			463.60	463.00
Standard Error		45.00	44.74	63.11	92.42	100.23
A from baseline		123.03	142.68	140.34	269.45	268.85
Student's t Stati	stic:					
Control Day 7 vs. (df = 9)	All Nicot	ine Doses				
t	1.60	-0.50	-1.14	-0.63	-1.08	-0.93
p <	0.1435	0.6266	0.2826	0.5434	0.3087	0.3747
Day 9		259.85	219.94	241.46	303.48	320.56
Test of Condition						
All Nicotine Dose						
Standard Error					50.41	
4 from baseline		66.70	26.79	48.31	1.10.33	127.41
Student's t Stati						
Control Day 9 vs. (df = 10)	All Nicot	ine Doses				
t	2.20	0.41	2.29	0.93	0.01	-0.21
p <	0.0523	0.6890	0.0449	0.3742	0.9917	0.8410

Table 8

Part I

Experiment Phase II: Epinephrine

	/m1	1	[11			. 69	123		53	/38		77	66	
	= 31.35 pg,	p 4	0,4111			0.0063	0.1323		0.0153	0.0738		0.0077	0.0499	
	Response Grand Mean = 31.35 pg/ml	F Value	1.08			13.49	2.51	ē	3.23	1.78		3.69	1.93	
	Respon	Mean Square	883.44	818.23		7870.35	1465.87	583.50	513.70	282.81	159.03	608.32	317.11	164.71
		Sum of Squares	2650.33	6545.86		7870.35	4397.63	4668.07	2568.52	4242.26	6361.52	3041.60	4756.66	6588.52
Table		df	~	, ©		1	3	8	5	15	40	5	15	40
Analysis of Variance Summary Table		Source	Between Subjects Factors	s/Drug	Within Subject Factors	Day	Drug x Day	Day x s/Drug	Sample	Drug x Sample	Sample x s/Drug	Day x Sample	Drug x Day x Sample	Day x Sample x s/Drug

24

24

24

24

Table 8 Part II Epinephrine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

1

2

3

4

5

-- Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)

A) Drug Condition: Mean Square Error = 818.23, df = 8 Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53 Minimum Significant Difference = 21.59

Drug Condition	Mean Response (pg/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	32.37	36
0.025 mg Nic/kg	24.19	36
0.050 mg Nic/kg	35.57	36
0.100 mg Nic/kg	33.25	36
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 583.50, Critical Value of Studentize Minimum Significant Differen	d Range = 4.04	
Test Day	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
7	38.74	72
9 Test of	23.95	72
Conditioning		
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 159.03, Critical Value of Studentize Minimum Significant Differen	ed Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	27.11	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
1	28.64	24

28.41

39.84

31.81

32.26

Table 8
Part III
Epinephrine

Group Mean Response for Saline Control and All Nicotine Doses by Sample (0-5) and Day (7 or 9)

(Values are in pg Epinephrine/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) combined data for Days 7 & 9	32.69	32.27	27.03	30.84	35.71	35.67
4 from baseline		-0.42	-5. 66	-1.85	3.02	2.98
Day 7 All Nicotine Doses	28.24	32.33	33.94	59.51	36.95	37.98
Standard Error	3.52	3.57	8.10	20.39	4.36	6.06
4 from baseline		4.09	5.70	31.27	8.71	9.74
Student's t Statis	tic:		•			
Control Day 7 vs.	All Nicot:	ine Doses				
(df = 9)						
t		0.55		-0.69		
p <	0.3853	0.5968	0.7784	0.5067	0.4963	0.9613
4	21.79	21.71	22.30	21.38	24.29	23.00
Test of Conditioni						
All Nicotine Doses			- ·-			- 07
Standard Error	1.82				2.53	0.91
4 from baseline		-0.08	0.51	-0.41	2.50	1.21
Student's t Statis						
Control Day 9 vs.	All Nicot	ine Doses				
(df = 10)						0.67
t			0.39			
p -	0.1039	0.1155	0.7051	0.4791	0.3513	0.0236

Table 9

Part I

Experiment Phase II: Dopamine

Source Between Subjects Factors df Sum of Squares Mean Square F Value P 4	Analysis of Variance Summary Table	ole				
df Sum of Squares Mean Square F Value 3 597487.38 199162.46 4.54 8 351223.71 43902.96 4.54 1 125736.43 0.88 3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 1.68 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 40 219948.07 5498.70 1.27 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 667371.89 4491.45 1.20 10 149450.79 3736.26				Response (Grand Mean = 41	.9.65 pg/ml
3 597487.38 199162.46 4.54 8 351223.71 43902.96 1 125736.43 125736.43 0.88 3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 15 104511.63 6967.44 1.27 40 219948.07 5498.70 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 67371.89 4491.45 1.20		df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p 4
3 597487.38 199162.46 4.54 8 351223.71 43902.96 1 125736.43 125736.43 0.88 3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 40 219948.07 5498.70 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26	s Factors					
8 351223.71 43902.96 1 125736.43 125736.43 0.88 3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 15 104511.63 6967.44 1.27 40 219948.07 5498.70 5 42980.27 8596.05 Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26		3	597487.38	199162.46	4.54	0.0387
1 125736.43 125736.43 0.88 3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 15 104511.63 6967.44 1.27 40 219948.07 5498.70 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26		80	351223.71	43902.96		
1 125736.43 125736.43 0.88 3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 1.68 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 15 104511.63 6967.44 1.27 40 219948.07 5498.70 2.30 1e 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26	actors					
3 716820.57 238940.19 1.68 8 1139644.89 142455.61 1.68 e 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 rug 40 219948.07 5498.70 1.27 Sample 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 x s/Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26 1.20	ž.	1	125736.43	125736.43	0.88	0.3750
e 5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 rug 40 219948.07 5498.70 Sample 15 67371.89 4491.45 x s/Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26		3	716820.57	238940.19	1.68	0.2482
5 57150.72 11430.14 2.08 15 104511.63 6967.44 1.27 40 219948.07 5498.70 5498.70 pple 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 s/Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26	18	8	1139644.89	142455.61		
15 104511.63 6967.44 1.27 40 219948.07 5498.70 pple 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 s/Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26		5	57150.72	11430.14	2.08	0.0882
40 219948.07 5498.70 5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 s/Drug 40 149450.79 3736.26	ple	15	104511.63	44.1969	1.27	0.2670
5 42980.27 8596.05 2.30 15 67371.89 4491.45 1.20 ug 40 149450.79 3736.26	/Drug	40	219948.07	5498.70		
15 67371.89 4491.45 1.20 ug 40 149450.79 3736.26	1e	5	42980.27	8596.05	2.30	0.0628
ug 40 149450.79	x Sample	15	67371.89	4491.45	1.20	0.3097
	le x s/Drug	07	149450.79	3736.26		

24

24

24

Table 9
Part II
Dopamine

Tukey's Studentized Range Test
Alpha = 0.05

3

4

5

A) Drug Condition:
Mean Square Error = 43902.96, df = 8
Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53
Minimum Significant Difference = 158.19

Drug Condition	Mean Response (pg/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	421.68	,36
0.025 mg Nic/kg	331.25	36
0.050 mg Nic/kg	513.08	36
0.100 mg Nic/kg	412.59	36
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 142455.61, Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.04	
Test Day	Mean Response	. <u>N</u>
7 .	449.20	72
9 Test of	390.10	72
Conditioning		
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 5498.70, d Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0 1	384.66	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
1	412.74	24
2	413.98	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		

433.05

424.21

449.26

Table 9
Part III
Dopamine

Group Mean Response for Saline Control and All Nicotine Doses by Sample (0-5) and Day (7 or 9)

(Values are in pg Dopamine/ml of plasma)

			Sample		1.	
*	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) combined data for Days 7 & 9	391.90	419.09	425.37	435.46	404.75	453.50
A from baseline		27.19	33.47	43.56	12.85	61.60
Day 7 All Nicotine Dose	s	422.28	424.35		426.75	464.17
Standard Error	66.12	71.47	66.91	71.21		103.20
<pre>4 from baseline</pre>		37.84	39.91	75.73	42.31	79.73
Student's t Stati	stic:	•				
Control Day 7 vs.	All Nicot	ine Doses				•
(df = 9)						
t					-0.67	
p -	0.9694	0.9683	0.9036	0.9738	0.5179	0.9037
Day 9	361.30	371.88	372.21	380.29	411.81	378.40
Test of Condition	ing					
All Nicotine Dose						
Standard Error	29.91				A STATE OF THE STA	
A from baseline		10.58	10.91	18.99	50.51	17.10
Student's t Stati						
Control Day 9 vs. (df = 10)						
t	0.47				0.52	1.09
p 4	0.6493	0.5701	0.6003	0.7162	0.6134	0.2999

Table 10

Part I

Experiment Phase II: Corticosterone

Analysis of Variance Summary Table

							*							
32.85 ng/ml	p 4		0.4574			0.0454	0.5604		0.0065	0.1653		0.1925	0.3187	
Response Grand Mean = 32.85 ng/ml	F Value	,	96.0	IF.		5.61	0.73		3.80	1.47		1.56	1.19	
Response	Mean Square		608.74	634.57		2804.58	367.11	500.20	201.14	77.51	52.89	154.34	117.41	98.72
	Sum of Squares		1826.22	5076.62		2804.58	1101.35	4001.62	1005.71	1162.73	2115.61	771.72	1761.21	3948.90
	df		3	∞		1	3	80	S	15	40	5	15	40
*	Source	Between Subjects Factors	Drug	s/Drug	Within Subject Factors	Day	Drug x Day	Day x s/Drug	Sample	Drug x Sample	Sample x s/Drug	Day x Sample	Drug x Day x Sample	Day x Sample x s/Drug

Table 10 Part II Corticosterone

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

A) Drug Condition:
 Mean Square Error = 634.57, df = 8
 Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53
 Minimum Significant Difference = 19.01

Drug Condition	Mean Response (ng/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	34.73	36
0.025 mg Nic/kg	35.26	36
0.050 mg Nic/kg	34.70	36
0.100 mg Nic/kg	26.69	36
. •	•	
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 500.20, df Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.04	
Test Day	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
7	37.26	72
9 Test of	28.43	72
Conditioning		
<pre>C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 52.89, df Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference</pre>	Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	29.53	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
1	34.42	24
2	29.73	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
3	37.07	24
4	33.75	24
5	32.59	24

Table 10
Part III
Corticosterone

Group Mean Response for Saline Control and All Nicotine Doses by Sample (0-5) and Day (7 or 9)

(Values are in ng Corticosterone/ml of plasma)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) combined data for Days 7 & 9	33.00	33.58	32.75	38.83	36.16	34.08
Afrom baseline		0.58	-0.25	5.83	3.16	1.08
All Nicotine Doses	3	39.50	32.06	45.75	38.75	38.37
Standard Error	1.70	3.17	6.32	5.68	3.55	6.33
A from baseline		14.00	6.56	20.25	13.25	12.87
Student's t Statis	stic:					
Control Day 7 vs. (df = 9)	All Nicot:	ine Doses				
t	1.09	-0.83	-0.02	-0.68	-0.06	-0.26
p <	0.3037	0.4263	0.9846	0.5151	0.9556	0.8042
Day 9		28.61	26.33	26.50	25.94	24.61
Test of Conditioni						
All Nicotine Doses						
Standard Error				5.85		
4 from baseline		1.21	-1.00	-0.83	-1.39	-2.72
Student's t Statis		_				
Control Day 9 vs. (df = 10)	All Nicot:	ine Doses				
t	0.56	0.68	. 1.09	1.14	0.78	1.19
p <	0.5854			0.2821		

Table 11

Part I

Experiment Phase II: Glucose

Analysis of Variance Summary Table

			Response (Response Grand Mean = 103.74 mg/d1	3.74 mg/dl
Source	đ£	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p 4
Between Subjects Factors					
Drug	3	2122.47	707.49	4.27	0.0447
s/Drug	80	1326.00	165.75		
Within Subject Factors					
Day	1	2272.11	2272.11	13.82	0.0059
Drug x Day	. m	162.72	54.24	0.33	0.8042
Day x s/Drug	8	1315.33	164.41		
Sample	5	1083.31	216.66	13.55	0.0001
Drug x Sample	15	354.53	23.63	1.48	0.1603
Sample x s/Drug	40	639.67	15.99		
Day x Sample	5	192.39	38.47	4.17	0.0038
Drug x Day x Sample	15	170.44	11.36	1.23	0.2896
Day x Sample x s/Drug	40	369.00	9.22		

24

Table 11 Part II Glucose

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

5

A) Drug Condition:
 Mean Square Error = 165.75, df = 8
 Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53
 Minimum Significant Difference = 9.72

Drug Condition	Mean Response (mg%)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	99.06	36
0.025 mg Nic/kg	107.17	36
0.050 mg Nic/kg	107.86	36
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100.86	36
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 164.41, 6 Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.04	
Test Day	Mean Response	N
7	99.76	72
9 Test of	107.71	72
Conditioning		
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 15.99, df Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	1 Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	. <u>N</u>
0	99.33	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
1	101.29	24
2	103.46	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		4 .
3	105.79	24
4	107.42	24

105.13

Table 11 Part III Glucose

Group Mean Response for Saline Control and All Nicotine Doses by Sample (0-5) and Day (7 or 9)

(Values are in mg Glucose/dl of plasma, i.e., mg%)

			Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) combined data for Days 7 & 9	95.16	95.00	97.16	101.00	105.00	101.00
△from baseline		-0.16	2.00	5.84	9.84	5.84
All Nicotine Doses					104.12	102.87
Standard Error	2.51	2.78	2.99	3.39	3.59	3.26
A from baseline		6.00	7.25	10.00	10.75	9.50
Student's t Statis	stic:		•			
Control Day 7 vs.	All Nicot	ine Doses				
(df = 9)						
t	-0.32	-1.13	-1.07	-0.76	-0.24	-1.30
p <	0.7554	0.2885	0.3123	0.4670	0.8168	0.2258
Day 9	108.11	106.77	110.44	111.22	111.66	109.77
Test of Condition:	ing					
All Nicotine Doses						
Standard Error		1.61	1.28	1.71	1.61	1.49
4 from baseline		-1.34	2.33	3.11	3.55	1.66
Student's t Statis						
Control Day 9 vs. (df = 10)	All Nicot	ine Doses	51			
1-8 1002 N	-2 99	-3 71	-2.89	-2.15	-1.18	-1.07
t	0.0134				0.2647	
p 4	0.0134	0.0040	0.0250	5.55.6	* * :	

Table 12

Part I

Experiment Phase II: Insulin

Analysis of Variance Summary Table	able					
		•	Response Grand Mean = 3.46 micro units/ml	an = 3.46 micr	o units/ml	
Source	df	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	p 4	
Between Subjects Factors						
Drug	3	148.43	49.47	0.49	0.7003	
s/Drug	80	811.71	101.46			
				.′		
Within Subject Factors					ř	
Day		0.63	0.63	0.02	0.8848	
Drug x Day	3	50.48	16.82	09.0	0.6319	
Day x s/Drug	8	223.73	27.96			
Sample	. 5	40.44	80.8	2.10	0.0853	
Drug x Sample	15	53.76	3.58	0.93	0.5398	
Sample x s/Drug	40	154.02	3.85			
olumo) + mod	5	38.26	7.65	2.05	0.0920	
Drie x Dav x Sample	15	101.12	6.74	1.81	0.0684	
Day x Sample x s/Drug	40	149.25	3.73			
				9		

24

Table 12 Part II Insulin

Tukey's Studentized Range Test Alpha = 0.05

5

A) Drug Condition:

Mean Square Error = 101.46, df = 8

Critical Value of Studentized Range = 4.53

Minimum Significant Difference = 7.60

Drug Condition	Mean Response (u units/ml)	<u>N</u>
Saline (control)	4.45	36
0.025 mg Nic/kg	2.29	36
0.050 mg Nic/kg	4.49	36
0.100 mg Nic/kg	2.61	36
B) Test Day: Mean Square Error = 27.96, df Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.04	
Test Day	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
7	3.53	72
9 Test of	3.39	72
Conditioning		
C) Sample (0-5): Mean Square Error = 3.85, df = Critical Value of Studentized Minimum Significant Difference	Range = 4.23	
Sample	Mean Response	<u>N</u>
0	4.50	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
1	3.77	24
2	3.28	24
Infusion (Nicotine or Saline)		
3 .	3.05	24
4	3.24	24

2.95

Table 12 Part III Insulin

Group Mean Response for Saline Control and All Nicotine Doses by Samples (0-5) by Day (7 or 9)

(Values are in u units Insulin/ml of plasma)

	:•		Sample			
	<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>5</u>
Saline (Control) combined data for Days 7 & 9	5.34	6.46	3.91	5.04	3.70	3.14
△from baseline		1.12	-1.43	-0.30	-1.64	-2.20
Day 7 All Nicotine Doses	3.61	3.59	3.49	2.76	2.57	3.72
Standard Error	1.12	1.16	1.13	0.57	0.53	0.73
4 from baseline		-0.02	-0.12	-0.85	-1.04	0.11
Student's t Statist	ic:					8
Control Day 7 vs. A	ll Nicoti	ne Doses				
(df = 9)						
t	0.86	0.93	-0.38	1.40	-1.31	-1.45
p -	0.4096	0.3778	0.7111	0.1956	0.2220	0.1801
		2.52	2.37	1.88	3.44	1.67
Test of Conditionin	g					
All Nicotine Doses						
Standard Error						
4 from baseline		-2.26	-2.41	-2.90	-1.34	-3.11
Student's t Statist						
Control Day 9 vs. A (df = 10)	ll Nicoti	ne Doses				
t	0.06	1.06	1.11	1.44	0.85	1.50
p <	0.9543	0.3125	0.2939	0.1817	0.4160	0.1634

Table 13 Part I Phase III: Norepinephrine

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparisons: Baseline vs. Samples 1-5 by Day and Drug Condition

	9 0 0 20052708 20050955095 0		P	,		
	Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	11.11	3.76	-38.72	9.99	-1.06
No Stress	S.E.	18.10	31.61	23.87	34.96	15.62
	t	0.61	0.12	-1.62	0.29	-0.07
		0.6018	0.12	0.2463	0.25	0.07
Saline Control, Mean With Stress	Diff	10.29	515.59	319.94	342.62	294.78
With Stress	S.E.	18.83	126.99	106.07	97.71	64.92
	t	0.55	4.06	3.02	3.51	4.54
	p∢	0.6397	0.0556	0.0946	0.0726	0.0452
	-					
Stress with Nicotine						•
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	17.10	187.95	26.19	117.74	117.21
, , , , , ,		25.35				
		0.67				
		0.5695				
	F			***************************************	00200	002200
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	26.44	425.14	303.73	442.70	302.26
		30.69				
	t	0.86	2.19	3.17	2.05	3.92
	p 4	0.86 0.4798	0.1598	0.0866	0.1763	0.0593
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	228.71	709.03	407.97	374.81	453.63
	S.E.	97.72	313.23	173.29	162.49	173.79
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mear	t	2.34	2.26	2.35	2.31	2.61
	p 4	0.1441	0.1519	0.1428	0.1475	0.1208
Stress without Nicoti	ne					
		•				
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	22.21	74.21	11.60	76.38	66.59
		21.06				
	t	1.05	1.38	0.63	2.46	1.76
	P4	0.4021	0.3005	0.5907	0.1327	0.2199
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-18.73	279.65	166.45	168.28	269.56
0.050 mg MIO/Ng/ MCC	S.E.	31.28	267.64	117.49	87.39	142.81
8	t.	-0.60	1.04	1.42	1.93	1.89
		0.6101	0.4058		0.1940	0.1997
8	P 4	0.0101	0.4030	0.4943	0.1540	0.1001
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	93.56	278.15	161.94	262.88	324.27
	S.E.	67.62	116.02	51.14	59.35	40.49
	t	1.38	2.40	3.17	4.43	8.01
	p4	0.3007	0.1387	0.0869	0.0474	0.0152
	-					

Table 13
Part II
Phase III: Norepinephrine

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparison of Day 11 (stress with Nicotine) vs. Day 13 (stress without Nicotine) by Drug Condition and Sample

Sample 0	(baseline)	Saline Control	0.025 mg Nicotine/kg	0.050 mg Nicotine/kg	0.100 mg Nicotine/kg
	Mean Diff	3.22	64.06	52.75	-31.75
	S.E.	70.99	26.80	8.75	35.21
	t	0.05	2.39	6.03	-0.90
	p <	0.9680	0.1394	0.0264	0.4624
Sample 1	Mean Diff	2.39	69.17	7.58	-166.89
	S.E.	83.88	64.76	29.75	200.47
	t	0.03	1.07	0.25	-0.83
	p 4	0.9799	0.3973	0.8227	0.4927
Sample 2	(Physical R	estraint St	tress Initiate	(be	
	Mean Diff	515.04	-49.68	-92.74	-462.63
	S.E.	143.11	39.25	67.67	445.59
	t	3.60	-1.27	-1.37	-1.04
	p 4	0.0693	0.3331	0.3041	0.4082
Sample 3	Mean Diff	361.88	49.47	-84.53	-277.78
	S.E.	94.36	51.89	40.43	228.15
	t	3.84	0.95	-2.09	-1.22
	p <	0.0618	0.4411	0.1717	0.3476
Sample 4	Mean Diff	335.84	22.69	-221.68	-143.67
	S.E.	115.85	66.31	138.85	127.97
	t	2.90	0.34	-1.60	-1.12
	p 4	0.1012	0.7648	0.2514	0.3782
Sample 5	Mean Diff	299.06	13.43	20.05	-161.11
_	S.E.	92.39	30.46	58.79	<u>1</u> 95.99
	t	3.24	0.44	0.34	-0.82
	p 4	0.0836	0.7023	0.7656	0.4975

Table 13

Phase III: Norepinephrine Control vs. All Nicotine Doses by Test Day and Sample (Values are in pg/ml of plasma) Student's t Statistic:

	Saline Control	ntrol	Test Day: 0.025 mg	Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100	Nicotine 0.100 mg	Test Day:	Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg	Nicotine 0.100 mg
Sample 0 (baseline)	No Stress Test 207.58	Stress Test 210.79	186.71	152.86	267.25	250.77	205.61	235.50
S.E.	35.90	39,18	54.69	39.08	75.06	59.11		44.49
No Stress	No Stress Control vs. df, t	s. df, t	4 0.32	4	4 -0.72	4 -0.62	4 0.04	4 -0.49
	2 0	•	0.7658		0.5129	0.5661		0.6508
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	đf, t	4 0.36	4 1.05	4 -0.67	4 -0.56	4 0.10	4 -0.42
	ъ Ф		0.7385	0.3542	0.5414	0.6030	0.9260	0.6982
Sample 1								
ı×	218.69	221.08	203.82		495.96	272.99	186.88	329.07
e i	40.91	49.34	77.96	19.72	168.85	70.70		47.20
No Stress	No Stress Control vs.		4 0.17	4	4 -1.60	4 -0.66	4	4 -1.77
	o Q		0.8740		0.1857	0.5426	0.5175	0.1520
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	df, t	4 0.19	4	4 -1.56	4 -0.60	4 0.65	4 -1.58
	p.	•	0.8607	0.4757	0.1932	0.5796	0.5516	0.1889
Sample 2 (Physical Restraint Stress	hysical Re	straint St		ed)				
4 ×	211.34	726.38	374.67	578.00	976.28	324.98	485.26	513,65
S.E.	36.81	158.67	77.36	232.88	375.89	85.86	300.29	80.47
No Stress	No Stress Control vs. df, t	rs. df, t	4 -1.91	4 -1.56	4 -2.03	4 -1.25	4	4 -3.42
	4 0		0.1293	0.1949	0.1128	0.2783		0.0269
Stress Cc	Stress Control vs. df,	df, t	4 1.99	4 0.53	4 -0.61	4 2.24	4	4 1.20
	4 Q		0.1171	0.6264	0.5733	0.0884	0.5169	0.2978
Sample 3		000	נס כנכ	756 50	675 22	75 27	372.06	397, 44
×	168.85	230.13	16.212		77.00			. (
S. EI	24.18	113.96	39.74	•		74.74	149.86	20.67
No Stress	No Stress Control vs.	vs. df, t	4 -0.95	4	4	4 -1.19	4 -1.34	4 -4.07
	> 0		0.3972		0.0935	0.2996	0.2517	0.0152
Stress C	Stress Control Vs. df. t	đf, t	4 2.63	4 0.43	4	4 1.97	4 0.84	4 1.07
	→ d		0.0580		0.6032	0.1203	0.4468	0.3454
	C							

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III
Part
13,
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ល្អ	Saline Control	trol	Te 0.0	Test Day: 0.025 mg	Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100	Nicotine 0.100 mg	Test Day: 0.025 mg	Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg	Nicotine 0.100 mg
N	No Stress	Stress							
	Test	Test							
2]	217.57	553.41	c.	304.46	595.56	642.06	327.15	373.89	498.38
щ	52.56	127.23		95.89	253.48		84.14	115.71	103.72
ess Cc	No Stress Control vs. df, t	3. df, t	4	-0.79	4 -1.46	4 -1.80	4 -1.10	4 -1.23	4 -2.42
	4			0.4713	0.2180		0.3313	0.2861	0.0731
Conti	Stress Control vs. df, t	lf, t	4	1.56	4 -0.15	4	4 1.48	4 1.04	4 0.34
	þ¢			0.1932	0.8890	0.7532	0.2121	0.3555	0.7543
Sample 5									
520.5	206.51	505,58	m	303.93	455.12	720.88	317.36	475.17	559.77
. 4	23.93	91.46		81.33	113.74		90.88	169,39	68.01
cess Co	No Stress Control vs. df, t	3. df, t	4	-1.15	4 -2.14	4	4 -1.18	4 -1.57	4 -4.90
	7 04			0.3146	0.0992	0.0901	0.3036	0.1914	0.0080
Conti	Stress Control vs. df, t	1£, t	4	1.65	4 0.35	4 -0.87	4 1.46	4 0.16	4 -0.48
	y Q			0.1748	0.7470	0.4333	0.2181	0.8822	0.6592

Table 13
Part IV
Norepinephrine

Percent of Baseline Response: Mean Values for All Drug Conditions by Sample and Test Day (Stress with/without Nicotine)

(\underline{x} - Indicates initiation of Physical Restraint Stress)

			Sa	ample		•
	0 (baseline)	1 2	<u>k</u> 2	3	4	5
Saline Control No Stress or Nico	100 tine	105.79	104.34	83.29	105.06	101.64
Saline Control Stress, No Nicoti	100 ne	103.66	308.40	195.52	231.11	211.81
Stress with Nicoti	ne					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	104.63	210.16	121.64	161.04	165.38
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	126.96	353.49	298.43	362.38	300.73
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	177.74	365.27	260.55	237.41	280.65
Stress without Nic	cotine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	107.03	135.43	100.99	128.40	124.39
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	95.00	206.17	169.53	177.34	224.45
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	149.26	240.09	176.41	210.27	244.85

Table 14
Part I
Phase III: Epinephrine

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparisons: Baseline vs. Samples 1-5 by Day and Drug Condition

	Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-2.74	- 6.35	-4.55	-5.13	-1.56
No Stress	S.E.	5.04	3.99	3.83	3.22	5.67
	t	-0.54		-1.19		-0.28
	p 4	0.6410		0.3574		0.8091
	•		01-0-0	000071	0.2323	0.0071
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-2.92	71.85	544.18	704.51	570.51
With Stress				526.89		
	t	-1.12		1.03		
	p 4	0.3803		0.4102		
Stress with Nicotine			•			
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-0.24	34.27	12.15	9.88	1.88
		2.19		5.17	4.62	1.43
	t	-0.11	3.20	2.35	2.14	
	p 4		0.0852	0.1433		
	•					
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	15.65	42.74	75.61	37.80	17.49
	S.E.	16.86	14.86	38.60	18.15	11.04
	t	0.93	2.88	1.96	2.08	1.58
	p 4	0.4513	0.1026	0.1893	0.1727	0.2541
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean				183.48		120.45
				19.79		
ž	t			9.27		
	p <	0.4478	0.0632	0.0114	0.0670	0.2779
Stress without Nicoti	ne					
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	0.79	15.33	16.72	25.25	2.75
,,				6.08		
	t		2.67		1.75	0.36
	p 4	0.8807	0.1164	0.1108	0.2228	0.7550
O OEO www. Nie /kg . Moon	Diff	-0.31	51.98	28.48	31.41	35.04
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean		2.25	33.11	13.62	16.52	17.19
	s.E. t	-0.14	1.57	2.09	1.90	2.04
		0.9020	0.2570	0.1717	0.1977	
	p 4	0.3020	0.2570	0.1/1/	O. T3 / /	0.1765
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	3.29	51.41	25.98	67.37	96.84
,,,,	S.E.	6.23	12.20	9.88	57.69	79.97
	t	0.53	4.21	2.63	1.17	1.21
	p <	0.6505	0.0520	0.1193	0.3633	0.3496

Table 14
Part II
Phase III: Epinephrine

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparison of Day 11 (stress with Nicotine) vs. Day 13 (stress
without Nicotine) by Drug Condition and Sample

Sample 0	(baseline)	Saline Control	0.025 mg Nicotine/kg	0.050 mg Nicotine/kg	0.100 mg Nicotine/kg
-	Mean Diff	0.43	5.87	-2.06	1.72
	S.E.	0.63	1.47	4.55	3.28
	t	0.69	4.00	-0.45	0.53
	p 4	0.5638	0.0572	0.6949	0.6519
Sample 1	Mean Diff	0.25	6.90	-18.02	3.10
	S.E.	1.87	7.31	20.59	5.31
	t	0.13	0.94	-0.88	0.58
	p 4	0.9056	0.4445	0.4736	0.6179
Sample 2	(Physical R	estraint St	tress Initiate	đ)	
	Mean Diff	78.64	-13.07	7.19	-141.01
	S.E.	31.85	16.13	26.06	51.89
	t	2.47	-0.81	0.28	-2.72
	p 4	0.1323	0.5030	0.8086	0.1129
Sample 3	Mean Diff	549.16	10.44	-49.19	-155.78
	S.E.	528.05	12.61	30.71	24.15
	t	1.04	0.83	-1.60	-6.4 5
	p 4	0.4076	0.4948	0.2504	0.0232
Sample 4	Mean Diff	710.07	21.24	-8.45	-0.49
	S.E.	669.73	11.27	8.87	60.16
	t	1.06	1.88	-0.95	-0.01
0	p 4	0.4002	0.2001	0.4414	0.9942
Sample 5	Mean Diff	572.50	6.74	15.49	-21.89
	S.E.	534.64	6.77	4.03	5.59
	t	1.07	1.00	3.84	-3.91
	p 4	0.3963	0.4245	0.0616	0.0596

Table 14

Phase III: Epinephrine

	Saline Control	ontrol	0.0	Test Day: 0.025 mg	Str 0.	Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg	Nico 0.	tine 100 mg	o II	Test Day: 0.025 mg	Str	Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100 mg	N.	Nicotine 0.100 mg	
Sample 0	No Stress	s Stress													
(baseline)	Test	Test													
ı ×	28.58	29.01		27.75		27.92		39.02		33.62		25.86		40.75	
S. E.	6.16	5.60		2.92		2.52		11.67		3.78		6.50		14.93	
No Stress	Control	No Stress Control vs. df, t	4	0.12	4	0.10	4	-0.79	4	-0.70	4	0.30	4	-0.75	
	ъ Ф			0.9087		0.9255		0.4730		0.5245		0.7763		0.4933	
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	df, t	マ	0.20	4	0.18	4	-0.77	4	-0.68	4	0.37	4	-0.74	
	γ Ω			0.8509		0.8669		0.4824		0.5330		0.7316		0.5027	
Sample 1															
ı×	25.84	26.09		27.51		43.57		40.93		34.41		25.54		44.04	
S.E.	1.26	2.98		0.80		14.58		11.97		7.51		6.39		15.92	
No Stress	Control	No Stress Control vs. df, t	4	-1.11	4	-1.21	4	-1.25	4	-1.13	4	0.05	4	-1.14	
	4	5		0.3281		0.2926		0.2781		0.3233		0.9658		0.3182	
Stress Control vs. df, t	ntrol vs.	df, t	4	-0.46	7	-1.17	4	-1.20	4	-1.03	4	0.08	4	-1.11	
1961	D 4			0.6700		0.3055		0.2952		0.3612		0.9419		0.3301	
Sample 2 (P	hysical R	Sample 2 (Physical Restraint Stress	ress	Initiate	ਜ										
×	22.23	100.87		62.02		70.66		233.17		48.95		77.84		92.16	
S. E.	4.55	13.59		13.59		15.44		62.54		3.09		26.64		13.80	
No Stress	Control	No Stress Control vs. df, t	4	-2.78	4	-3.01	4	-3,36	4	-4.86	4	-2.06	4	-4.81	
	ч			0.0500		0.0396		0.0282		0.0083		0.1087		0.0086	
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df,	df, t	4	1.05	4	0.80	4	-1.85	4	1.50	4	0.53	4	0.23	
	7 d			0.3548		0.4696		0.1378		0.2091		0.6257		0.8266	
Sample 3															
ı ×	24.04	573.19		39.90		103.53		222.51		50.34		54.34		66.73	
S.E.	3.34	525.48		5.24		37.17		26.25		8,35		7.12		23.67	
No Stress	Control	No Stress Control vs. df, t	4	-2.56	4	-2.13	4	-7.50	4	-2.92	4	-3.85	4	-1.78	
	v a			0.0629		0.1002		0.0017		0.0431		0.0183		0.1487	
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	df, t	4	1.01	4	0.89	4	0.67	4	0.99	4	66.0	4	96.0	
	Þ V			0.3676		0.4230		0.5415		0.3761		0.3794		0.3901	

continued
III
Part
14,
Table

ne		12	9 0	9 9	3088	93	0.4062		62	57	17	3074	35	0.4442
Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg		got	12	4 -1.16		4	Ċ	;	137.	94	1 -1.17	0	3.0	0.4
iont					~		m	,			7	e	7	e
with 0 mg		7 2 7	ָרָ עַ יר	-2.39	0.075	1.01	0.3703		0.90	4.51	-2.31	0.082	1.00	0.3723
Stress 0.05		Ľ) -	4	ı	4			9	-	4	_	4	_
		37	. 4	2 9	980	10	3713		17	55	e.	545	ž.	0.3530
Test Day: 0.025 mg		85	16	-2.06	0	1.0	0.3	E E	36.3	9.9	-1,33	0.2	1.0	0.3
Ĕο	•			4	Į.	4					Ą,		4	14
mg		19	73	54	0.0240	0.93	0.4043		48	18	-1.42	2283	0.81	0.4643
icotine 0.100 mg		108	23	-3.54	0	0	0		159.	93.	-i-	0	0	0
Nic 0				4		4	_				4		4	
Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100 r		5,72	7.39	-2.37	0.0766	0.99	3757		5.41	5.19	-1.48	3.2125	1.03	0.3601
Stres: 0.05(9	7	4,	Ū	4	Ŭ		45	H	4	Ŭ	4	_
		m	_		151		579		<u>~</u>	10	~	528		179
Test Day: 0.025 mg		37.63	5.90	-2.01	0.11	1.04	0.3579		29.63	2.16	-0.83	0.45	1.06	0.3479
0.0				4		4					び		4	
	Stress	Test 733.52	670.42	υ •					599.53	536.40	, t		VIII 2.0	
Saline Control		Test 733.5	670	s. df		df, t			599	536	s. df		df, t	
e G	No Stress	#e	37	rol v	٧ م	vs.	ρ¢		25	88	rol v	ъ ф	VS.	ъ ф
Salir	No St	Test 23.46	3.87	No Stress Control vs. df, t		Stress Control vs. df, t			27.02	2.28	No Stress Control vs. df, t		Stress Control vs. df, t	_
	4			ress		S Co		5			ress:		S Col	
	Sample 4	ı×	S.E	No St		Stres		Sample 5	×	S.E.	No St		Strea	
	Š							Š						

Table 14
Part IV
Epinephrine

Percent of Baseline Response: Mean Value for All Drug Conditions by Sample and Test Day (Stress with/without Nicotine)

(\underline{x} - Indicates initiation of Physical Restraint Stress)

			Sa	mple		
	0 (baseline)	1 2	2	3	4	5
Saline Control No Stress or Nic	100 otine	96.59	80.31	87.91	83.96	101.10
Saline Control Stress, No Nicot	100	92.56	327.77	162.38	200.46	203.24
Stress with Nicot	ine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	101.00	217.46	145.98	135.87	107.86
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	168.05	255.01	449.20	243.22	161.48
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	105.04	613.47	634.15	308.35	347.01
Stress without Ni	cotine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	100.79	150.63	149.75	172.60	111.67
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	100.76	439.51	272.78	271.37	287.24
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	107.87	275.41	169.05	208.96	270.55

Table 15
Part I
Phase III: Dopamine

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparisons: Baseline vs. Samples 1-5 by Day and Drug Condition

	Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-28.94	-37.59	-72.79	- 62.69	-44.74
No Stress		8.52			25.13	
	t	-3.40		-3.53		
	p 4	0.0768		0.0717		
	-				37233	
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-0.45	43.03	21.92	37.32	7.74
With Stress	S.E.	9.15	54.88	62.52	67.28	55.28
	t	-0.05		0.35		0.14
	p 4	0.9655	0.5151	0.7593	0.6348	0.9015
Stress with Nicotine		•				
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	30.96	-41.56	-59.12	-60.09	- 23.63
	S.E.			36.09		17.52
	t	3.21	-0.94	-1.64	-2.33	-1.35
	p 4	0.0849	0.4465	0.2430	0.1450	0.3100
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean				6.03		
	S.E.			51.32		
	t			0.12		
	p 4	0.9099	0.7096	0.9172	0.6214	0.0050
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	60.04	51.76	51.89	33.39	54.26
0.100 mg,,	S.E.	51.35	72.62			
	t	1.17	0.71	0.72	0.54	0.68
	p 4	0.3628		0.5476	0.6438	0.5655
Stress without Nicoti	ne					
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	33.22	-20.64	17.37	64.86	18.72
0.023 mg N10/119/ 110-11	S.E.	0.75	29.38	27.28		
	t	44.42	-0.70	0.64	5.26	
	p 4	0.0005			0.0343	0.6141
0.050 W. W. W.	D: 66	-2 14	6.36	15.64	29.51	28.07
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean		27.79	7.56	32.98	44.06	28.59
	S.E.	-0.11	0.84	0.47	0.67	0.98
	t	0.9203	0.4887		0.5720	0.4298
	p 4	0.9203	0.4007	0.0020	0.5720	0.4250
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	17.43	7.40	-40.19	-48.44	-40.54
	S.E.	22.70	19.82	14.61	58.48	40.54
	t	0.77	0.37	-2.75	-0.83	-1.00
	p 4	0.5230	0.7446	0.1107	0.4946	0.4227

Table 15
Part II
Phase III: Dopamine

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparison of Day 11 (stress with Nicotine) vs. Day 13 (stress
without Nicotine) by Drug Condition and Sample

Sample 0	(baseline)	Saline Control	0.025 mg Nicotine/kg	0.050 mg Nicotine/kg	0.100 mg Nicotine/kg
	Mean Diff	44.29	27.77	-33.98	32.00
	S.E.	44.87	29.52	71.56	43.44
	t	0.99	0.94	-0.47	0.74
	p -	0.4276	0.4462	0.6817	0.5380
Sample 1	Mean Diff	72.79	30.02	-32.22	-10.61
	S.E.	49.92	22.34	65.24	57.39
	t	1.46	1.34	-0.49	-0.18
	p 4	0.2822	0.3112	0.6703	0.8704
Sample 2	(Physical F	estraint St	ress Initiato	ed)	
	Mean Diff	124.92	48.69	2.15	-12.36
	S.E.	11.72	46.16	33.89	81.40
	t	10.66	1.05	0.06	-0.15
	p <	0.0087	0.4021	0.9552	0.8933
Sample 3	Mean Diff	139.01	104.26	-24.37	-60.08
_	S.E.	67.23	35.83	64.36	94.38
	t	2.07	2.91	-0.38	-0.64
	p 4	0.1746	0.1006	0.7414	0.5896
Sample 4	Mean Diff	144.31	152.71	23.31	-49.83
-	S.E.	63.96	56.51	14.75	121.07
	t	2.26	2.70	1.58	-0.41
	p 4	0.1527	0.1140	0.2549	0.7206
Sample 5	Mean Diff	96.77	70.11	77.11	-62.79
	S.E.	31.20	74.49	60.31	117.30
	t	3.10	0.94	1.28	-0.54
	p 2	0.0901	0.4459	0.3294	0.6460

Table 15 Part III

Phase III: Dopamine Student's t Statistic: Control vs. All Nicotine Doses by Test Day and Sample (Values are in pg/ml of plasma)

Nicotine 0.100 mg	450.73 91.08	0.4807 0.4807 -0.35 0.7458	468.16 69.66 -1.57 0.1907	-0.59 0.5843 458.13 76.82 -1.56	0.1938 -0.004 0.9967 410.54	76.58 -1.32 0.2573 0.30
Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg	392.21 28.63	4 -0.38 4 0.7202 4 0.39 4 0.7131	389.07 31.08 4 -0.93 4 0.4031	4 0.38 4 0.7209 398.57 26.12 4 -1.88 4	0.1341 4 1.50 4 0.2071 407.85	58.17 4 -1.59 4 0.1880 4 0.41 4 0.7040
Test Day: 0.025 mg	403.25	4 -0.63 0.5611 4 0.22 0.8369	436.47 17.71 4 -2.16 0.0973	4 -0.37 0.7330 382.61 22.17 4 -1.54	0.1974 4 2.04 0.1111 420.63	10.86 4 -3.11 0.0359 4 0.39 0.7181
icotine 0.100 mg	418.72	4 -0.34 0.7503 4 -0.03 0.9709	478.76 102.92 4 -1.24 0.2822	4 -0.55 0.6142 470.49 108.22 4 -1.24	0.2817 4 -0.11 0.9152 470.62	147.38 4 -1.14 0.3193 4 -0.22 0.8349
Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100	426.20 82.09	4 -0.58 0.5908 4 -0.12 0.9106	421.29 57.85 4 -1.13 0.3211	4	0.1144 4 1.69 0.1664 432.22	48.24 4 -2.19 0.0936 4 0.07 0.9468
Test Day: 0.025 mg	375.49 21.15	4 -0.09 0.9291 4 0.73 0.5052	406.45 11.51 4 -1.55 0.1964	_ w	0.9825 4 2.53 0.0648 316.36	46.67 4 -0.31 0.7716 4 1.96 0.1218
ntrol	Stress Test 414.74 49.35	s. df, t df, t	414.30 57.97 s. df, t	Stress Control vs. df, t 4 P 4 Sample 2 (Physical Restraint Stres x 332.86 457.78 S.E. 23.37 29.47 No Stress Control vs. df, t 4	df, t	39.94 7s. df, t df, t
Saline Control	No Stress Test 370.45	No Stress Control vs. df, p 4 Stress Control vs. df, t p 4	mple 1 x 341.50 4 S.E. 40.33 No Stress Control vs.	Stress Control vs. df, t p 4 mple 2 (Physical Restrai) x 332.86 457 S.E. 23.37 29 No Stress Control vs. df	p < Stress Control vs. df, p < p < p < p < p < p < p < p < p < p	S.E. 38.03 39.9 No Stress Control vs. df, p ' Stress Control vs. df, t p '
	Sample 0 (baseline) x S.E.	No Stress Stress Q	Sample 1 x S.E. No Stress	Stress C Sample 2 (x S.E. No Stres	Stress C Sample 3	S.E. No Stres Stress C

Table 15, Part III continued

Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg		36.72	4		4 0.87	13 0.4349			50.74	4	6	4 0.22	33 0.8351
Stress with 0.050 mg	421.73		4 -2.44	0.0711	ず	0.6313		420.28	18.90	4 -2.81	0.0483	4 0.08	0.9433
Test Day: 0.025 mg	468.11	20.31	4 -4.79	0.0087	4 -0.33	0.7579		421.97	37.20	4 -2.07	0.1071	4 0.01	0,9912
icotine 0.100 mg	452.12	157.40	4 -0.90	0.4169	4 -0.00	0.9998		472.99	156.38	4 -0.93	0.4063	4 -0.32	0.7651
Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100	398.42	34.07	4 -2.10	0.1040	4 0.96	0.3905		343.18	78.95	4 -0.21	0.8449	4 0.97	0.3881
Test Day:	315.40	36.20	4 -0.17	0.8731	4 2.39	0.0749		351.86	37.55	4 -0.56	0.6058	4 1.62	0.1803
ıtrol	Stress Test 452.07	44.15	s. df, t		af, t			422.48	22.07	s. df, t		đ£, t	
Saline Control	No Stress Test 307.75	26.61	No Stress Control vs. df, t	7 d	Stress Control vs. df, t	4 04		325.71	27.85	No Stress Control vs. df, t	7 Q	Stress Control vs. df, t	J 4
	Sample 4	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Cc		Sample 5	×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Co	

Table 15
Part IV
Dopamine

Percent of Baseline Response: Mean Value for All Drug Conditions by Sample and Test Day (Stress with/without Nicotine)

 $(\underline{x} - \text{Indicates initiation of Physical Restraint Stress})$

	•	7-		umple		
	0 (baseline)	1 2	<u>k</u> 2	3	4	5
Saline Control No Stress or Nice	100 otine	92.57	94.47	80.82	84.40	90.92
Saline Control Stress, No Nicot	100 ine	99.42	102.51	94.76	97.37	95.84
Stress with Nicot	ine			*		
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	108.60	89.46	83.79	83.75	93.17
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	101.09	98.09	105.09	96.94	79.84
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	121.41	118.93	112.54	105.11	111.95
Stress without Ni	cotine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	108.26	95.29	104.92	116.13	104.59
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	99.64	101.77	102.98	108.51	108.14
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	105.98	103.12	91.59	92.99	93.62

Table 16
Part I
Phase III: Corticosterone

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparisons: Baseline vs. Samples 1-5 by Day and Drug Condition

	Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-1.67	-5.67	-6.83	-6.83	0.33
No Stress		3.11				
	t				-3.64	
	p 4				0.0679	
	-		*****			
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	1.83	35.83	119.67	149.00	106.83
With Stress	S.E.	4.59	13.85	17.05		41.37
	t	0.40	2.59	7.02	4.89	2.58
	P ~	0.7280	0.1226	0.0197	0.0394	0.1229
Stress with Nicotine						
		*			-	
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	7.67		163.50		187.67
	S.E.				29.02	
×	t				8.30	
	p 4	0.3250	0.0479	0.0098	0.0142	0.0207
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-0.50	66.83	161.50	230.50	158.00
				84.77	84.75	88.67
	t	-0.08	1.30	1.91	2.72	1.78
6	p 4	0.9428	0.3245	0.1970	0.1128	0.2167
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	-0.33	31.50	157.17	180.67	111.67
	S.E.	3.84	9.99	15.49	55.49	54.70
	t	-0.09	3.15	10.14	3.26	2.04
	p 4	0.9388	0.0875	0.0096	0.0828	0.1780
Stress without Nicot:	ine					,
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	8.50	54 00	111.17	119.00	50.83
0.025 mg NIC/kg, Mean	S.E.				22.57	
	t.			14.45		2.03
	p 4				0.0341	
	P	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	-3.67	72.50	150.33	129.00	67.67
	S.E.	7.05	7.55	26.67	25.66	16.60
	t	-0.52	9.60	5.64	5.03	4.08
	p 4	0.6548	0.0107	0.0301	0.0374	0.0553
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mear	Diff	-9.50	26.17	114.50	108.50	60.67
	S.E.	1.61	9.58	28.94	13.25	25.07
	t	-5.91	2.73	3.96	8.19	2.42
	p 4	0.0275	0.1119	0.0584	0.0146	0.1366

Table 16
Part II
Phase III: Corticosterone

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparison of Day 11 (stress with Nicotine) vs. Day 13 (stress
without Nicotine) by Drug Condition and Sample

Sample 0	(baseline)	Saline Control	0.025 mg Nicotine/kg	0.050 mg Nicotine/kg	0.100 mg Nicotine/kg
	Mean Diff	3.50	-16.83	-11.33	-13.17
	S.E.	4.92	18.22	16.37	6.56
	t	0.71	-0.92	-0.69	-2.01
	P 4	0.5509	0.4532	0.5602	0.1825
Sample 1	Mean Diff	7.00	-16.00	-14.50	-22.33
	S.E.	11.36	22.14	12.22	8.74
	t	0.62	-0.72	-1.19	-2.55
	p 4	0.6005	0.5449	0.3572	0.1251
Sample 2	(Physical F	estraint S	tress Initiate	eđ)	
	Mean Diff	45.00	-5.33	- 5.67	-18.50
	S.E.	17.89	46.58	65.49	7.29
	t	2.51	-0.11	-0.09	-2.54
	p 4	0.1284	0.9193	0.9389	0.1264
Sample 3	Mean Diff	130.00	-69.17	-22.50	-55.83
	S.E.	22.64	30.43	73.87	38.99
	t	5.74	-2.27	-0.30	-1.43
	p 4	0.0290	0.1509	0.7894	0.2885
Sample 4	Mean Diff	159.33	-138.83	-112.83	-85.33
_	S.E.	36.84	24.88	76.81	52.41
	t	4.33	-5.58	-1.47	-1.6 3
	p 4	0.0495	0.0306	0.2796	0.2450
Sample 5	Mean Diff	110.00	-153.67	-101.67	-64.17
_	S.E.	43.75	8.35	95.69	52.28
	t	2.51	-18.41	-1.06	-1.23
	p <	0.1284	0.0029	0.3994	0.3446

Table 16 Part III

Control vs. All Nicotine Doses by Test Day and Sample Phase III: Corticosterone Student's t Statistic:

					9		و					4		4					Ŋ		2					2		ထ
Nicotine 0.100 mg		39.83	4.83	-0.82	0.457	-0.07	0.9486		30,33	6.36	0.54	0.616	0.91	0.4124		00.99	13.58	-2.62	0.058	0.39	0.7175		154.33	28.21	-4.42	0.0115	0.13	0.9018
t C				4		4					4		4					4		4					4		4	
Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg		43.50	6.60	4 -1.16	0.3118	4 -0.49	0.6521		39.83	7.26	4 -0.72	0.5122	4 0.11	0.9193		116.00	12.47	4 -6.84	0.0024	4 -1.78	0.1502		193.83	32.25	4 -4.94	0.0078	4 +0.88	0.4290
Test Day: S 0.025 mg		35.50	3.05	-0.11	0.9199	19.0	0.5730		44.00	3.77	1 -2.02	0.1139	1 -0.27	0.8041		89.50	17.42	-3,39	0.0274	-0.55	0.6108		146.67	4.64	1-21.27	0.0001	95.0	0.6056
F 0				4		4					ব		4					4		4					4		4	
Nicotine 0.100 mg		53.00	10.79	-1.59	0.1872	-1.13	0.3214		52.67	13.87	-1.30	0.2629	-0.67	0.5381		84.50	20.76	-2.61	0.0594	-0.33	0.7585		210.17	24.92	-7.22	0.0020	-1.55	0.1953
dico O.				4		4					4		4					4		4					4		4	
Stress with N 0.050 mg		54.83	22.66	-0.84	0.4491	-0-67	0.5424		54.33	16.91	-1.17	0.3059	-0.67	0.5395		121.67	74.20	-1,23	0.2851	-0.61	0.5769		216.33	107.10	-1.75	0.1553	-0.52	0.6274
St				4		4					4		4		₫)			4		4					4		4	
Test Day: 0.025 mg		52.33	20.74	-0.79	0.4710	-0.61	0.5771		00.09	25.66	66.0-	0.3741	-0.68	0.5316	25000		30.28	-2.13	0.0998	-0.55	0.6130		215.83	25.83	-7.18	0.0020	-1.69	0.1664
0				4		4					4		4		ress			4		4					4		4	
ntrol	Stress	39.33	5.45	s. df, t		đ£, t			41.17	10.00	s. df, t		đf, t		straint St	75.17	19.30	's. df, t		df, t			159.00	21.55	rs. df, t		đf, t	
Saline Control	No Stress Test	35.83	09.0	No Stress Control vs. df, t	о 4	Stress Control vs. df, t	ъ ч		34.17	3.09	No Stress Control vs. df, t	7 0	Stress Control vs. df, t	4 Q	Physical Re	30.17	1.42	No Stress Control vs. df,	7	Stress Control vs. df,	٧ م		29.00	3.01	No Stress Control vs.	v a	Stress Control vs. df, t	P
	Sample 0 (baseline)	×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Co		Sample 1	ı×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Co		Sample 2 (Physical Restraint Stress	×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Co		Sample 3	ı×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress C	

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Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg		32.24 17.81 -4.45 4 -6.68	, cri	4	0.7591 0.3744				4	0.0310 0.0982	4	0.5324 0.4512
Stress with 0.050 mg	172.50	4 32	o	4	o		111.	22.	4 -3.	·	4	•
Test Day: 0.025 mg	154.50	20.21	0.0035	0.82	0.4573		86.33	22.69	1 -2.20	0.0925	1.17	0.3074
		4.		4					4		4.	
icotine 0.100 mg	233.67	66.23	0.0366	-0.60	0.5797		164.67	64.16	-2.00	0.1159	-0.23	0.8261
Nico 0.		4		4					び		4	
Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100 mg	285.33	107.36	0.0754	4 -0.86	0.4398		212.83	110.32	4 -1.60	0.1846	4 -0.56	0.6066
Test Day: 0.025 mg	293.33	15.90	0.0001	4 -2.68	0.0554		240.00	20.82	4 -9.74	9000.0	4 -1.86	0.1361
ıtrol	SHH	35.86 s. df, t ,	• 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	if, t			146.17	45.89	s. df, t		df, t	
Saline Control	No Stress Test 29.00	S.E. 1.32 35.86 No Stress Control vs. df, t	7 0	Stress Control vs. df, t	ս		36.17	2.17	No Stress Control vs. df, t	7 Q	Stress Control vs. df, t	v Qı
	Sample 4	S.E. No Stress		Stress Co		Sample 5	×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Co	

Table 16
Part IV
Corticosterone

Percent of Baseline Response: Mean Value for All Drug Conditions by Sample and Test Day (Stress with/without Nicotine)

$(\underline{x} - \text{Indicates initiation of Physical Restraint Stress})$

		Sample				
	0 (baseline)	1 2	2	3	4	5
Saline Control No Stress or Nic	100 otine	95.38	84.10	81.07	119.18	100.78
Saline Control Stress, No Nicot	100 ine	100.26	182.02	400.99	465.54	357.08
Stress with Nicot	ine		a			
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	114.56	198.61	567.35	802.90	637.14
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	106.79	188.36	374.75	537.45	354.32
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	96.62	156.49	413.81	426.97	286.93
Stress without Nicotine						
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	123.94	223.63	421.07	447.87	254.51
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	93.56	270.73	443.31	392.54	251.85
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	74.66	163.46	398.96	372.89	242.50

Table 17
Part I
Phase III: Glucose

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparisons: Baseline vs. Samples 1-5 by Day and Drug Condition

(Values are in mg%, i.e., mg/dl)

	Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	1.67	6.33	3.67	9.00	0.67
No Stress	S.E.	1.76	3.48		3.00	4.91
	t	0.94	1.82	0.95		
	p 4	0.4444				
	E .		011101	001100	010200	000011
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-3.67	23.00	28.67	34.00	48.67
With Stress	S.E.	5.36		3.48	10.15	13.04
	t	-0.68	3.76	8.24	3.35	3.73
	p 4	0.5648	0.0639	0.0144	0.0787	0.0649
Stress with Nicotine						
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	n Diff	4.00	22.00	18.33	21.00	21.67
,.,,,,	S.E.	0.58	5.69	3.67	9.02	10.65
	t	6.93	3.87	5.00	2.33	2.03
	p 4	0.0202	0.0608	0.0377	0.1453	0.1789
	-					
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	n Diff	1.67	31.00	27.67	23.00	14.33
	S.E.	1.76	7.57	5.46	5.51	3.38
	t	0.94	4.09	5.07	4.18	4.24
*	p <	0.4444	0.0548	0.0368	0.0528	0.0514
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	niff	2.00	36.67	38.67	40.67	40.33
U. 100 mg NIC/kg, Mean	S.E.		4.33		13.22	15.89
	t		8.46			2.54
	p <	0.0742	0.0137		0.0914	
	Р -	0.0742	0.013,	0.015	0.0311	0.1200
Stress without Nicotine						
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	n Diff	2.33	14.00	20.00	19.00	17.00
,,,,,,,,	S.E.	2.67	4.93	4.51	3.06	9.07
	t	0.88	2.84	4.44	6.22	1.87
*	p 4	0.4738	0.1050	0.0473	0.0249	0.2019
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	n Diff	2.33	26.00	29.67	33.00	30.33
	S.E.	2.60	16.04	10.68	12.53	10.04
	t	0.90	1.62	2.78	2.63	3.02
	p 4	0.4647	0.2465	0.1089	0.1190	0.0943
0 100 Vi- / Y	niff	-1.33	26.67	21.67	30.67	40.00
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	S.E.	1.67	3.71	2.91	9.94	21.17
	t	-0.80	7.18	7.46	3.09	1.89
		0.5076	0.0188	0.0175	0.0909	0.1994
	p &	0.5076	0.0100	0.0173	0.0303	0.1004

Table 17
Part II
Phase III: Glucose

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparison of Day 11 (stress with Nicotine) vs. Day 13 (stress without Nicotine) by Drug Condition and Sample

(Values are in mg%, i.e., mg/dl)

Sample 0	(baseline)	Saline Control	0.025 mg Nicotine/kg	0.050 mg Nicotine/kg	0.100 mg Nicotine/kg
	Mean Diff	7.67	0.0	-0.33	10.67
	S.E.	3.93	1.15	2.40	1.67
	t	1.95	0.0	-0.14	6.40
	p 4	0.1904	1.00	0.9024	0.0236
Sample 1	Mean Diff	2.33	-1.67	0.33	7.33
	S.E.	6.36	2.73	1.20	1.76
	t	0.37	-0.61	0.28	4.16
	p <	0.7489	0.6035	0.8075	0.0533
Sample 2	(Physical R	estraint St	tress Initiate	d)	
	Mean Diff	24.33	-8.00	-5.33	0.67
	S.E.	6.49	9.50	12.13	7.26
	t	3 .7 5	-0.84	-0.44	0.09
	p <	0.0643	0.4886	0.7031	0.9352
Sample 3	Mean Diff	32.67	1.67	1.67	-6. 33
	S.E.	3.84	3.33	9.13	6.69
	t	8.50	0.50	0.18	-0.95
	p <	0.0136	0.6667	0.8720	0.4438
Sample 4	Mean Diff	32.67	-2.00	9.67	0.67
	S.E.	7.36	7.02	10.48	17.37
	t	4.44	-0.28	0.92	0.04
	p <	0.0472	0.8026	0.4536	0.9729
Sample 5	Mean Diff	55.67	-4.67	15.67	10.33
_	S.E.	9.39	5.36	9.24	17.68
	t	5.93	-0.87	1.69	0.58
	p <	0.0273	0.4761	0.2322	0.6180

Table 17

Student's t Statistic: Control vs. All Nicotine Doses by Test Day and Sample Glucose Phase III:

0.3278 0.4273 0.6870 0.9049 0.0002 0.9133 0.0004 -0.43 0.13 3.18 -1.11 Stress without Nicotine 0.100 mg 2.00 1.53 0.58 105.00 133.00 -13.69 -0.12 128.00 -10.75 0.6918 0.0311 0.7126 0.9596 0.6029 0.2239 0.8412 0.0437 0.05 0.050 mg 3.26 -0.40 0.21 0.56 1,53 -0.43 3.84 -1,44 -2.91 14.57 9.17 105,33 129.00 132.67 0.0724 0.5593 0.4712 0.1054 0.2600 0.4238 0.0662 Test Day: 0.0247 -2.09 0.79 0.89 0.025 mg -2.42 -1.31 7.13 2.91 -0.64 113.67 3.71 125,33 6.84 -2.51-3.51 131,33 (Values are in mg%, i.e., mg/dl) 0.1432 0.0035 0.1850 0.1864 0.0155 0.0130 0.6227 6.18 1.59 0.53 97.67 1.60 -4.05 6.49 1,33 5.93 0.00 1.00 0.100 mg 1.86 1.82 -4.27 132,33 134.33 Stress with Nicotine 0.7254 0.7800 0.9246 0.0109 0.0015 0.1170 0.1785 0.8152 2.65 1.63 0.10 -4.49 4.51 -0.25 -0.30 5.78 0.050 mg -0.38 105.00 134,33 131.00 (Physical Restraint Stress Initiated) Test Day: 0.1803 0.0662 0.0349 0.9239 0.0123 0.6610 0.2192 0.1191 -0.47 1.46 3.48 -1.62 8.01 -3,14 -0.10 5.24 0.025 mg 4.06 -1.98 115,33 -2.51133,33 129.67 -4.33 109.33 2.31 4.84 132,33 5.55 138.00 1.20 105.67 Control vs. df, t df, t df, t df, t Stress Test ų df, t df, t df, t Saline Control đ£, No Stress Control vs. Control vs. No Stress Control vs. No Stress Stress Control vs. Stress Control vs. Stress Control vs. Stress Control vs. 3.28 108.00 1.00 101.67 105,33 2.03 103.33 Test 2.73 No Stress No Stress (baseline) Sample 2 Sample 3 Sample 0 Sample 1 S.E S.E. S.E. S.E

continued
III
Part
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Table

dicotine 100 mg		137.00	11.02	1 -2.34	0.0795	0.43	0.6881		146.33	23.48	-1.83	0.1413	0.43	0.6877
£ 0				7		7.					4		4	
Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg		136.00	11.02	4 -2.25	0.0877	4 0.50	0.6433		133.33	8.65	4 -3.08	0.0371	4 1.56	0.1946
Test Day: 8		130.33	5.81	4 -3.14	0.0348	4 1.15	0.3138		128.33	11.35	4 -2.08	0.1055	4 1.70	0.1647
Nicotine 0.100 mg		136.33	15.07	-1.68	0.1676	0.39	0.7159		136.00	17.67	-1.83	0.1415	0.99	0.3760
0.0				4		4					4		4	
Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100		126.33	4.81	4 -2.93	0.0427	4 1.57	0.1910		117.67	2.03	4 -2.76	0.0509	4 3.00	0.0398
Test Day: 0.025 mg		132.33	12.67	4 -1.68	0.1678	4 0.69	0.5282		133,00	14.57	4 -1.98	0.1184	4 1.27	0.2735
trol	Stress Test	143.33	9.68	3. df, t		If, t			158,00	13.28	s. df, t	•	df, t	
Saline Control	No Stress Test	110.67	2.33	No Stress Control vs. df, t	4	Stress Control vs. df, t	> Q		102,33	5.17	No Stress Control vs. df, t	o Q	Stress Control vs. df, t	ъ ф
	Sample 4	ı×	S.E.	No Stress		Stress Co		Sample 5	ı ×	S.E	No Stress		Stress Co	

Table 17
Part IV
Glucose

Percent of Baseline Response: Mean Value for All Drug Conditions by Sample and Test Day (Stress with/without Nicotine)

$(\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ - Indicates initiation of Physical Restraint Stress)

			Sa	mple		
	0 (baseline)	1 <u>x</u>	2	3	4	5
Saline Control No Stress or Nic	100 otine	101.63	106.41	103.78	112.30	100.70
Saline Control Stress, No Nicot	100 ine	96.69	121.10	126.29	131.19	144.48
Stress with Nicot	ine				•	
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	103.64	119.67	116.54	118.41	118.84
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	101.56	130.42	127.16	122.50	114.07
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	102.11	138.21	140.28	141.99	141.56
Stress without Ni	cotine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	102.11	112.48	117.81	116.96	114.98
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	102.21	125.70	129.12	132.41	129.73
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	98.82	125.31	120.57	128.79	136.88

Table 18
Part I
Phase III: Insulin

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparisons: Baseline vs. Samples 1-5 by Day and Drug Condition

(Values are in u units/ml of plasma)

	Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-0.64	0.19	2.73	1.19	0.29
No Stress	S.E.	0.36	0.27	2.91	0.52	0.06
	t	-1.79	0.73	0.94	2.27	4.79
	p 4	0.2162	0.5435	0.4474	0.1516	0.0409
	_		v			
Saline Control, Mean	Diff	-0.53	1.23	-0.24	1.38	-0.27
With Stress	S.E.	0.29	1.04	0.45	1.35	0.36
	t	-1.80	1.18	-0.53	1.02	-0.75
	p 4	0.2139	0.3585	0.6516	0.4133	0.5305
Stress with Nicotine						
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	2.05	3.52	0.09	0.58	-0.07
	S.E.	1.89	2.78			0.19
	t	1.08	1.27	0.33	2.90	-0.35
	p 4	0.3934	0.3331		0.1013	
	-					
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-0.24	2.95	3.04	0.71	0.56
	S.E.	0.39	1.49	1.69	0.58	0.81
5. E	t	-0.61	1.98	1.79	1.24	0.69
**	p <	0.6031	0.1863	0.2149	0.3413	0.5610
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-0.26	-0.23	1.09	0.81	1.41
0.100 mg NIC/Rg, mean	S.E.	0.21	0.45	1.27	0.80	1.11
	t	-1.23	-0.50	0.86	1.01	1.26
	p <	0.3445	0.6650		0.4193	
	,-	000			• •	
Stress without Nicoti	ne					
0.025 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-0.26	-0.31	-0.48	0.16	-0.22
	S.E.	0.28	0.08	0.35	0.09	0.24
	t	-0.95	-4.10	-1.37	1.62	-0.90
	p <	0.4437	0.0548	0.3042	0.2464	0.4651
0.050 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	-0.05	0.98	1.70	0.67	0.74
0.050 mg Nic/kg/ iza	S.E.	0.62	0.66	1.84	0.57	1.02
	t	-0.08	1.48	0.92	1.18	0.72
	p <	0.9465	0.2762	0.4533	0.3602	0.5446
0.100 mg Nic/kg, Mean	Diff	1.68	6.33	1.24	2.69	1.76
	S.E.	2.09	5.73	1.21	2.50	0.99
	t	0.81	1.11	1.02	1.07	1.78
	p <	0.5049	0.3842	0.4153	0.3950	0.2164

Table 18
Part II
Phase III: Insulin

Student's t Statistic for Related Samples
Paired Comparison of Day 11 (stress with Nicotine) vs. Day 13 (stress without Nicotine) by Drug Condition and Sample

(Values are in u units/ml of plasma)

*		Saline Control	0.025 mg Nicotine/kg	0.050 mg Nicotine/kg	0.100 mg Nicotine/kg
Sample 0	(baseline)				
	Mean Diff	-0.08	0.31	-0.39	-1.21
	S.E.	0.42	0.25	0.36	1.24
	t	-0.20	1.25	-1.09	-0.98
	p <	0.8621	0.3392	0.3899	0.4314
Sample 1	Mean Diff	0.03	-2.00	-0.19	0.73
	S.E.	0.74	1.75	0.58	1.11
	t	0.04	-1.15	-0.34	0.66
	p <	0.9703	0.3704	0.7639	0.5781
Sample 2	(Physical F	estraint St	tress Initiate	d)	
	Mean Diff	0.95	-3.52	-2.36	5.35
	S.E.	1.29	2.98	1.28	4.75
	t	0.74	-1.18	-1.85	1.12
	p <	0.5369	0.3584	0.2056	0.3777
Sample 3	Mean Diff	-3.05	-0.26	-1.72	-1.06
	S.E.	2.89	0.41	3.30	1.38
	t	-1.05	-0.63	-0.52	- 0.77
	p <	0.4022	0.5929	0.6540	0.5200
Sample 4	Mean Diff	0.12	-0.11	-0.43	0.67
_	S.E.	1.42	0.23	0.35	1.09
	t	0.08	-0.49	-1.23	0.62
	p <	0.9427	0.6747	0.3448	0.6004
Sample 5	Mean Diff	-0.64	0.16	-0.21	-0.85
	S.E.	0.24	0.33	0.49	1.25
	t	-2.66	0.49	-0.43	-0.69
	p <	0.1168	0.6726	0.7087	0.5635

Table 18

Phase III: Insulin Student's t Statistic: Control vs. All Nicotine Doses by Test Day and Sample (Values are in u units/ml of plasma)

	Saline Control	ntrol	Te 0.0	Test Day: .025 mg	Str 0.	Stress with N 0.050 mg	dicol	Nicotine 0.100 mg	Tes 0.0	Test Day: 0.025 mg	Stre	Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100 mg	N.	cotine 100 mg
Sample 0	No Stress	Stress		9								8 11		
(baseline)	Test	Test												
ı×	2.40	2.32		1.74		2.29		3.41		2.05		1.90	×	2.20
S.E.	0.40	0.78		0.07		0.30		1.82		0,30		0.52		0.59
No Stress	No Stress Control vs. df, t	s. df, t	4	1.63	4	0.23	4	-0.54	4	0.70	4	0.76	4	0.28
	7 d			0.1783		0.8327		0.6174		0.5226		0.4888		0.7907
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	df, t	な	0.74	4	0.04	4	-0.55	4	0.32	4	0.45	4	0.12
	7 d			0.5009		0.9730		0.6115		0.7641		0.6788		0.9081
Sample 1														
ı ×	1.76	1.79		3.79		2.05		3,15		1.79		1.85		3.88
S.E.	0.28	0.64		1.87		0.52		1.63		0.12		0.36		2.68
No Stress	No Stress Control vs. df, t	s. df, t	4	-1.08	4	-0.50	4	-0.84	4	-0.10	4	-0.21	4	-0.79
	7 04			0.3427		0.6446		0.4466		0.9267		0.8441		0.4744
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	đ£, t	4	-1.01	4	-0.32	4	-0.78	4	0.001	4	60.0-	4	-0.76
	5 d			0.3681		0.7650		0.4795		0.9988		0.9338		0.4895
Sample 2 (Physical Restraint Stress	hysical Re	straint St	ress	Initiate	a									
ı ×	2.60	3.55		5.27		5.24		3.18		1.74		2.88		8.53
S.E.	0.67	1.80		2.74		1.19		1.56		0.28		0.70		6.32
No Stress	No Stress Control vs. df, t	s. df, t	4	-0.94	4	-1.93	4	-0.34	4	1.19	4	-0.29	4	-0.93
	p 4			0.3982		0.1257		0.7490		0.3006		0.7869		0.4034
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	df, t	4	-0.52	4	-0.78	4	0.16	4	66.0	4	0.35	4	-0.76
	٠ ۲			0.6291		0.4788		0.8834		0.3759		0.7442		0.4909
Sample 3														
ı×	5.13	2.08		1.83		5.33		4.50		1.57		3.60		3.44
S.E.	3.21	0.33		0.35	•	1.99		3.07		0.10		1,88		1.79
No Stress	No Stress Control vs.	s. df, t	4	1.02	4	-0.05	4	0.14	4	1.11	4	0.41	4	0.46
	p 4			0.3654		6096.0		0.8948		0.3309		0.7031		0.6699
Stress Co	Stress Control vs. df, t	đf, t	4	0.52	4	-1.61	4	-0.78	4	1.46	4	-0.80	4	-0.74
	D 4			0.6297		0.1834		0.4779		0.2173		0.4706		0.5000

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cotine 100 mg		4.89	3.09	-0.40	0.706	-0.38	0.724	1	3.96	1.52	-0.82	0.458	-1.21	0.2934
t Ni O.				4		4					4		4	
Stress without Nicotine 0.050 mg		2.58	0.08	1.11	0.3280	1.96	0.1219		2.64	0.50	.80.0	0.9384	-0.88	0.4309
Stre 0.				4		4					4		4	
Test Day: 0.025 mg		2.21	0.29	1,45	0.2216	2.33	0.0805		1.83	0.17	2.25	0.0873	0.44	0.6805
o le				4		4					4		4	
tine 100 mg		4.22	2.05	-0.28	0.7923	-0.24	0.8205	•	4.82	2.69	-0.78	0.4762	-1.02	0.3674
0.				4		4					4		4	
Stress with Nicotine 0.050 mg 0.100 mg		3.00	0.36	09.0	0.5817	1.03	0.3598		2.85	0.51	-0.26	0.8066	-1.17	0.3075
Str 0.				4		4					4		4	
Test Day: 0.025 mg		2.32	0.26	1.34	0.2513	2.19	0.0930		1.67	0.27	2.34	0.0797	0.71	0.5174
J. 0				4		4					4		4	
trol	Stress Test	3.70	0.57	. df, t		f, t			2.05	0.45	. df, t	•	If, t	
Saline Control	No Stress Test	3.59	0.91	No Stress Control vs. df, t	D 1	Stress Control vs. df, t	7 04		2.69	0.40	No Stress Control vs. df. t	7 Q	Stress Control vs. df, t	7 d
	Sample 4	ı×	ю. Б	No Stress		Stress Cor		Sample 5	ı ×	S.E	No Stress		Stress Cor	

Table 18
Part IV
Insulin

Percent of Baseline Response: Mean Value for All Drug Conditions by Sample and Test Day (Stress with/without Nicotine)

 $(\underline{x}$ - Indicates initiation of Physical Restraint Stress)

			Sa	ample		
	0 (baseline)	1 2	<u>k</u> 2	3	4	5
Saline Control No Stress or Nic	100 otine	75.50	104.15	187.76	144.10	113.74
Saline Control Stress, No Nicot	100 ine	80.86	133.33	106.33	237.49	100.79
Stress with Nicot	ine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	222.19	310.85	104.06	132.93	95.04
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	99.66	305.45	257.91	170.56	160.72
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	95.94	105.50	110.83	150.72	155.30
Stress without Ni	cotine					
0.025 mg Nic/kg	100	90.33	84.90	80.71	108.86	91.69
0.050 mg Nic/kg	100	110.32	161.45	192.02	159.97	179.98
0.100 mg Nic/kg	100	141.04	300.39	137.57	184.02	172.29

Appendix D

Comments Regarding the Graphic Presentation of the Experimental Data

The graphs presented on the following pages were created using the SAS:Graphics data presentation package (SAS Users Guide:Graphics, 1982 Edition, SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC 27511). Contained in the title of each graph is information regarding the phase (i.e., Phases I, II and III) of the study from which the data originated, the dependent measure (i.e., norepinephrine, epinephrine, dopamine, corticosterone, glucose, insulin) and the experimental drug condition which is presented (i.e., saline control, 0.025, 0.050 or 0.100 mg Nic/kg body weight). Individual graphs are presented for each of the drug conditions within each phase of the experiment.

The graphs (except graphs 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30) present the individual response values using different emblems to indicate the Test Day of their origin (the Legend for individual graphs indicates the symbols used and the Test Day to which each is related). Samples (0-5) are presented on the abscissa which indicates the time (in minutes) separating each from the baseline sample. Drug infusions occurred during the time periods 0-20 and 120-140 minutes. Response values are presented on the ordinate axis (in an attempt to optimize the presentation of the data the ordinate axis of each graph has been individually determined according to the values being presented).

A cubic regression function was used for drawing the curves presented in each graph. The regression curves are presented only as an aid to the reader in the interpretation of the experimental

results, and should not be construed as necessarily being the "best" fit function.

Figures 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 present the regression curves for each of the six dependent variables measured in Phase I of the experiment according to the experimental Test Day. Test Day is presented on the abscissa of each graph. The legends for the graphs are as follows:

Drug Condition 1 = Saline Control

Drug Condition 2 = 0.025 mg Nic/kg

Drug Condition 3 = 0.050 mg Nic/kg

Drug Condition 4 = 0.100 mg Nic/kg

The legend for graphs of Phase III results is as follows:

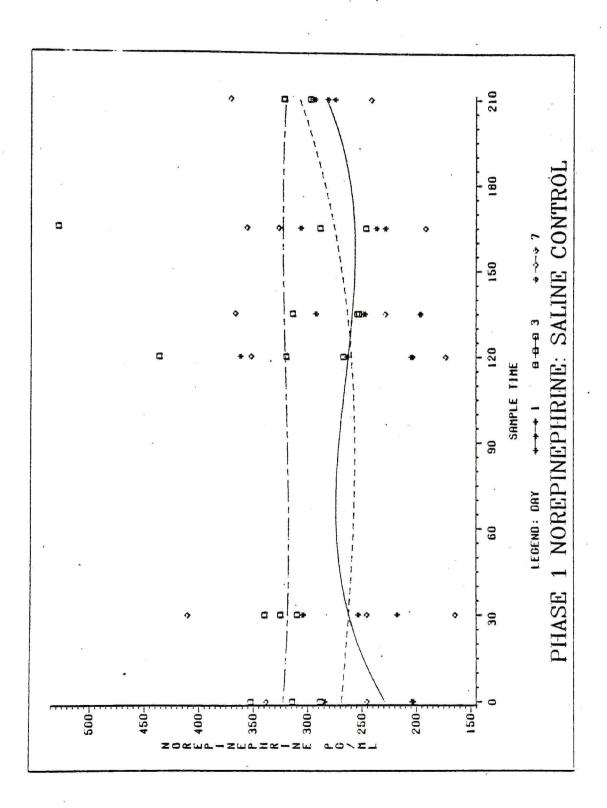
Saline Control Day 11 = No Stress Condition

Saline Control Day 13 = Stress Condition

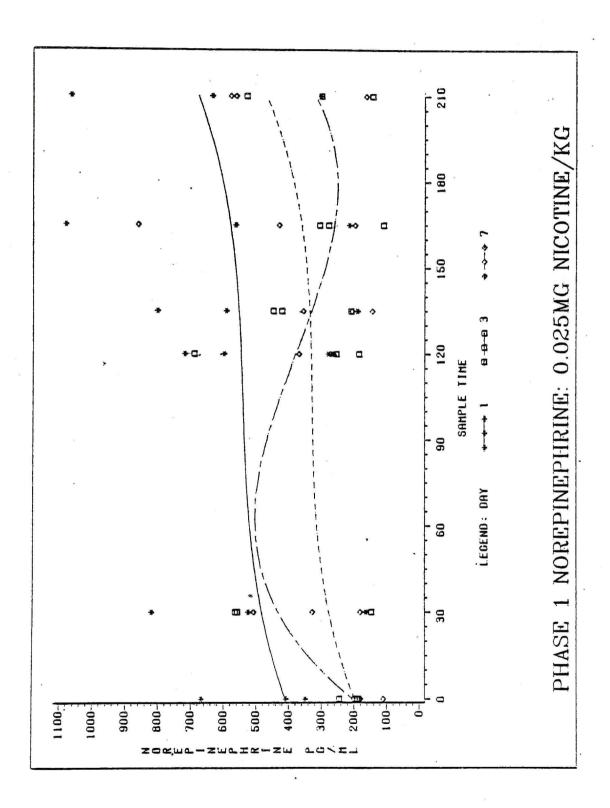
All Nicotine Doses Day 11 = Stress with Nicotine

All Nicotine Doses Day 13 = Stress without Nicotine

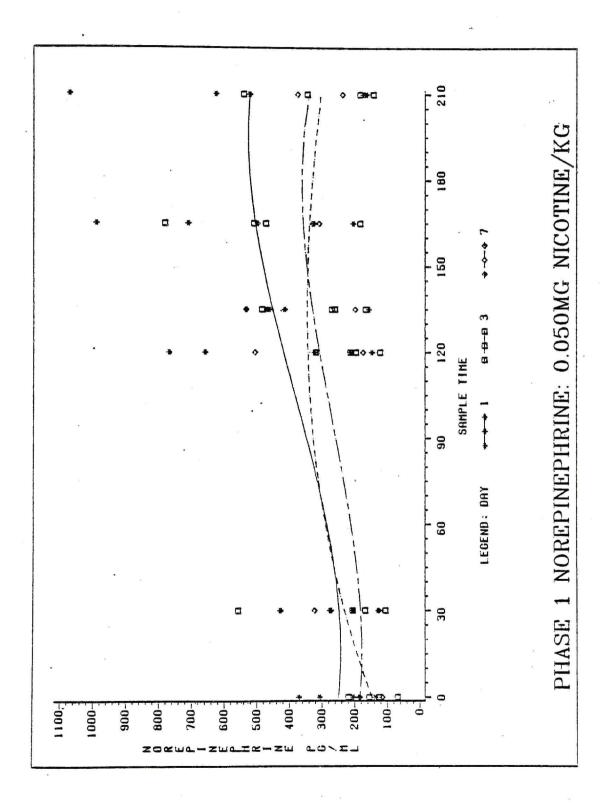
PHASE I: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION



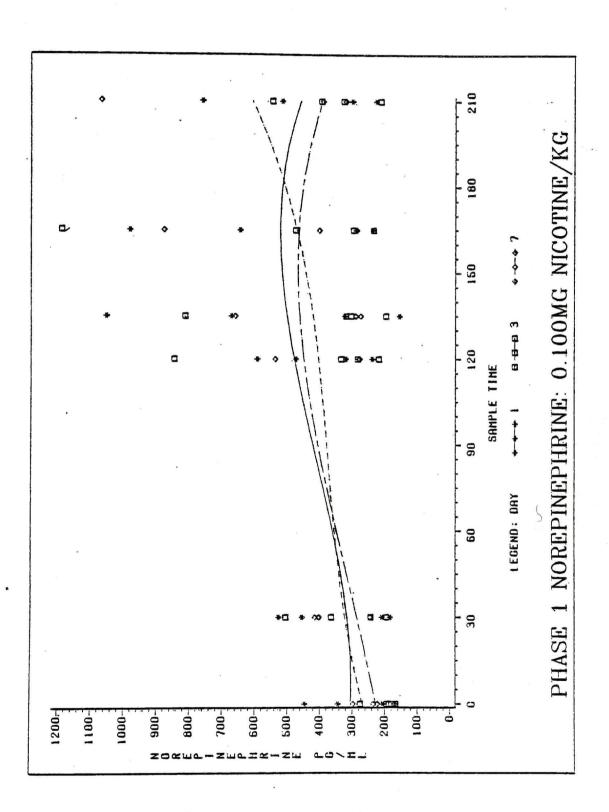
PHASE I: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



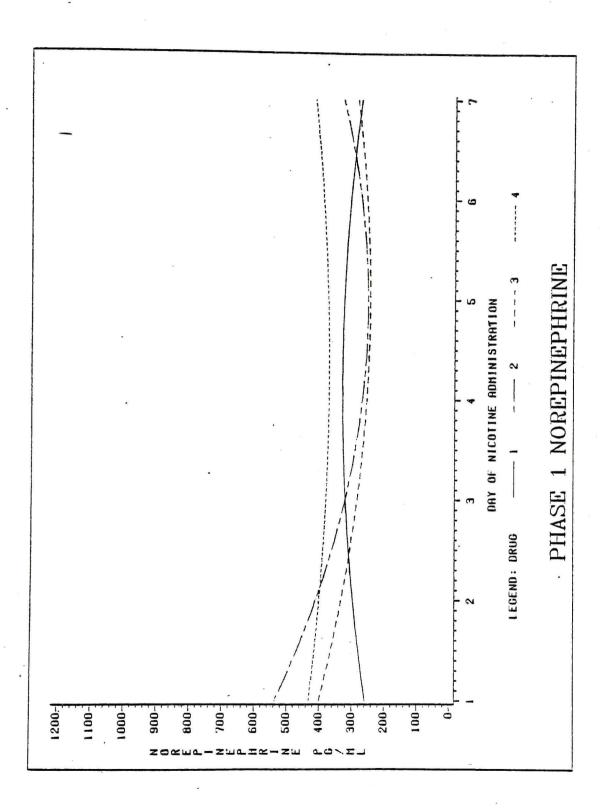
LEGEND

DRUG CONDITION 1 = SALINE CONTROL

DRUG CONDITION 3 = 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg

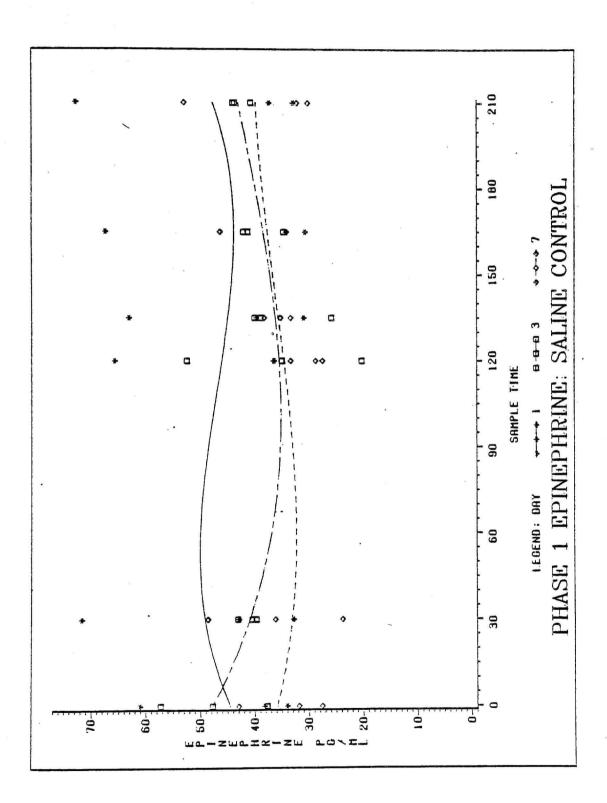
DRUG CONDITION 2 = 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg

DRUG CONDITION 4 = 0.100 mg NICOTINE/Kg

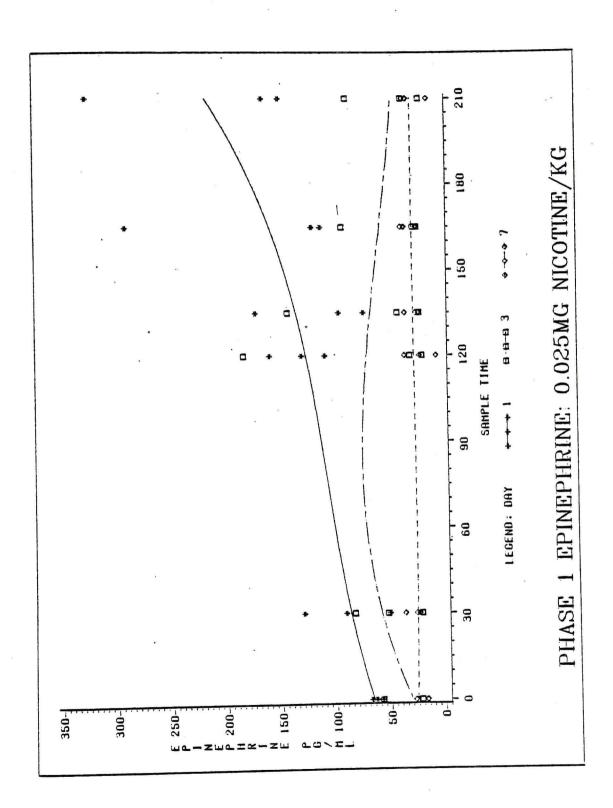


TIGURE 6

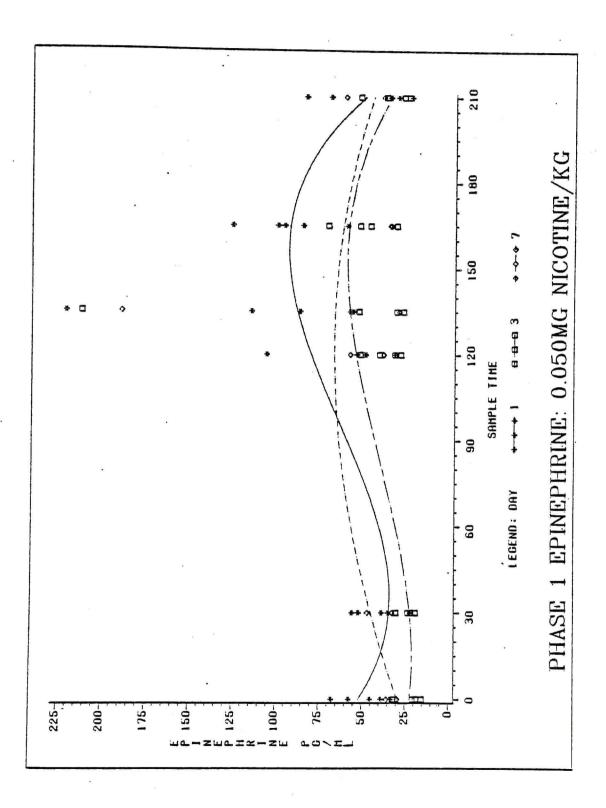
PHASE I: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION



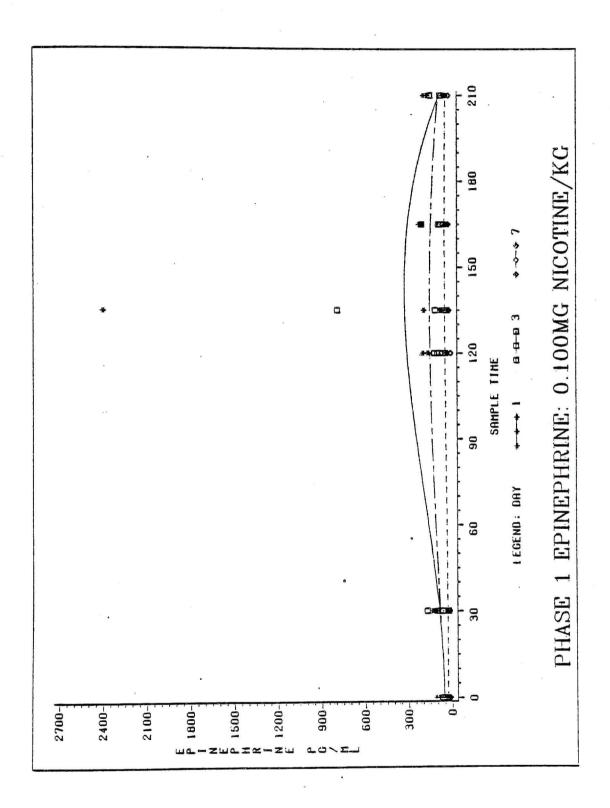
PHASE I: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION PHASE I:



PHASE I: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



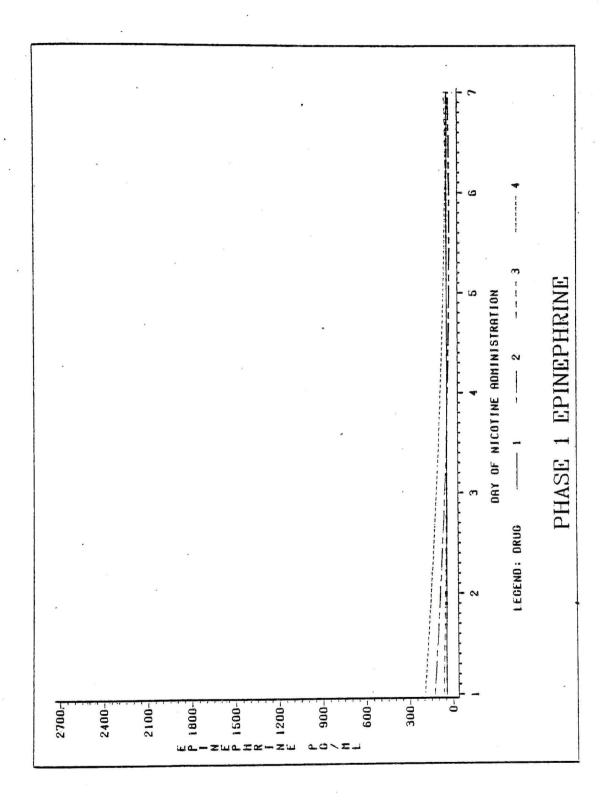
DRUG CONDITION 1 = SALINE CONTROL

LEGEND

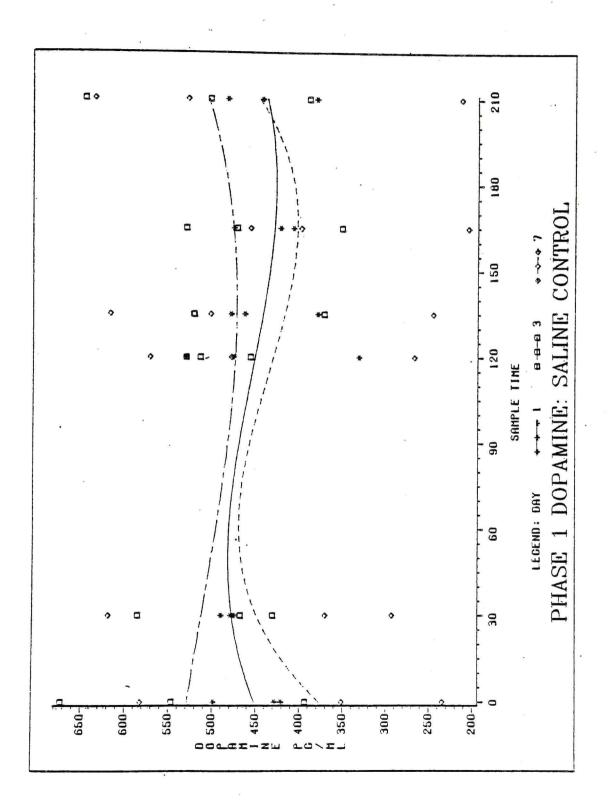
DRUG CONDITION 2 = 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg

DRUG CONDITION 3 = 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg

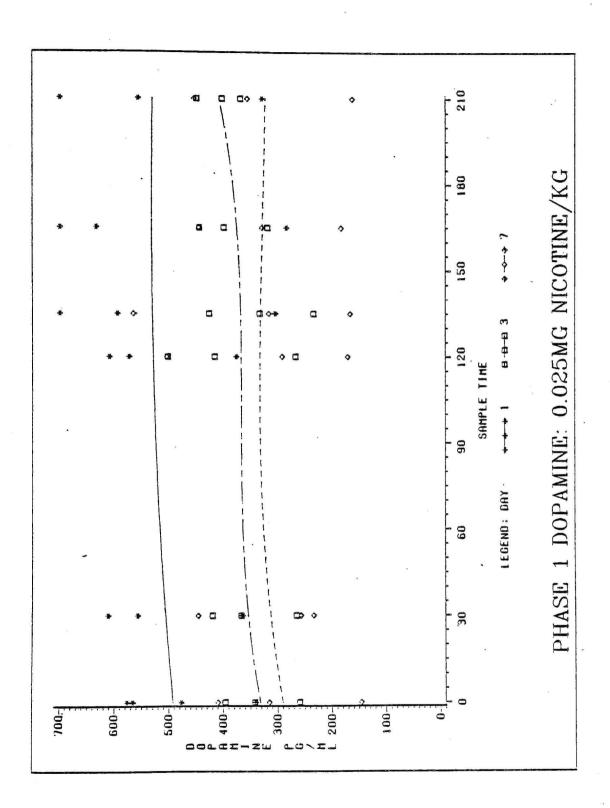
DRUG CONDITION 4 = 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg



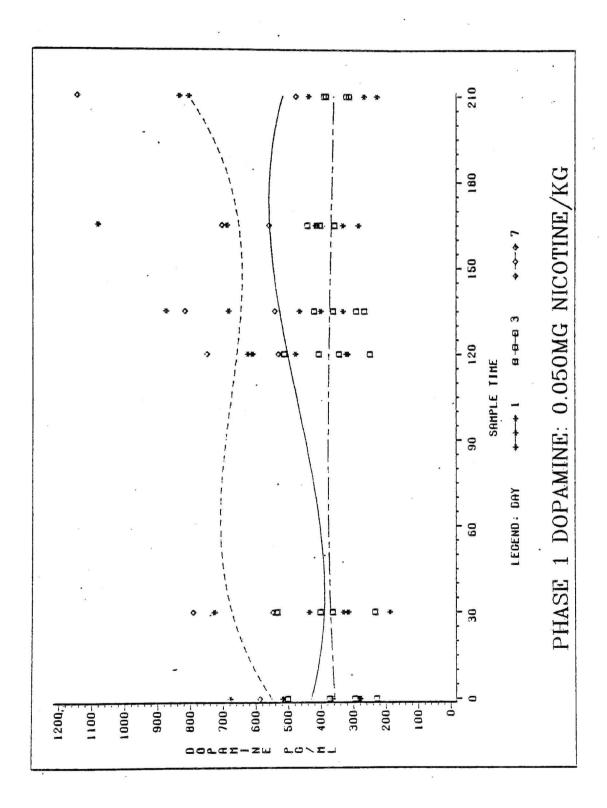
PHASE I: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION



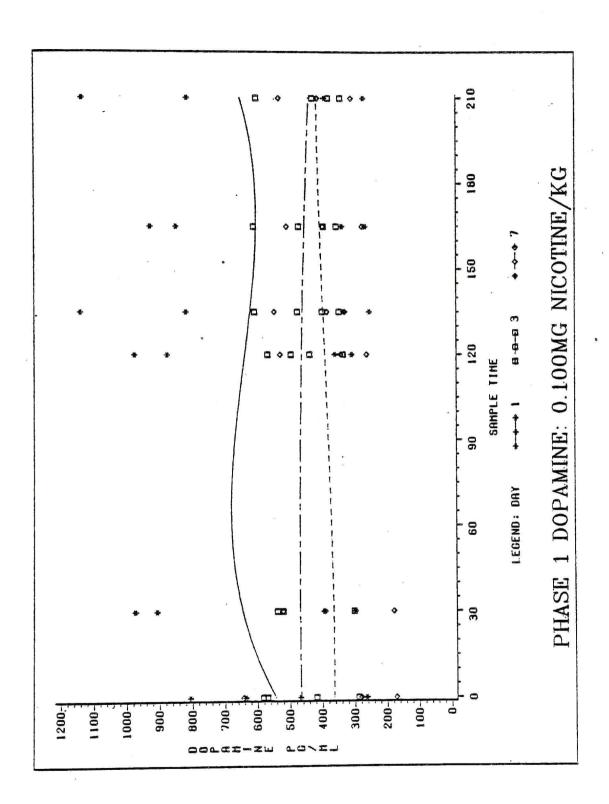
PHASE I: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg 'NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

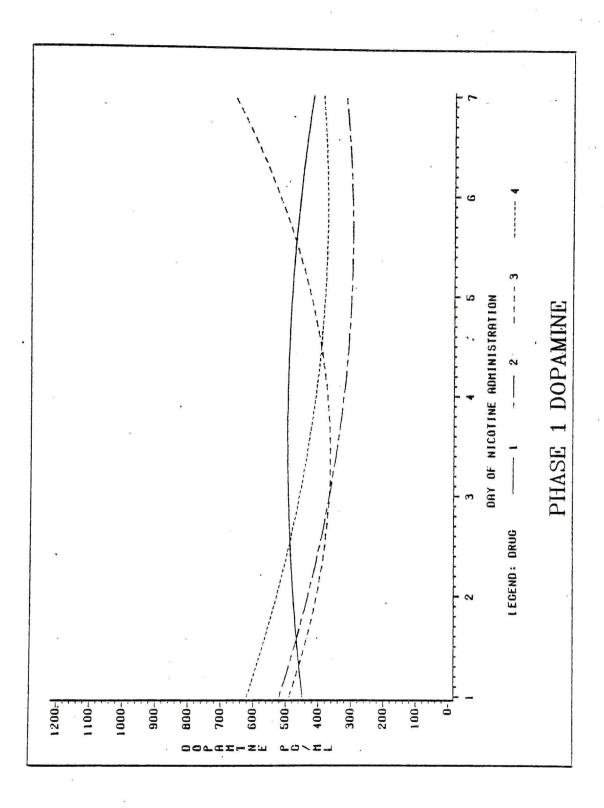


LEGEND

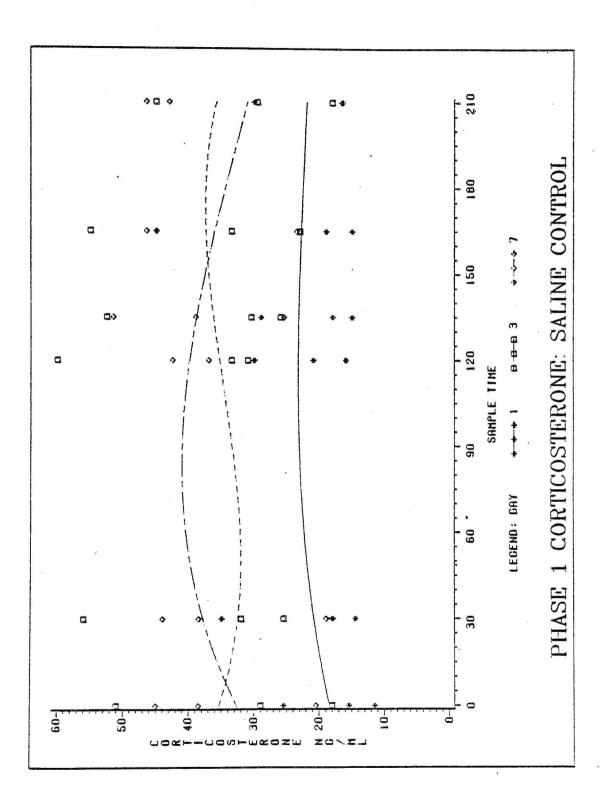
DRUG CONDITION 1 = SALINE CONTROL

DRUG CONDITION 3 = 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg

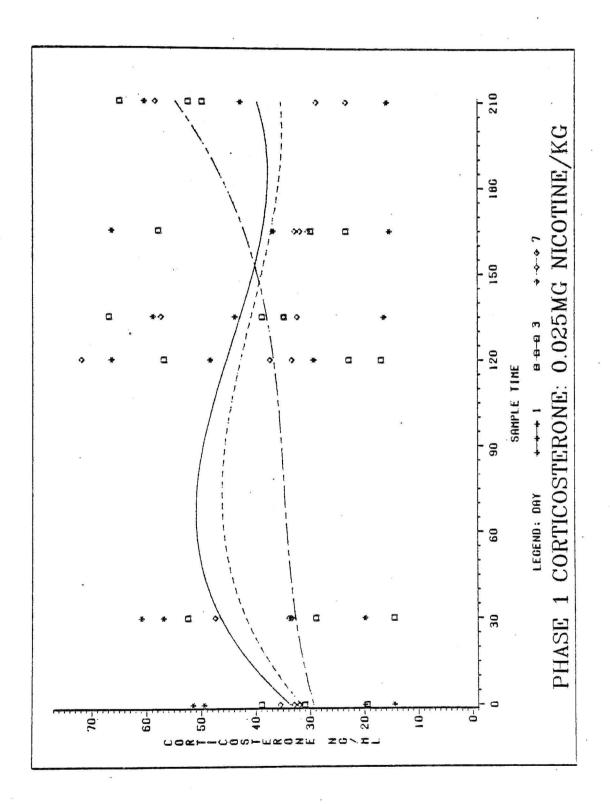
DRUG CONDITION 2 = 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg



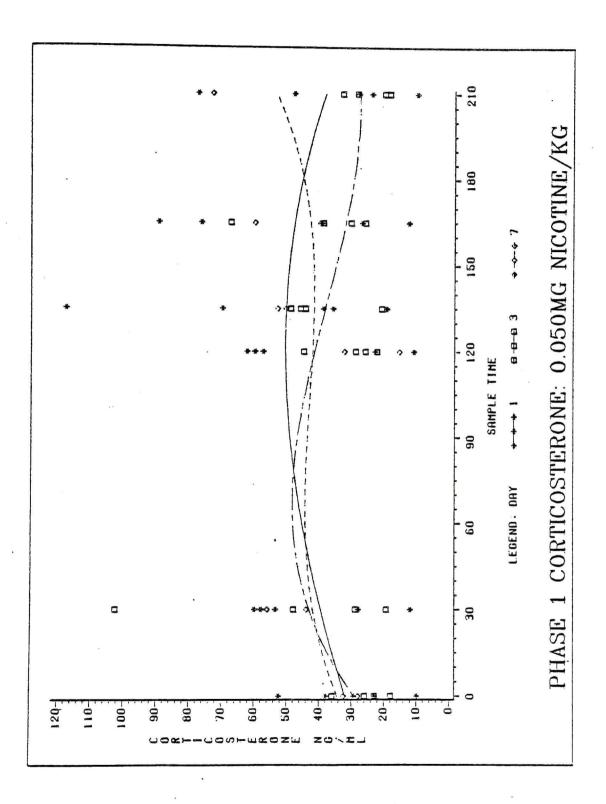
PHASE I: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION



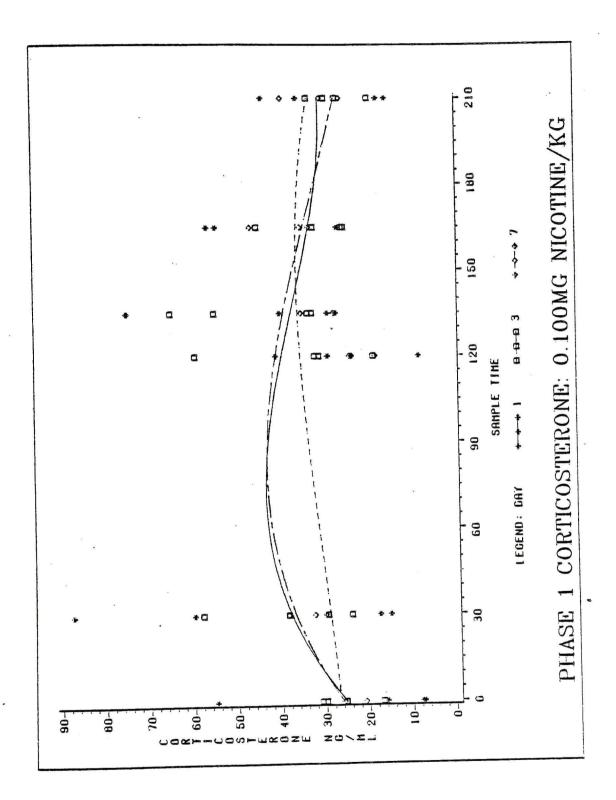
PHASE I: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

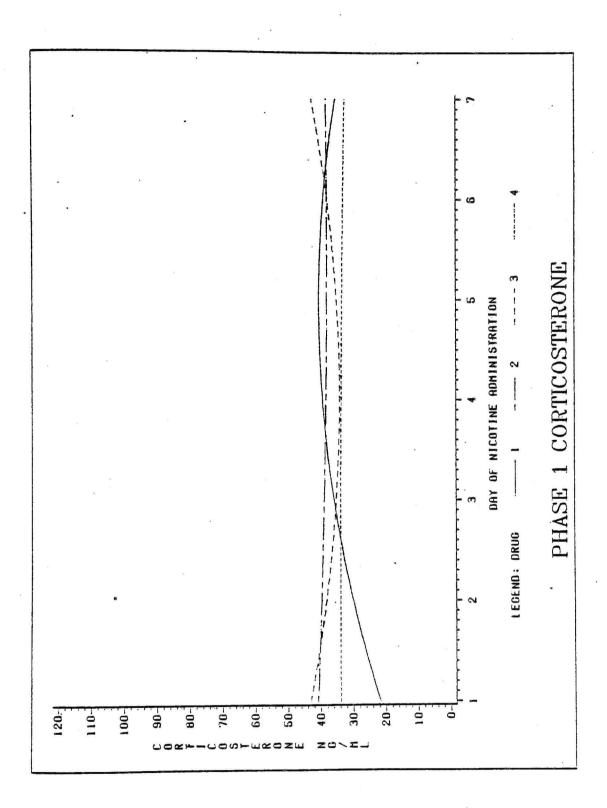


DRUG CONDITION 1 = SALINE CONTROL

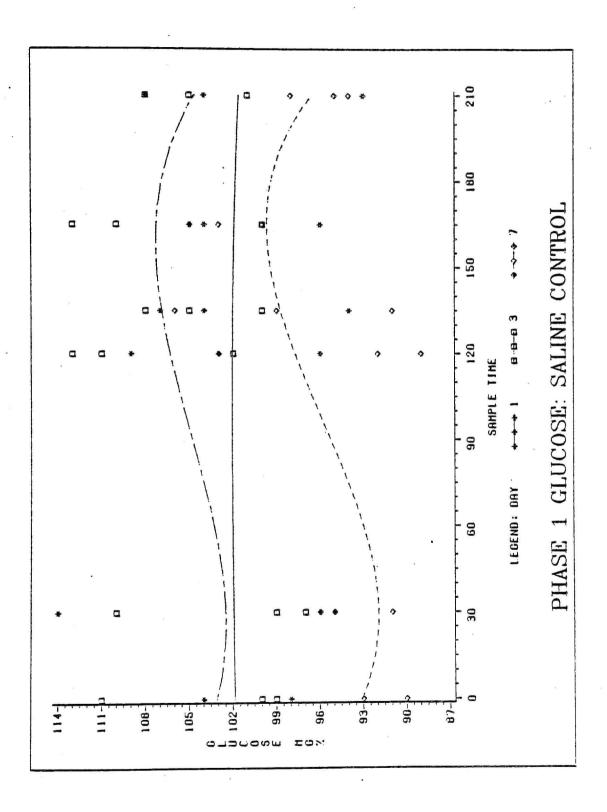
LEGEND

DRUG CONDITION 2 = 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg

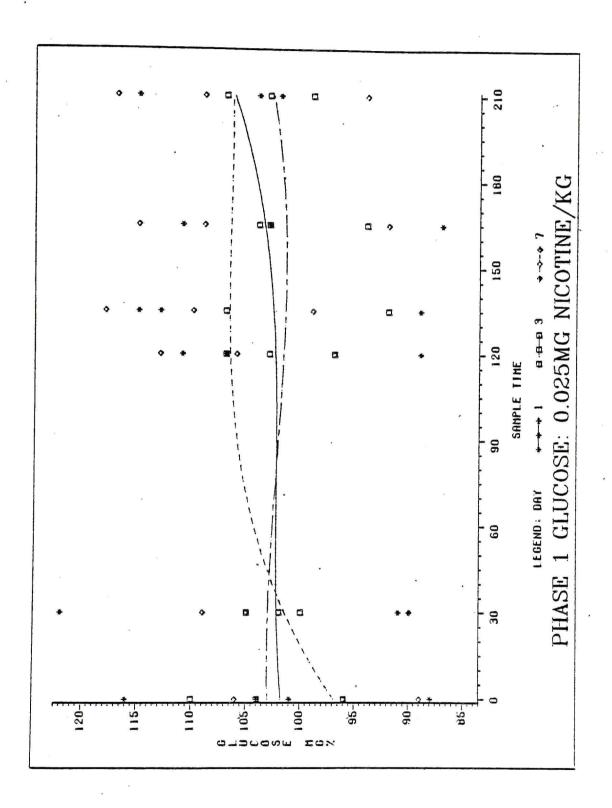
DRUG CONDITION 3 = 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg



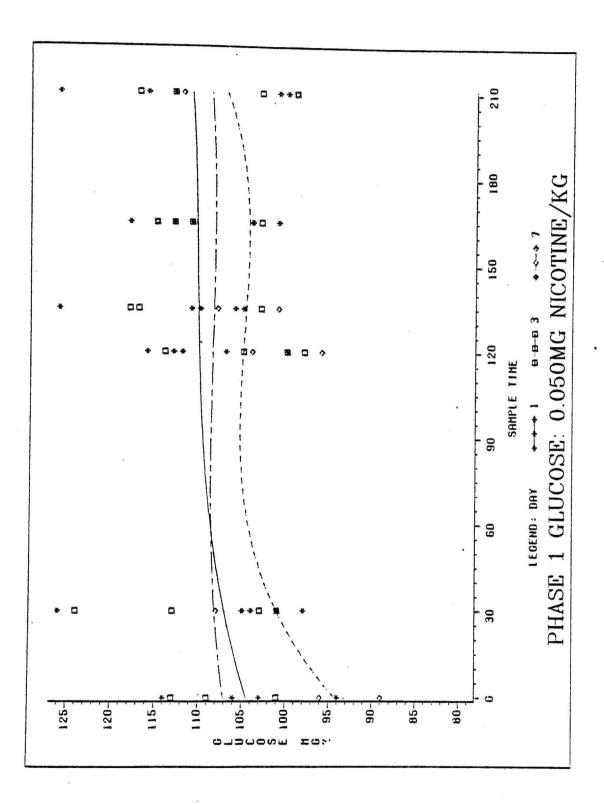
PHASE I: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION



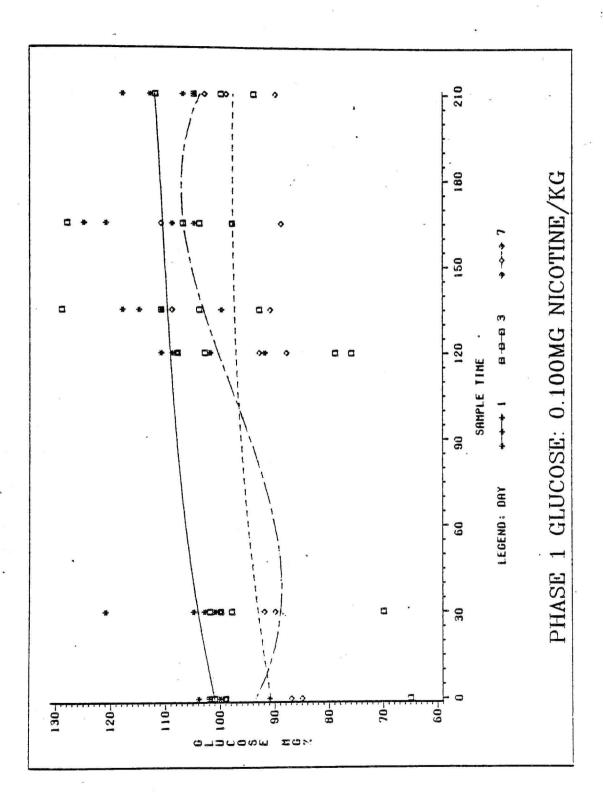
PHASE I: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

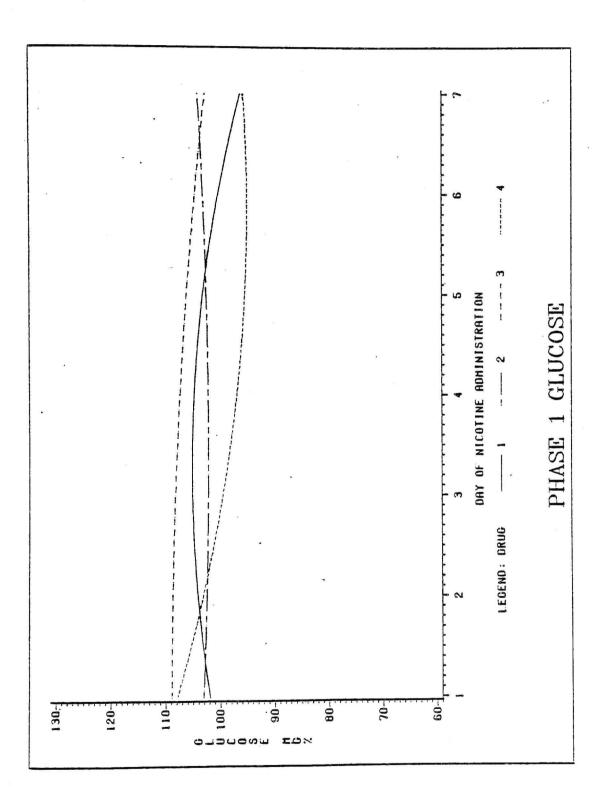


LEGEND

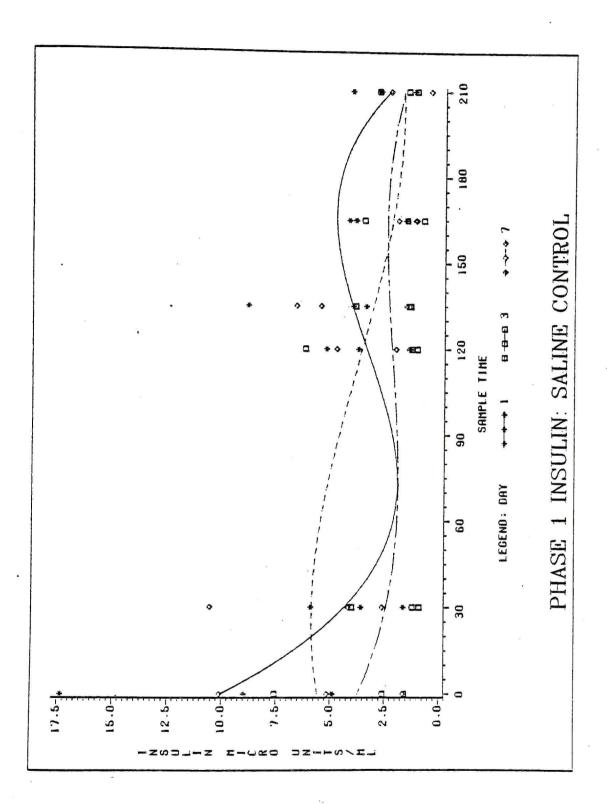
DRUG CONDITION 1 = SALINE CONTROL

DRUG CONDITION 3 = 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg

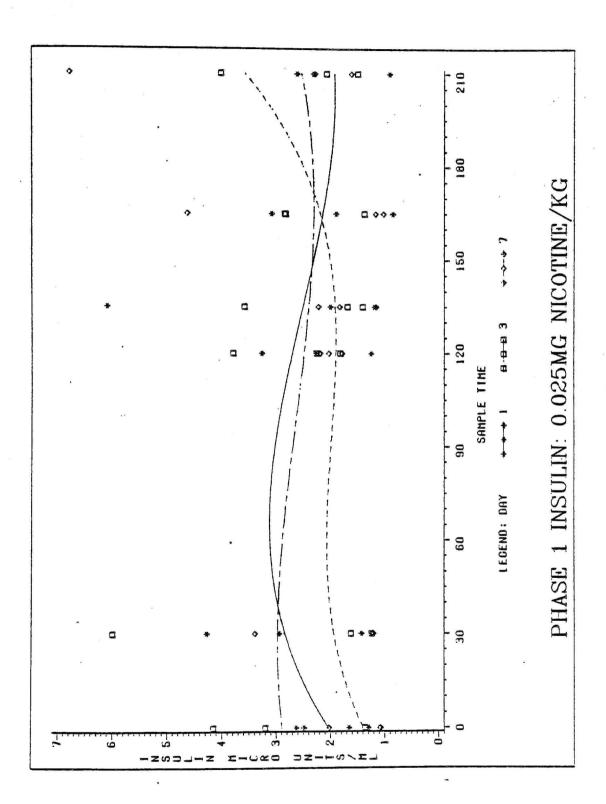
DRUG CONDITION 2 = 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg



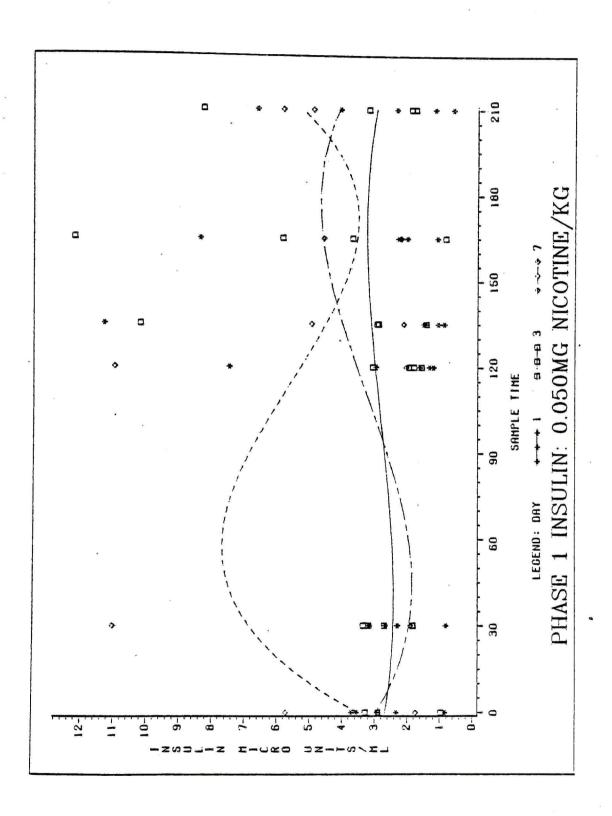
PHASE I: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION



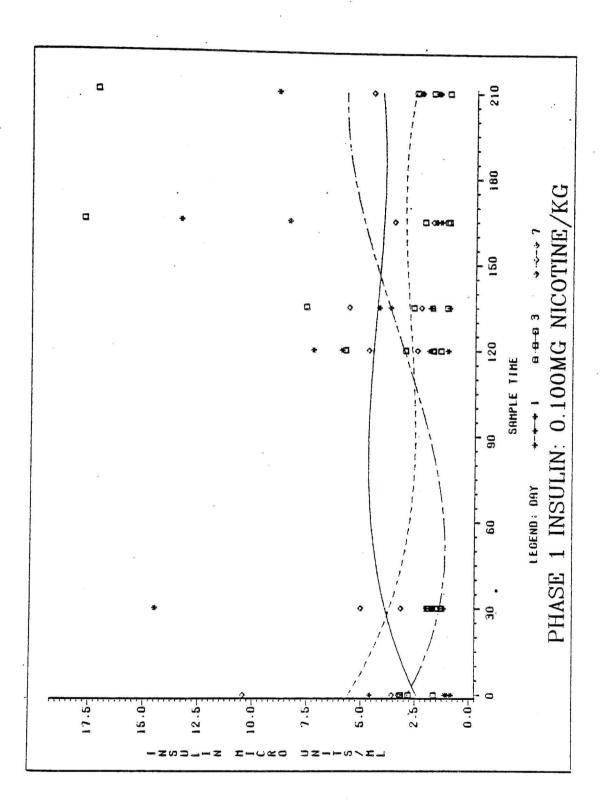
PHASE I: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



PHASE I: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



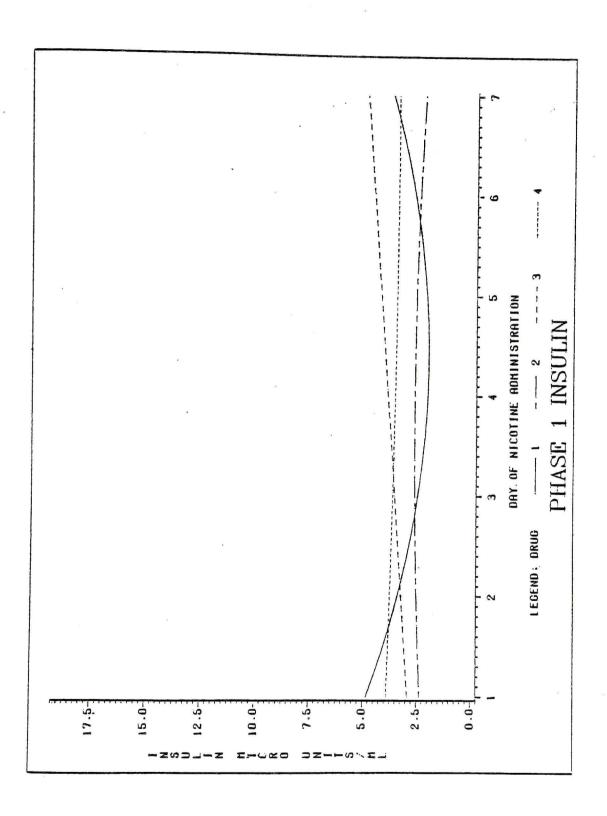
PHASE I: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION



LEGEND

DRUG CONDITION 1 = SALINE CONTROL

DRUG CONDITION 2 = 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg DRUG CONDITION 3 = 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg

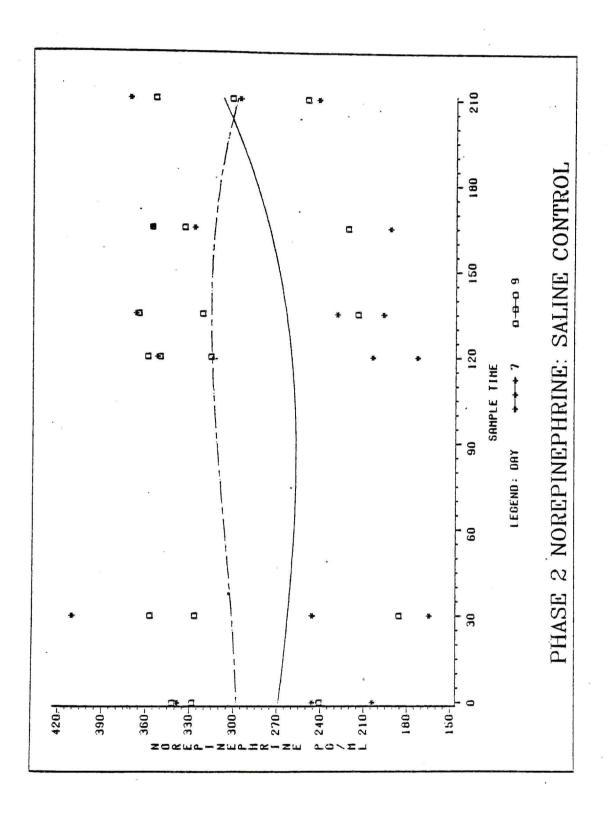


PHASE II: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION

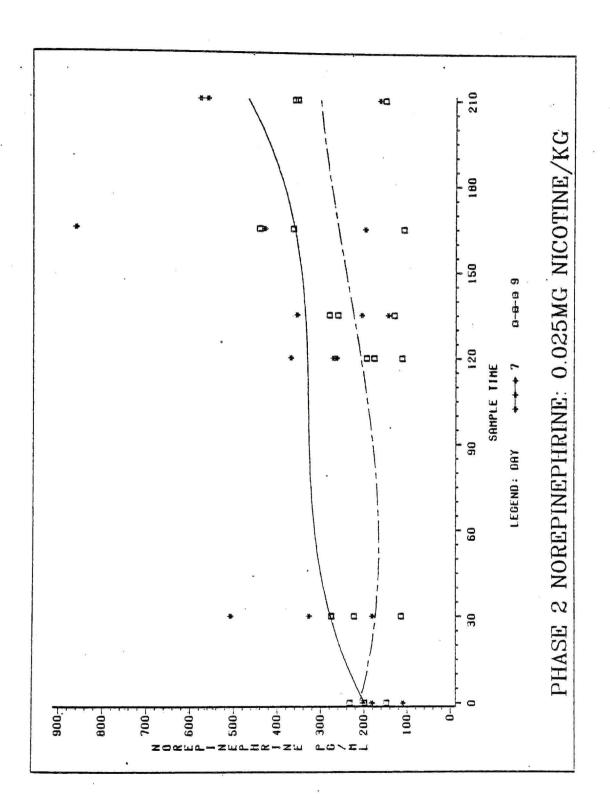
DAY 9 = TEST OF CONDITIONED DRUG RESPONSES



PHASE II: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

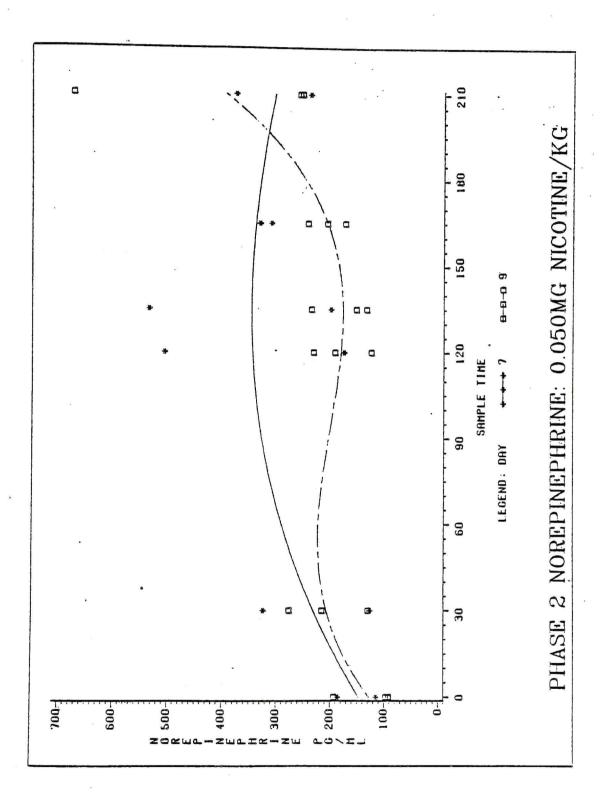
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

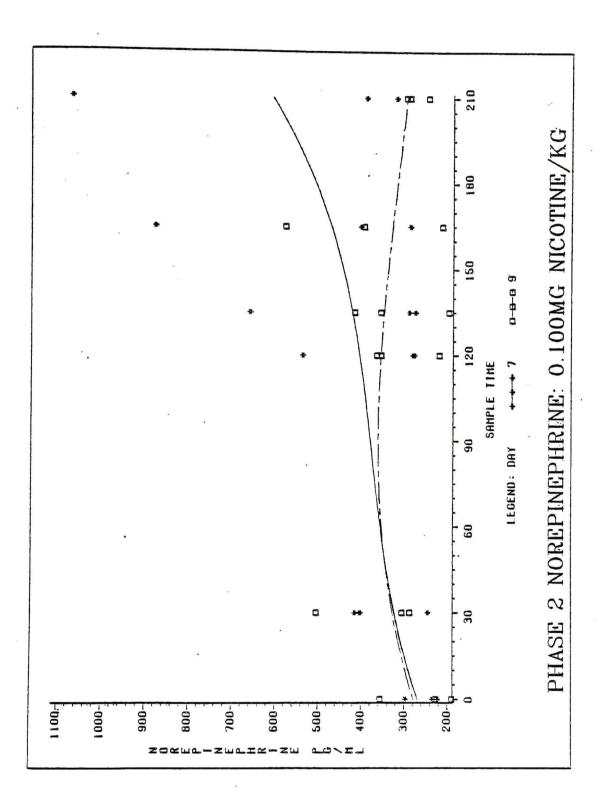
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

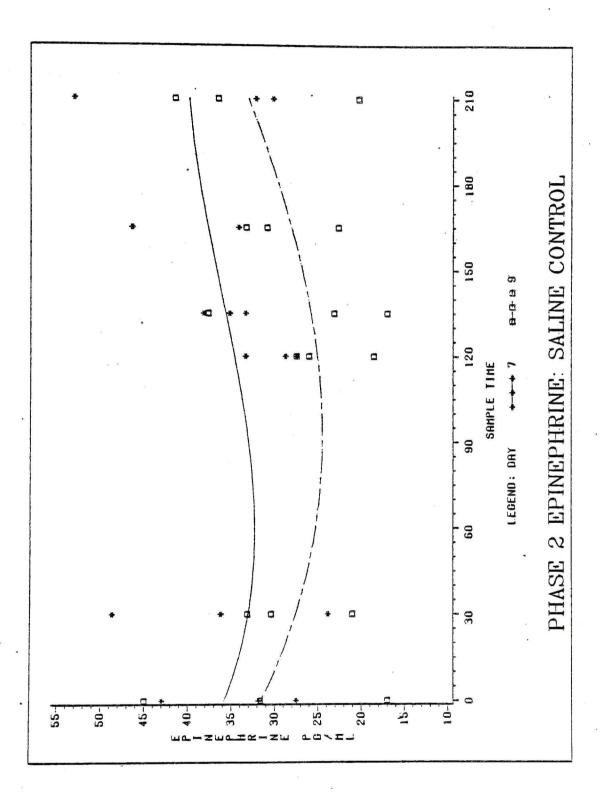
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

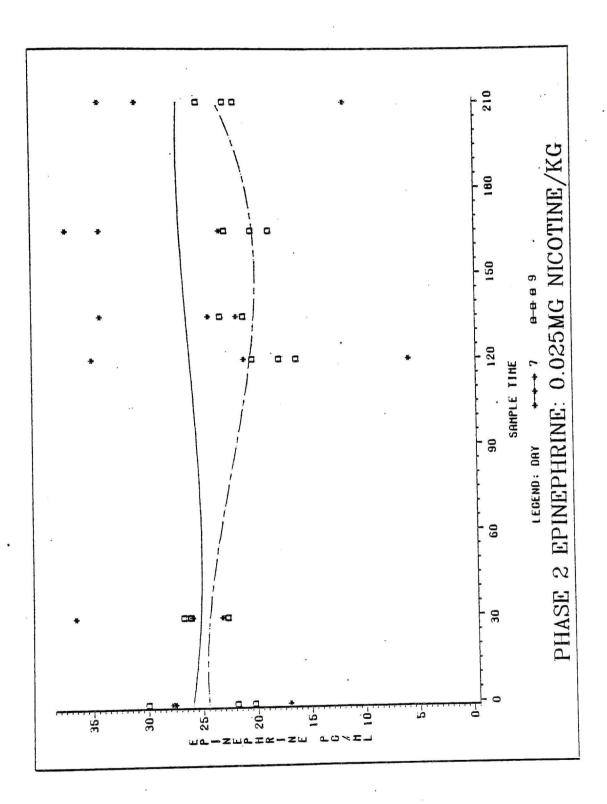
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/Kg CONDITION

LEGEND

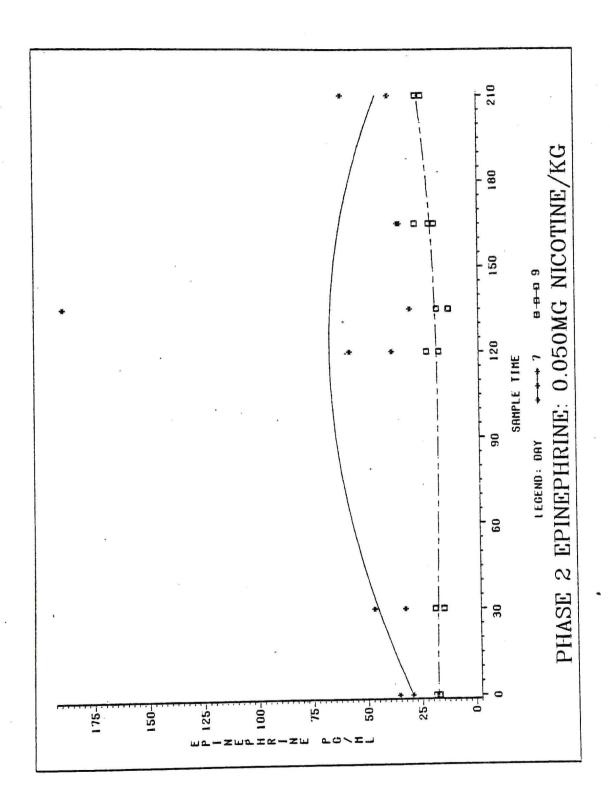
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION

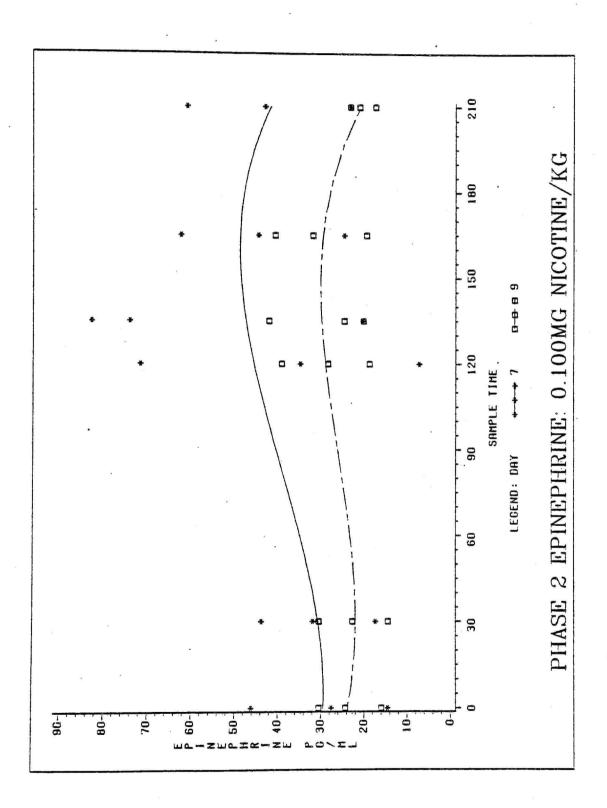
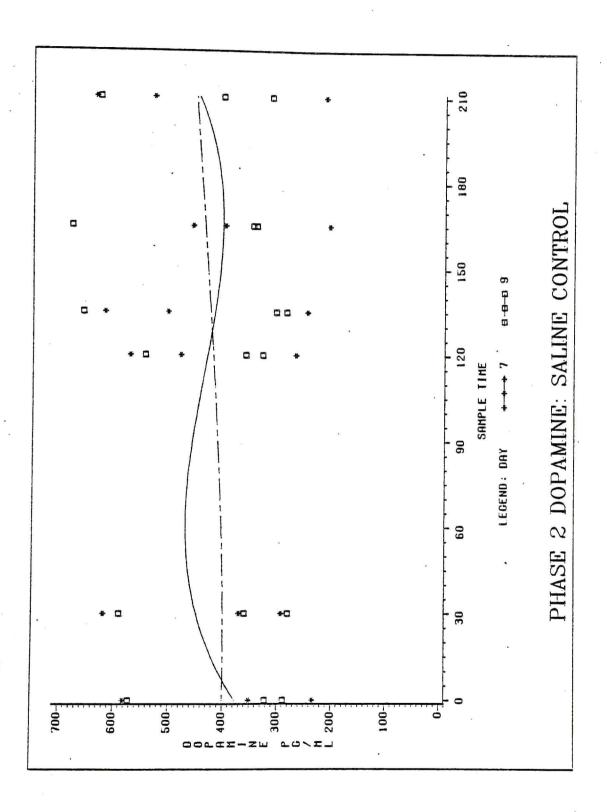


FIGURE 39

PHASE II: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

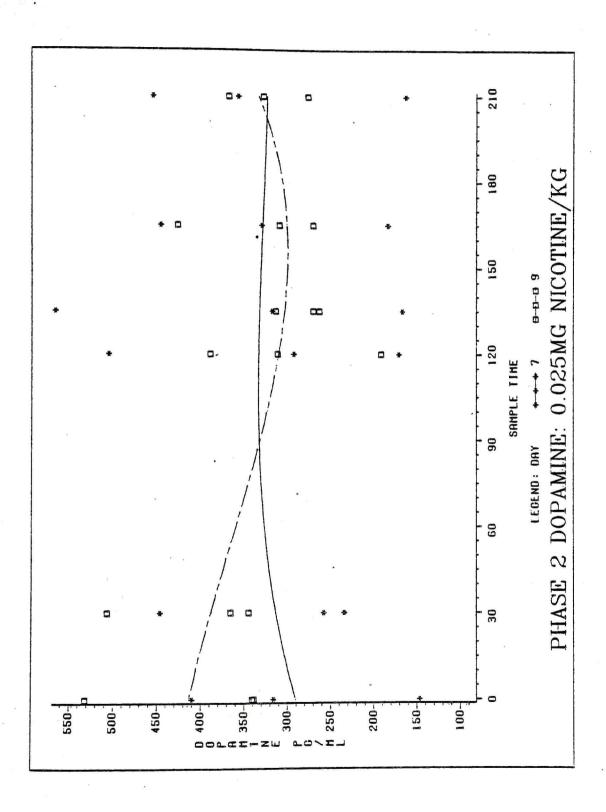
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

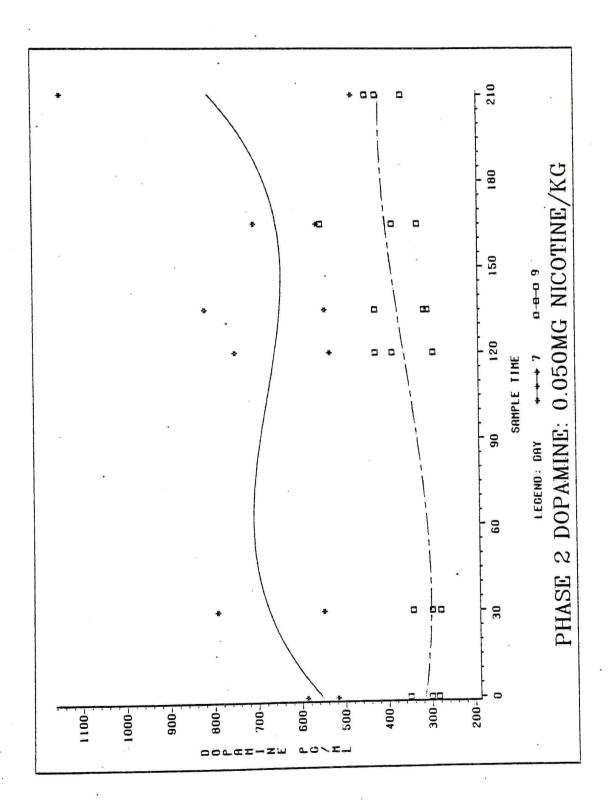
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

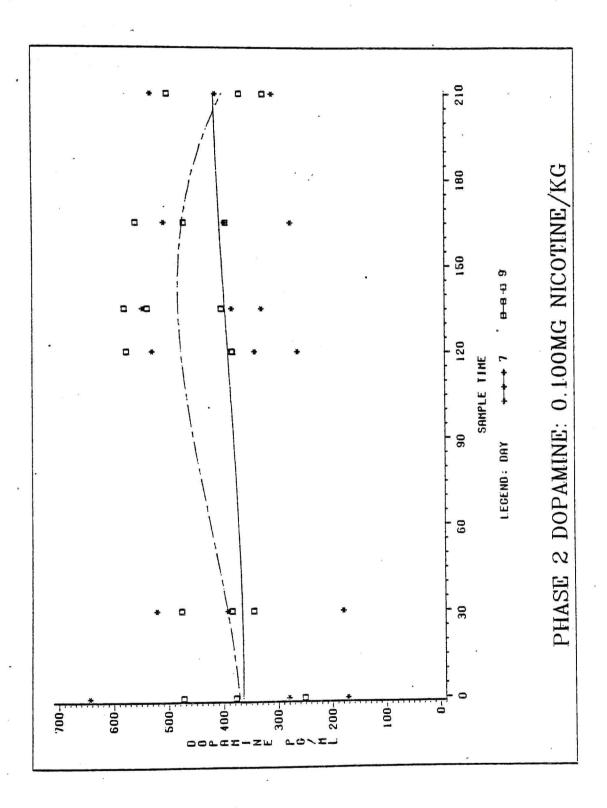
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

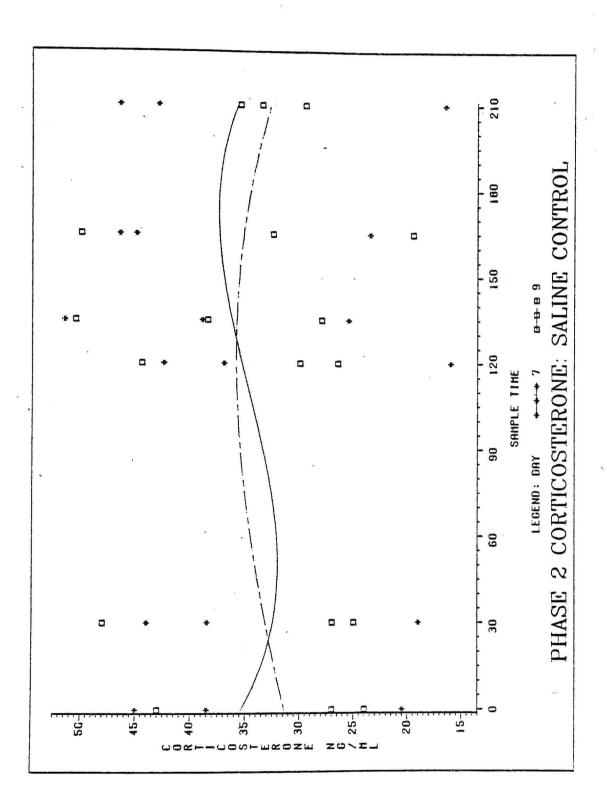
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

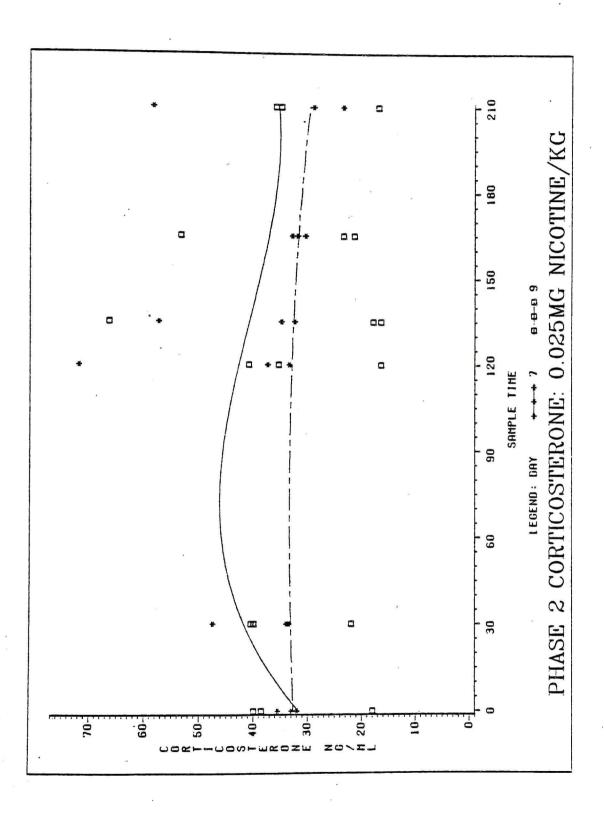
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

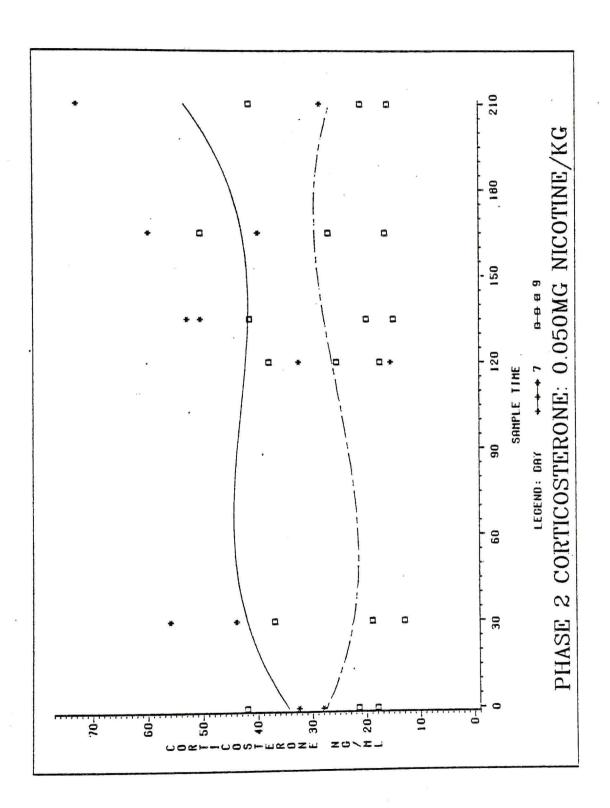
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION PHASE II:

LEGEND

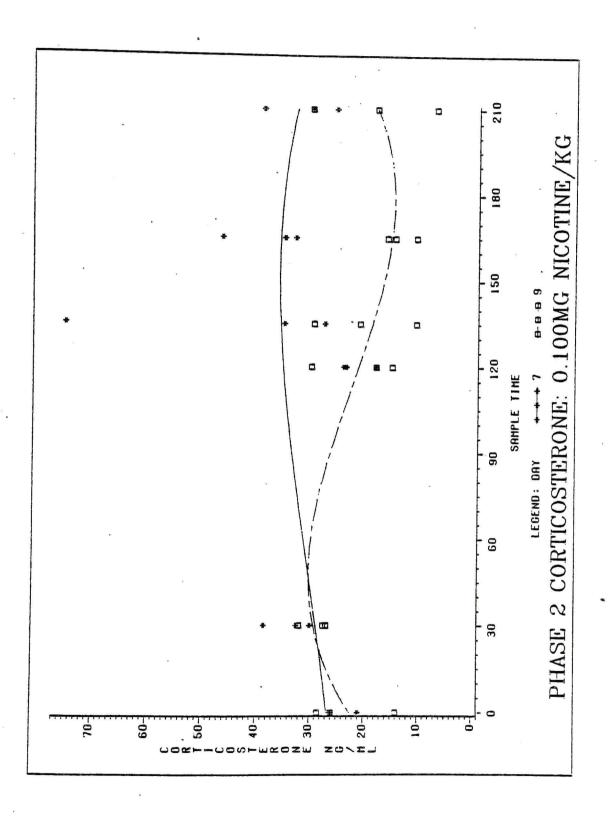
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

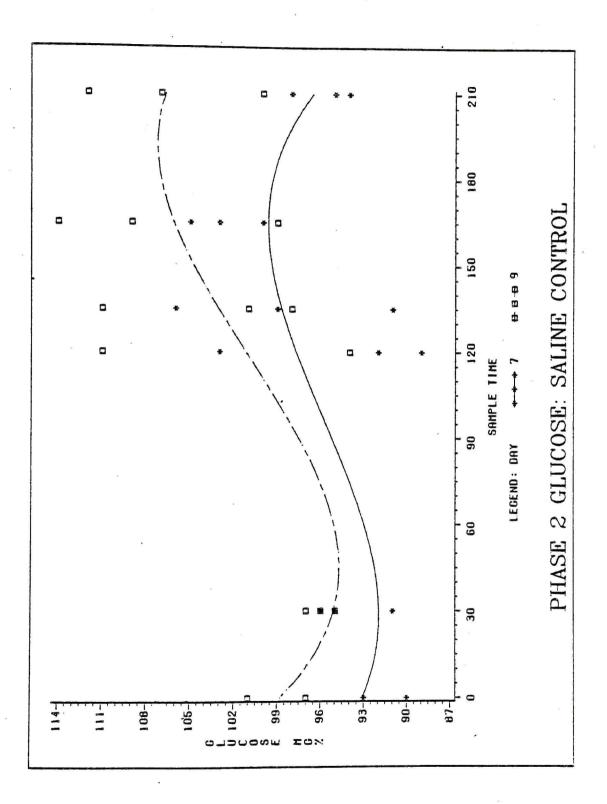
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

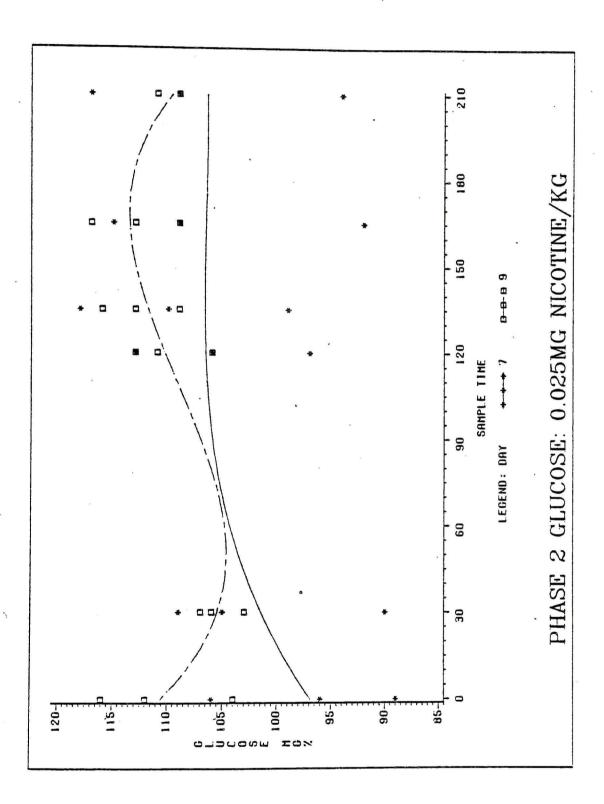
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

EGEND

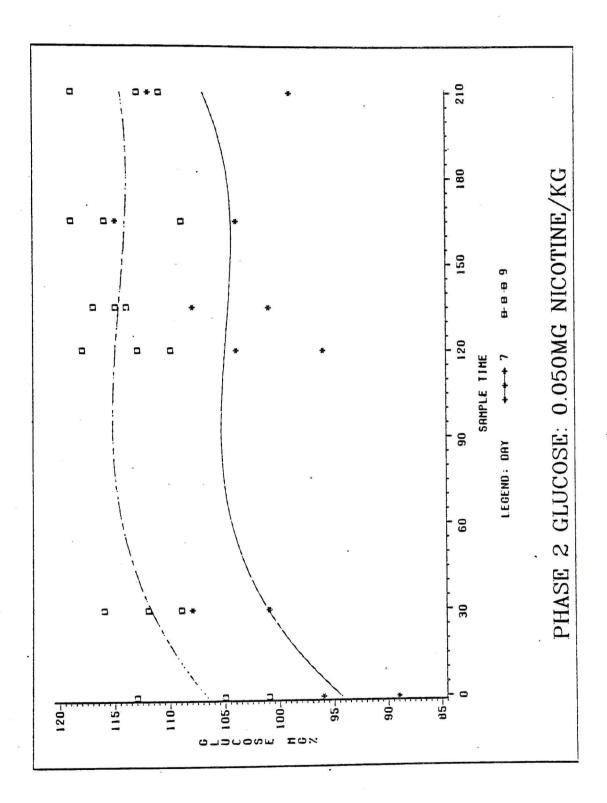
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

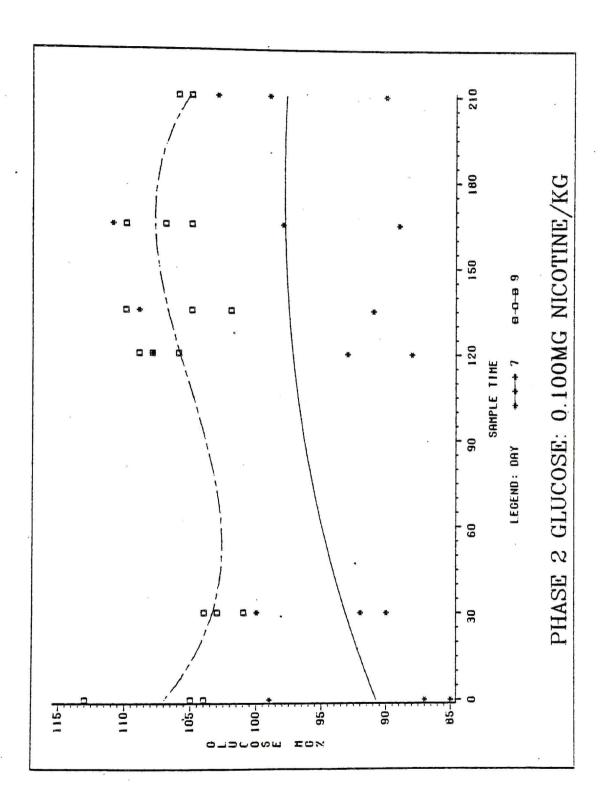
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

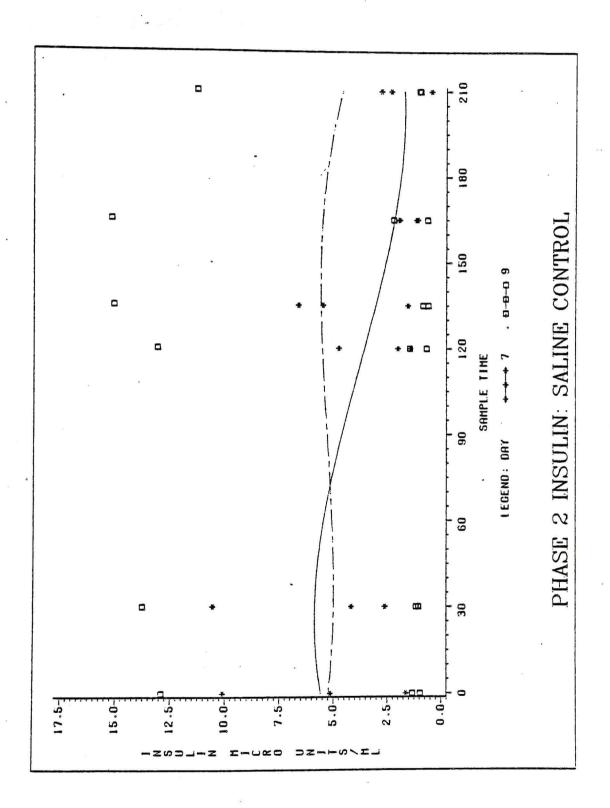
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

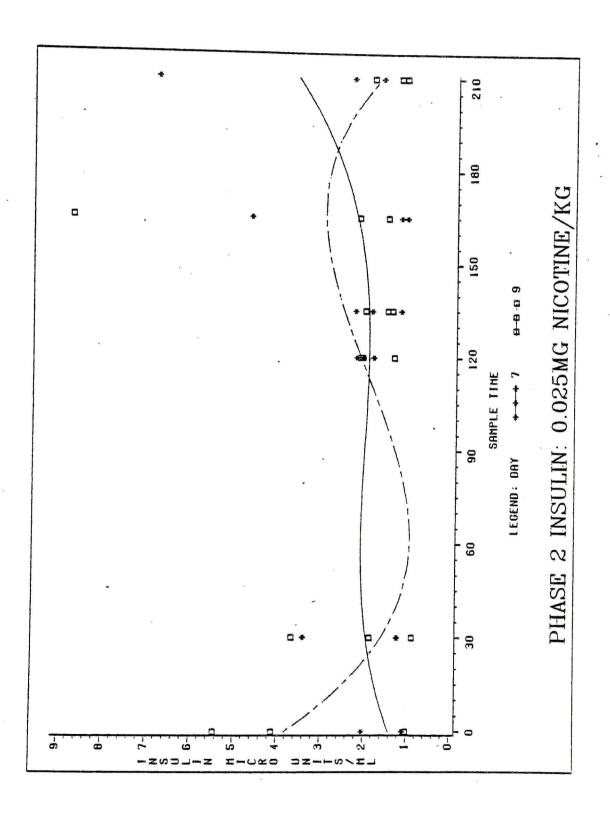
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

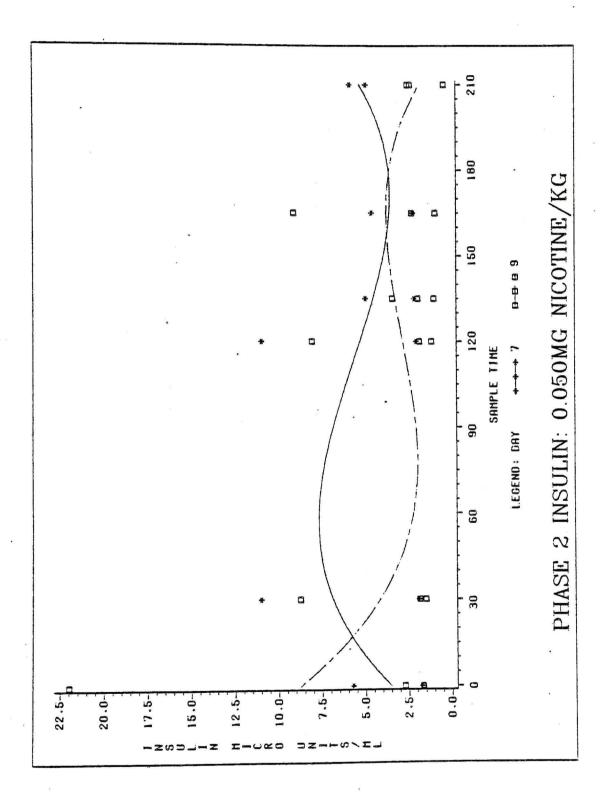
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

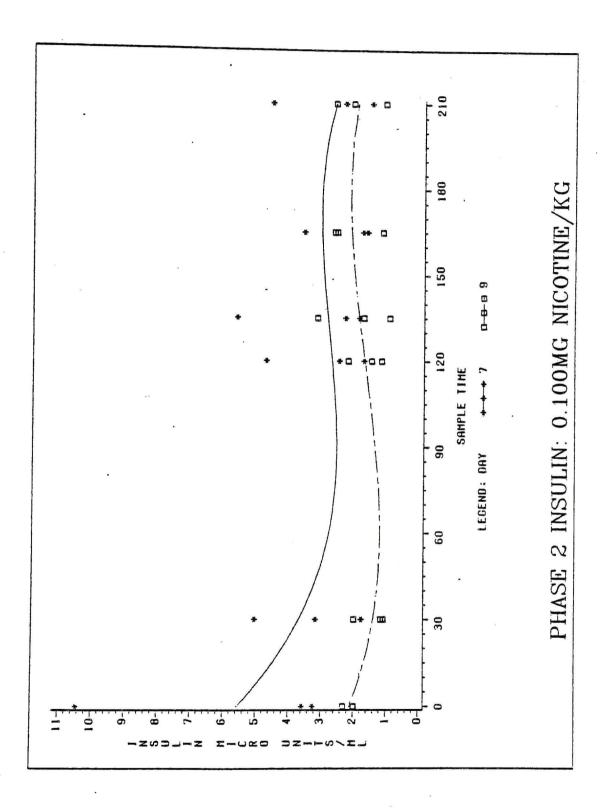
DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



PHASE II: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

DAY 7 = NICOTINE ADMINISTRATION



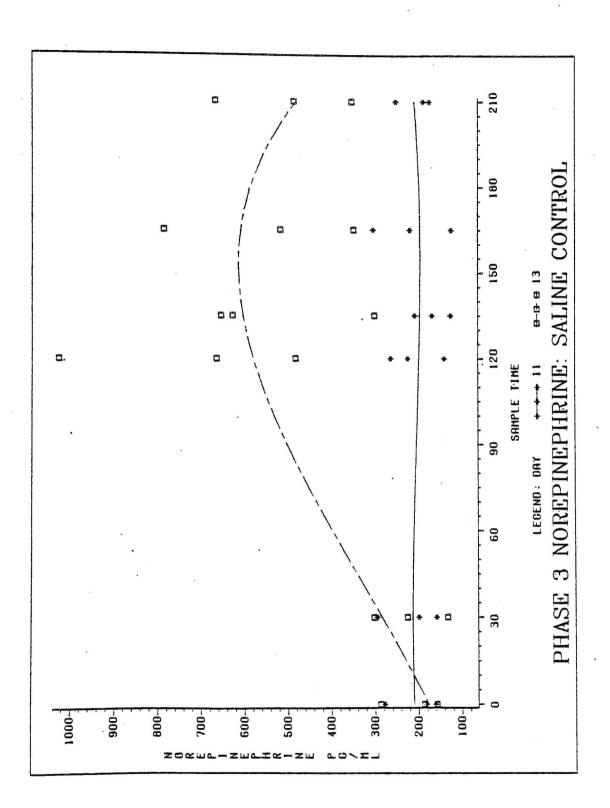
PHASE III: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



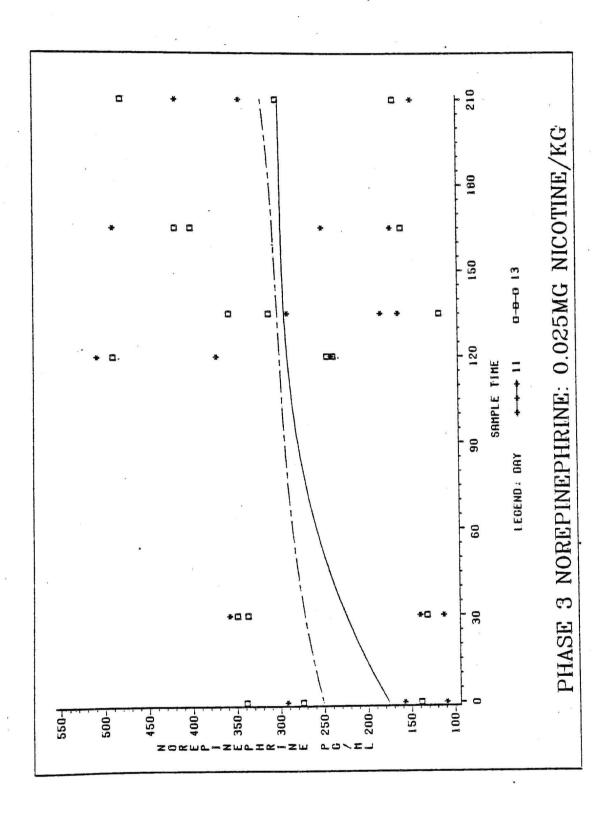
NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION PHASE III:

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



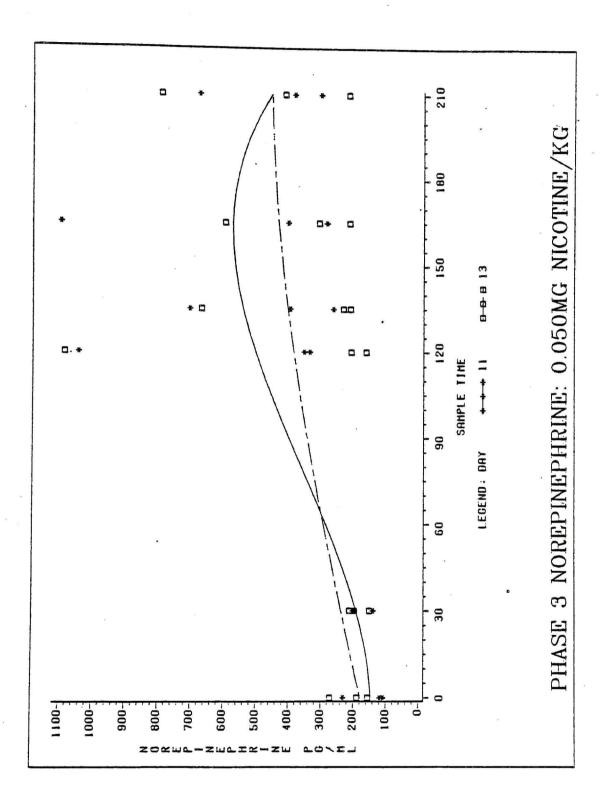
PHASE III: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



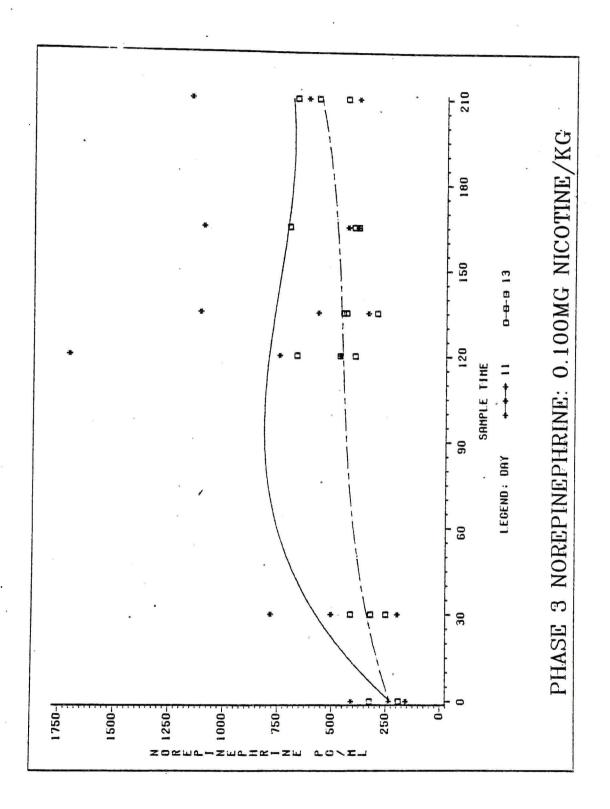
PHASE III: NOREPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



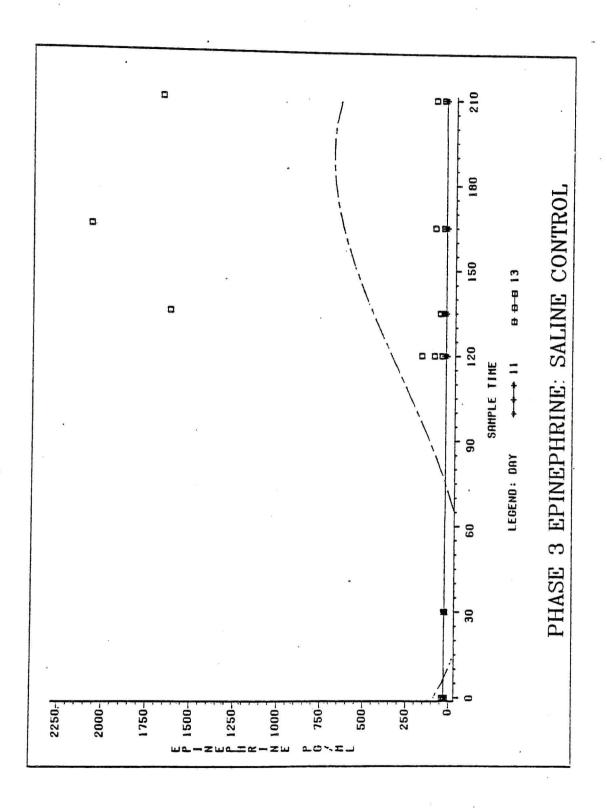
PHASE III: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



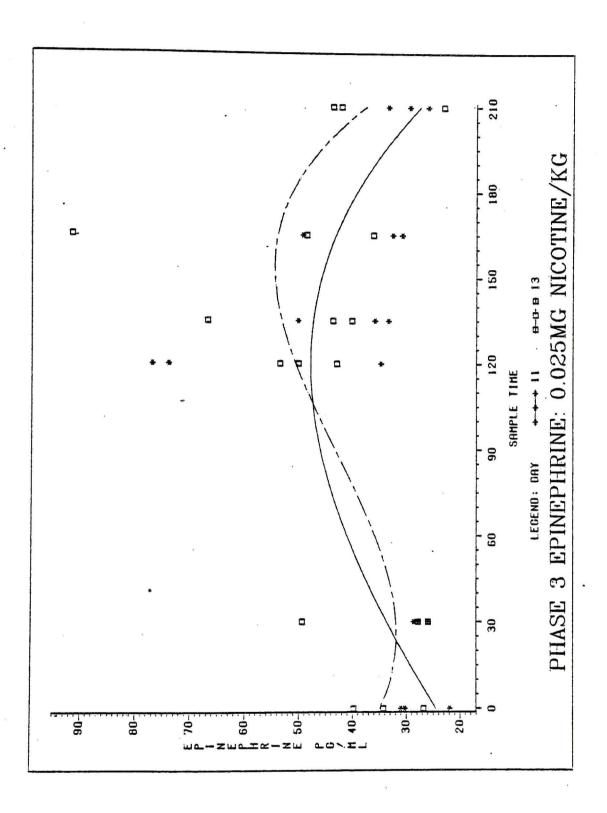
PHASE III: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



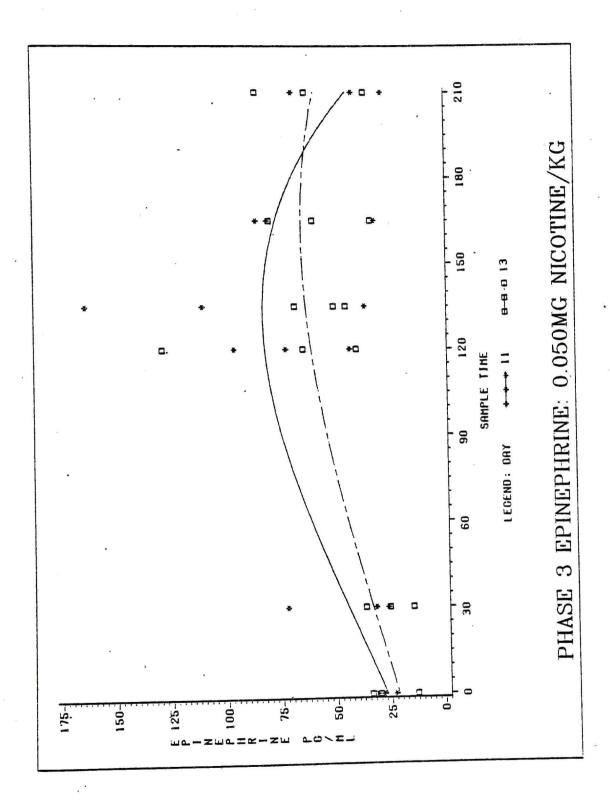
PHASE III: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



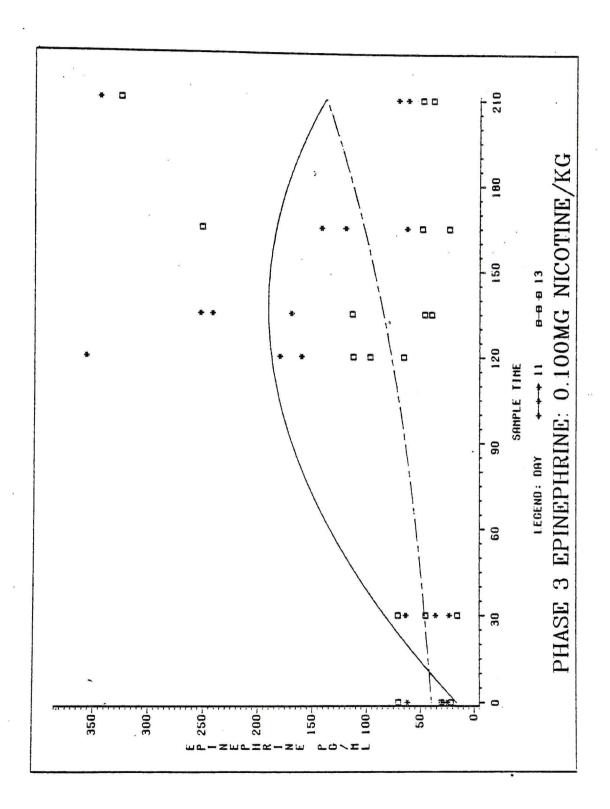
PHASE III: EPINEPHRINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



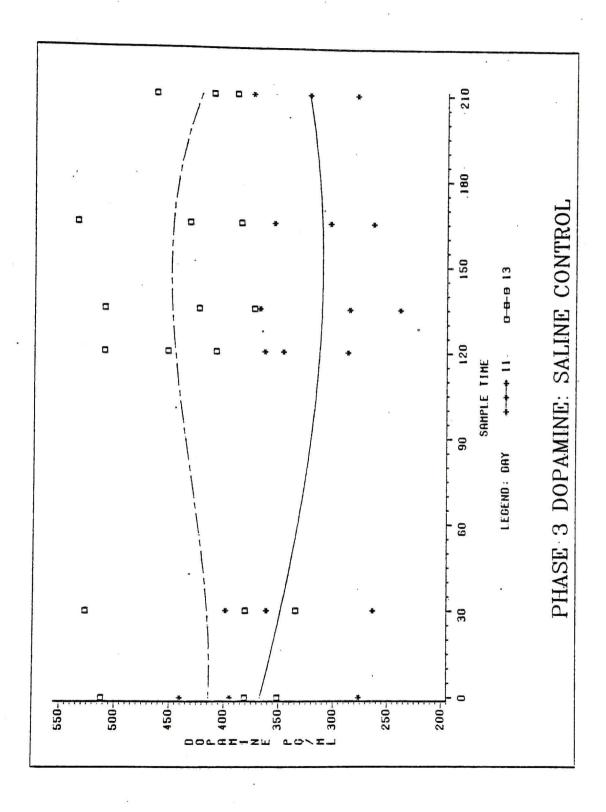
PHASE III: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



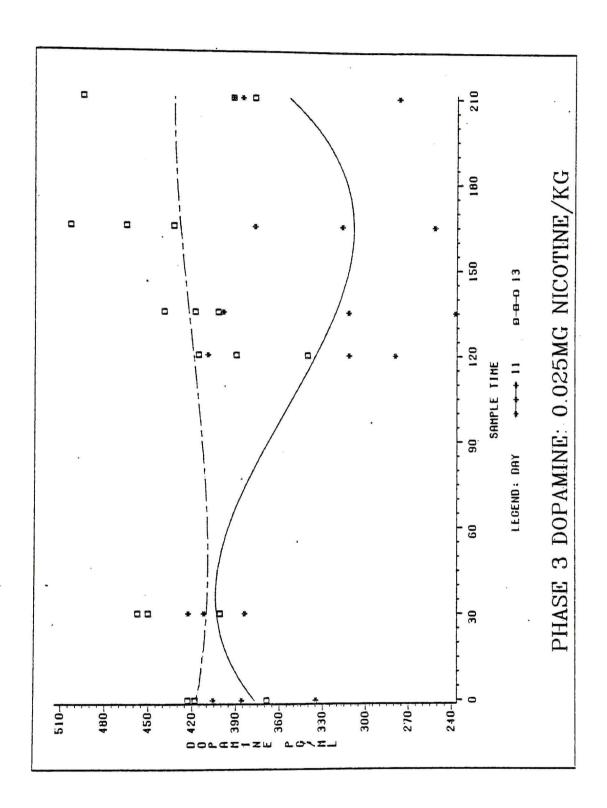
PHASE III: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



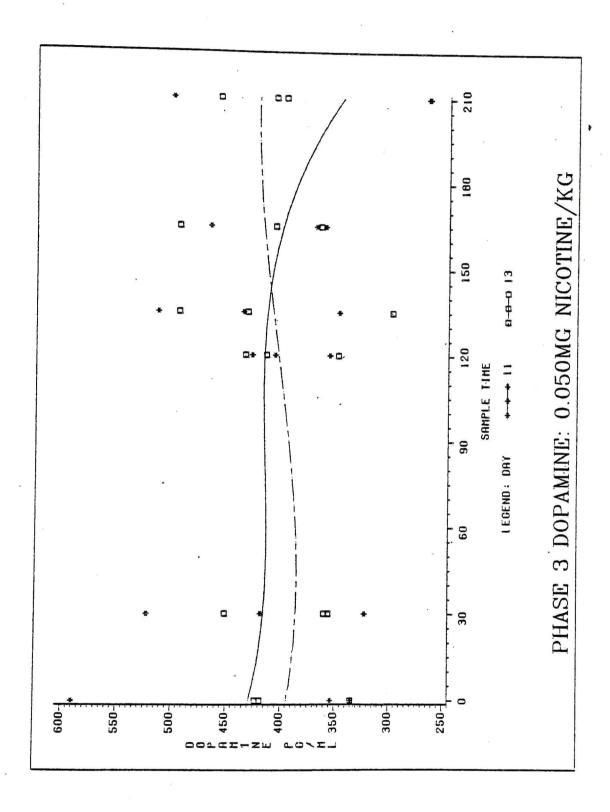
PHASE III: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



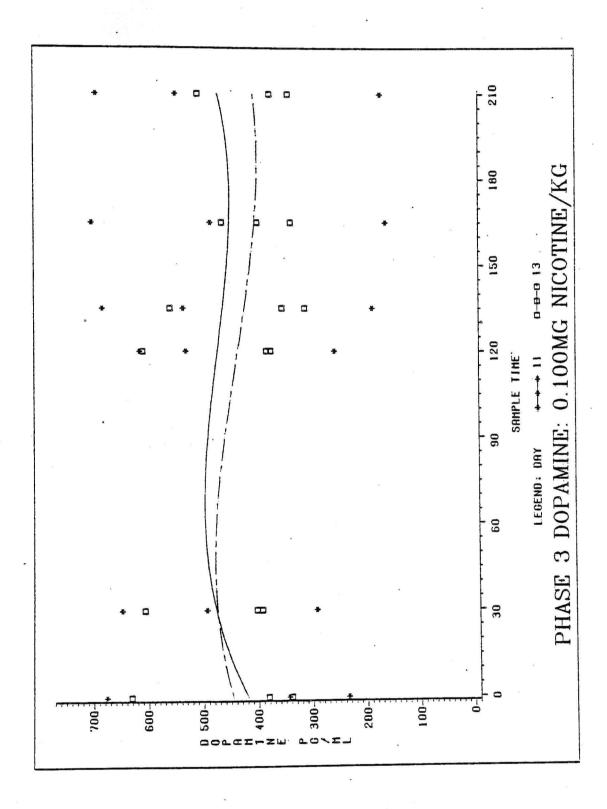
PHASE III: DOPAMINE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



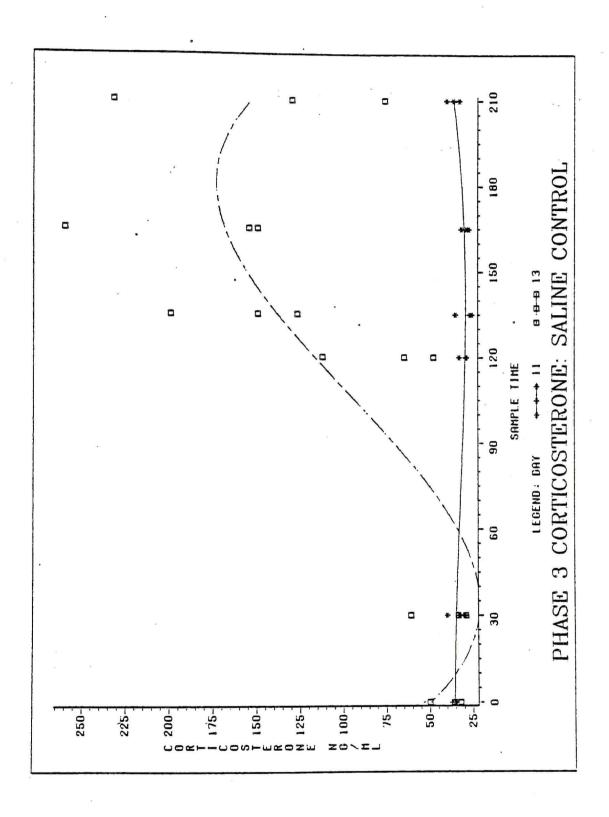
CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION PHASE III:

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



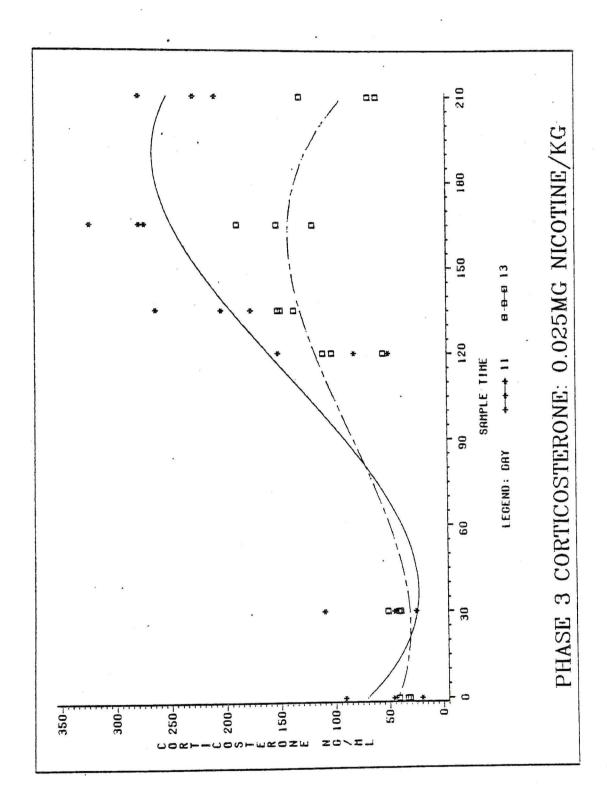
PHASE III: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/Kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



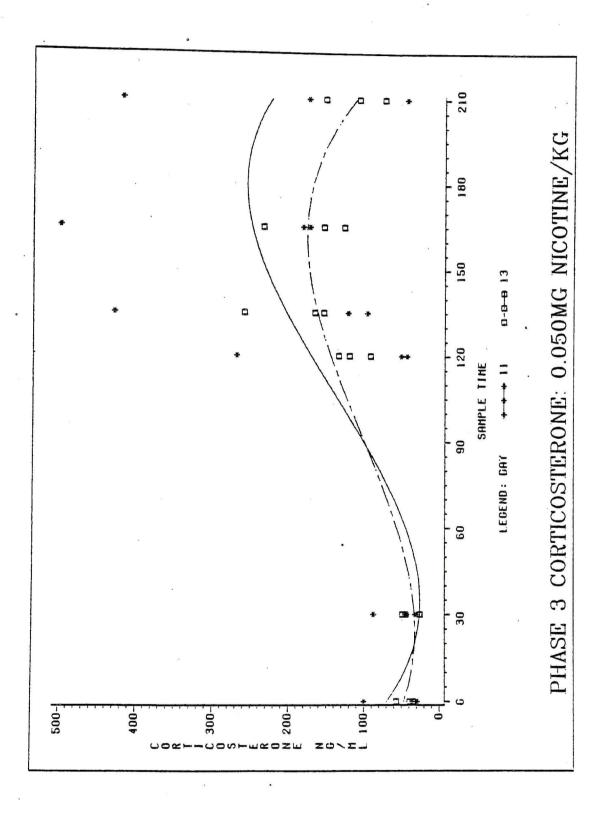
PHASE III: CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/Kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



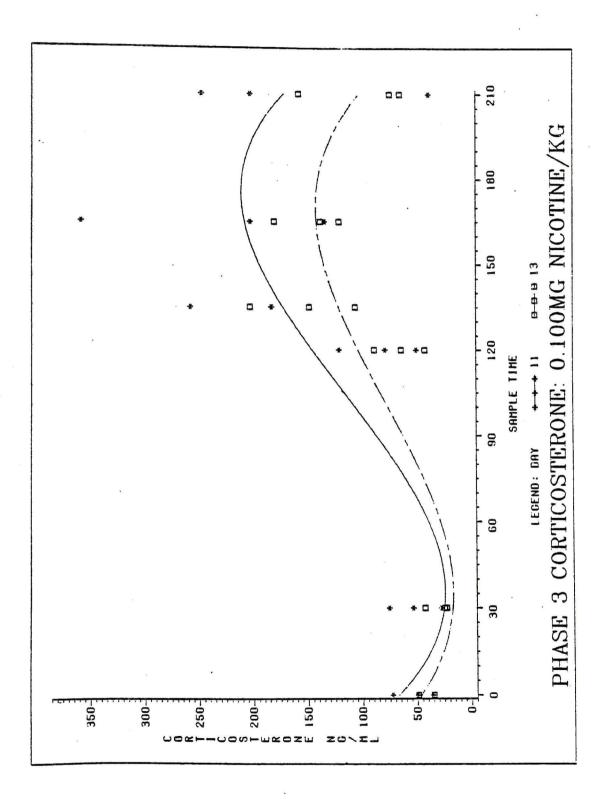
CORTICOSTERONE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION PHASE III:

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



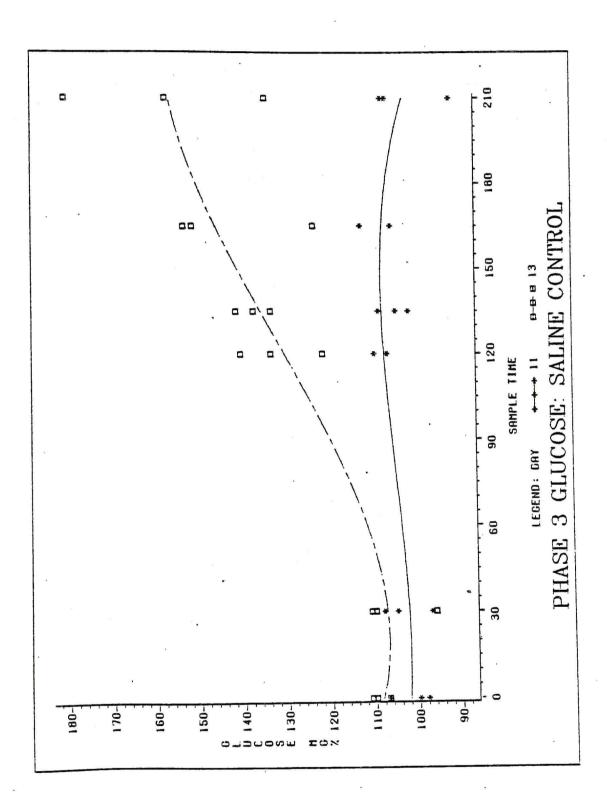
PHASE III: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



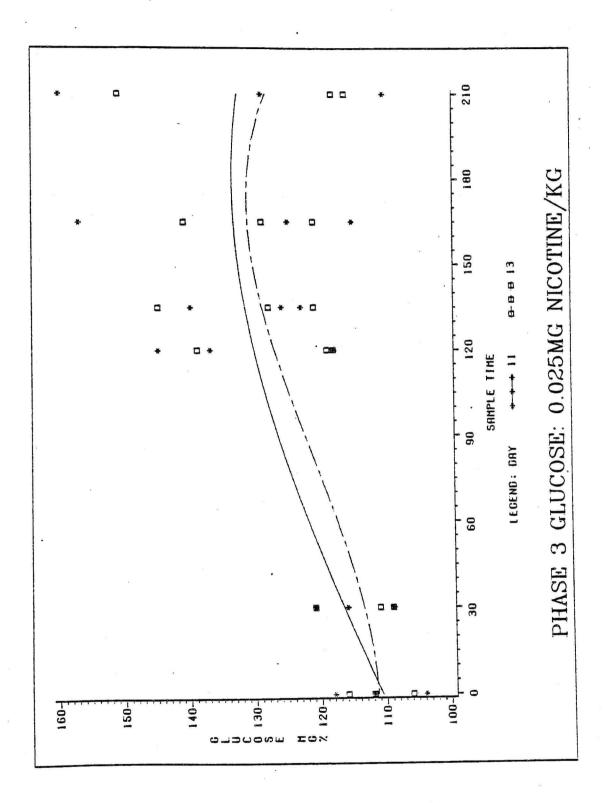
PHASE III: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



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FIGURE 73

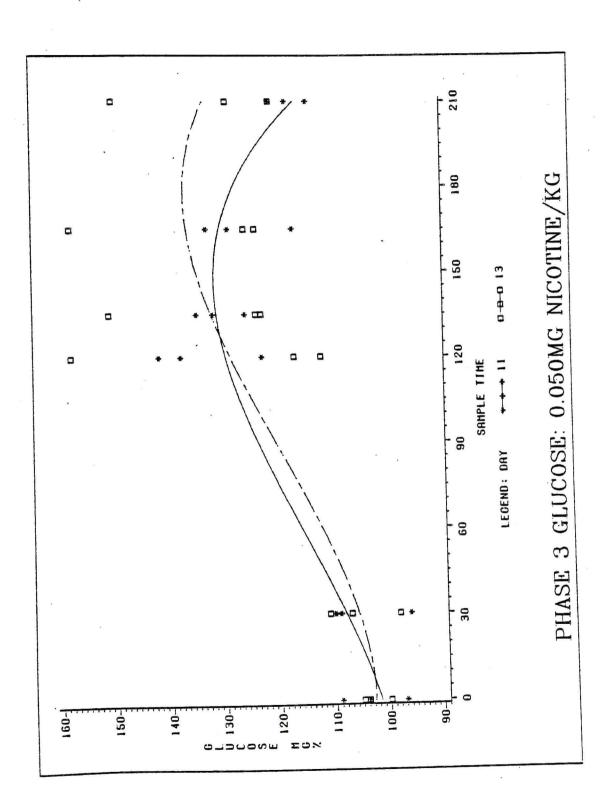
PHASE III: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



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FIGURE 74

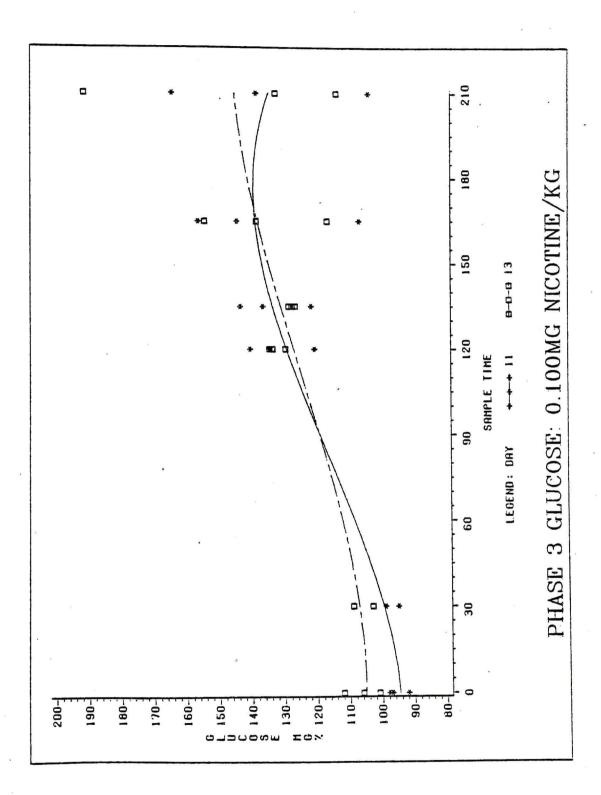
PHASE III: GLUCOSE RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



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FIGURE 75

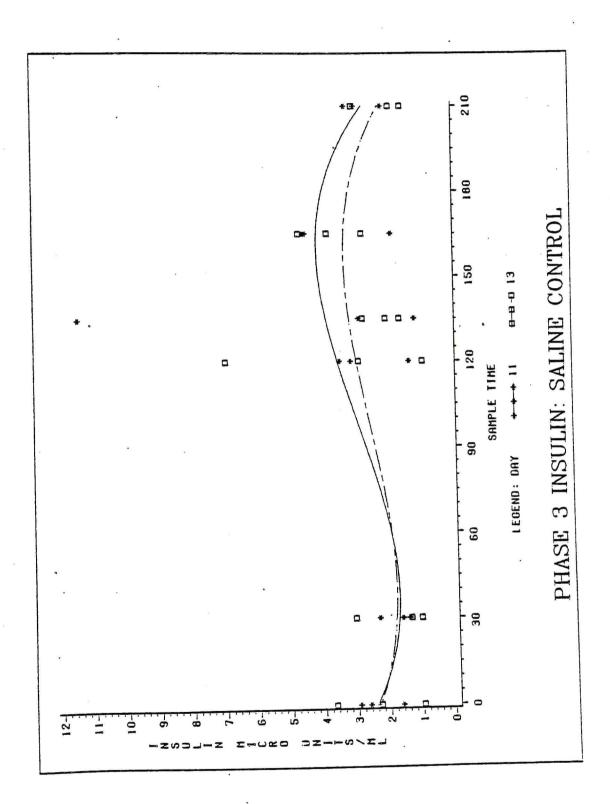
PHASE III: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR SALINE CONTROL CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



THE PART OF

FIGURE 76

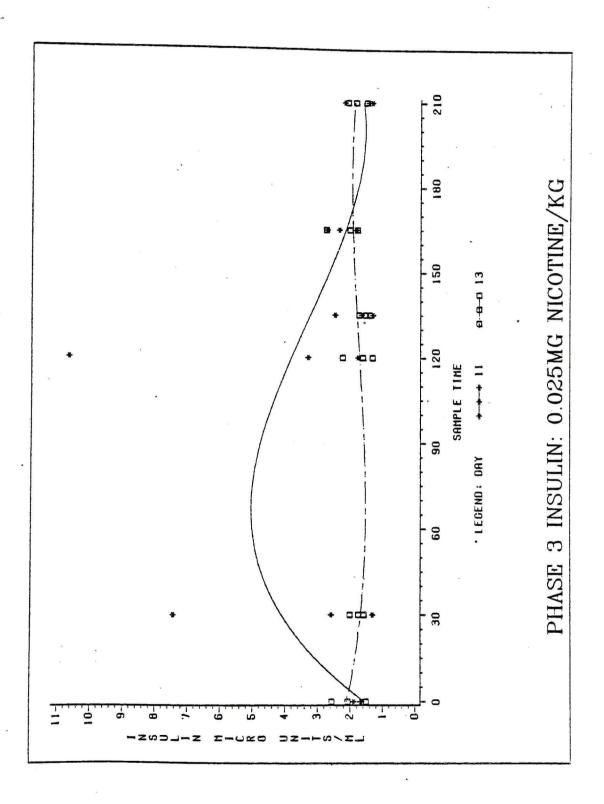
PHASE III: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.025 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



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FIGURE 77

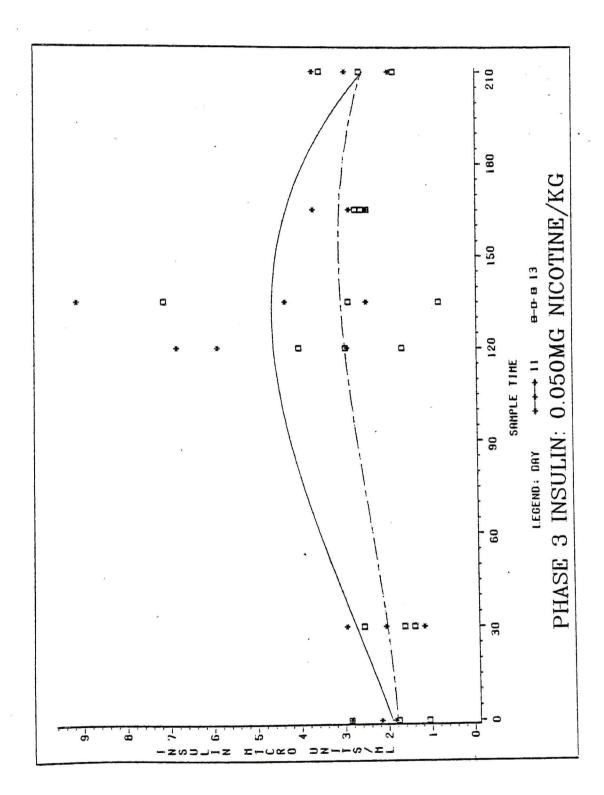
PHASE III: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.050 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



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FIGURE 78

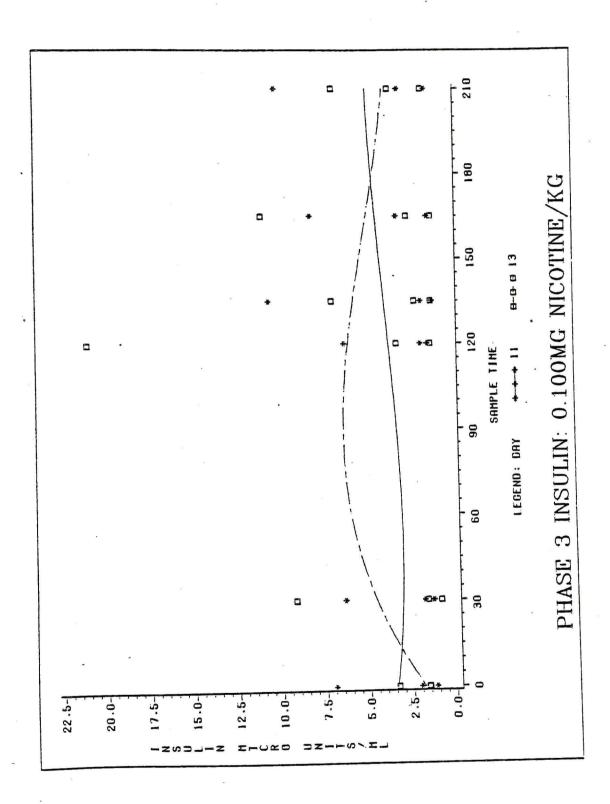
PHASE III: INSULIN RESPONSES FOR 0.100 mg NICOTINE/kg CONDITION

LEGEND

SALINE CONTROL DAY 11 = NO STRESS CONDITION

SALINE CONTROL DAY 13 = STRESS CONDITION

ALL NICOTINE DOSES DAY 11 = STRESS WITH NICOTINE



Reference Notes

- 1. Cox, B. Personal communication, April 1983.
- Director, Shade Tobacco Growers Agricultural Association of Connecticut, Personal communication, March 1984.
- Sylvario, D. and Lewis, E. Wyeth Laboratories, Inc.,
 Philadelphia, PA 19101, Personal communication, January 1983.
- 4. Bigbee, H. and Boraski, E. Schering, Co. for Burns-Biotec
 Laboratories, Inc., Omaha, NE 68103, Personal communication,
 January 1983.

Footnotes

At the present time some controversy exists regarding the duration of the half life of nicotine. The value of 30-60 minutes as presented in the text represents an average value which has been the predominately accepted standard during recent years. However, several recent investigations (Benowitz, Jacob, Jones & Rosenberg, 1982; Benowitz, Kuyt & Jacob, 1982; Kyerematen, Damiano, Dvorchik & Vesell, 1982) have reported two phases to the elimination of nicotine. The first phase of elimination pertains to changes in plasma concentrations of nicotine during initial drug distribution with a half life of 20-60 minutes. The secondary phase of elimination, which includes the elimination of nicotine from tissue stores, has a much longer half life of up to approximately 5 hours.

Within the context of the present experiment no assumptions were made regarding the effects of increasing exposure to nicotine on nicotine induced responding (i.e., if the animals would display tolerance, habituation or sensitization to the effects of nicotine). However, previous research has demonstrated that tolerance to the lethal effects of a given acute dose of nicotine will develop following a few days of chronic exposure to a lower dosage (see review by Larson, Haag & Silvette, 1961). Therefore, it may be argued that the nicotine "experienced" animals which were used in phases II and III of the present study were probably endocrinologically and physiologically similar to chronic cigarette smokers.

³The study examined several endocrinological responses to the acute administration of nicotine, and changes in responding as a function of increasing prior exposure to nicotine (i.e., the dose and duration of prior exposure).

 4 A total of sixteen (16) animals were used in the study, twelve (12) animals successfully completed the two weeks of nicotine administration (three animals completed the study in each of the drug dosage conditions). The additional four (4) animals were surgically prepared with intravascular catheters but did not complete the study. Of these four animals, one was assigned to the high nicotine condition, two to the medium nicotine condition, and one to the low nicotine condition (the assignment of animals to the various drug dosages was conducted with the stipulation that an equal number of animals complete the study in each of the experimental conditions, i.e., the animals which died or otherwise prematurely failed to complete the study were subsequently replaced). The two animals receiving the medium nicotine dose did not complete the study due to failure of the intravenous and/or intra-arterial catheters (i.e., the catheters became clogged due to the formation of thrombi which prevented the withdrawal of blood specimens). The two remaining animals failed to complete the study due to their premature death. Premorbid observations and post-mortem examinations indicated that one animal (assigned to the low nicotine condition) died of a cerebral ischemic accident resulting from the migration of a thrombus which had formed around the tip of the arterial catheter, and that the second animal (assigned to the high nicotine condition) died of a massive

myocardial infarction with subsequent perforation of the myocardium resulting in the seepage of fluids into the pericardial sac and cardiac tamponade.

Shew Zealand White rabbits (Oryctolagus cuniculus) were selected for use in the present study for the following reasons: a) the rabbit is a widely used research animal which has been well defined anatomically, biochemically and physiologically, b) the New Zealand White rabbit (and other strains of rabbits) has been used in previous research pertaining to the effects of cigarette smoking and nicotine (Larson, Haag & Silvette, 1961; Larson & Silvette, 1968, 1975), c) the rabbit is a relatively inexpensive research animal which is readily available, and is easy to handle and to house, and d) the rabbit has a large enough blood volume (estimated at approximately 80 ml/kg of body weight in the 3.0-3.5 kg animal) such that the removal of 18 ml of whole blood (the total volume of blood withdrawn during any one test day) should not have stressed the animal due to the development of hypovolemia and/or anemia.

Gunder normal circumstances of food availability the wild rabbit is not known to eat any portion of the tobacco plant. In addition, while rabbits and many other animals (deer, wild and domestic dogs, raccoons, rodents, etc.) will enter the tobacco fields, none of these animals are known to eat the tobacco plant (personal communication with the Director, Shade Tobacco Growers Agricultural Association of Connecticut, March 1984).

⁷See Table on following page.

Pre- and Post-Experimental Body Weights by Drug Condition (all values are in kg)

Drug Condition	Initial Experimental Body Weight	Mean, S.D.	Final Experimental Body Weight	Mean, S.D.
Control (Saline)	3.403 3.450 3.464	3.439 0.032	3.01 3.04 3.45	3.17 0.245
0.025 mg Nic/kg	3.650 3.274 3.450	3.449 0.201	3.56 3.20 3.36	3.37 0.180
Failed to Complete Experiment	t 3.514	3.465 0.168	3.20	3.33 0.171
0.050 mg Nic/kg	3.877 3.148 3.624	3.549 0.370	3.55 3.11 3.36	3.34 0.221
Failed to Complete Experiment	3.170 3.169	3.397 0.334	3.10 3.08	3.24 0.208
0.100 mg Nic/kg	3.646 3.197 3.395	3.413 0.225	3.23 3.20 3.09	3.17 0.074
Failed to Complete Experiment	t 3.524	3.440 0.192	3.40	3.23 0.128

⁸The plasma concentrations of glucose and insulin and the sensitivity of tissues to insulin effects change with changes in body weight or obesity. Therefore, it was necessary that the mean body weight for all groups be comparable so as to decrease pre-experimental intergroup variability in glucose and insulin levels.

9 In the present experiment no attempt was made to determine the actual plasma concentrations of nicotine and cotinine (the primary metabolite of nicotine) which were achieved following each drug infusion. However, on the basis of theoretical estimations (assuming that a relatively insignificant quantity of nicotine was metabolized and/or excreted during the twenty minute infusion period, and assuming that nicotine was approximately equally distributed throughout the total body water) it was predicted that the peak plasma concentration of nicotine which occurred following the initial drug infusion (on each nicotine administration day) should have ranged from 30 ng/ml -120 ng/ml for the low and high doses of nicotine administered, respectively. While it is not always appropriate to compare the effects of identical doses of a drug in different species (i.e., due to differences in metabolism and excretion, tissue sensitivity, receptor affinity and other factors) (it may be more appropriate to compare the type and pattern of the drug induced responses when examining the effects of a drug in different species), the doses of nicotine used in this study should have produced peak plasma concentrations within the range of concentrations which have been reported in human cigarette smokers (Benowitz, Kuyt and Jacob, 1982; Feyerabend & Russell, 1978).

Measurement of hematocrit was performed as follows: 1) after centrifugation of the blood sample, to separate cells from plasma, the volume of packed red blood cells and of the total sample was determined, and 2) the hematocrit was calculated as the ratio of the volume of red blood cells to the total sample volume, multiplied by 100.

11 Anemia, as reflected by a low hematocrit, may interfere with normal physiological/endocrinological functioning.

These results are not without some degree of ambiguity. general, it was found that the administration of nicotine resulted in decreases in circulating levels of insulin. It was also observed that the drug administration procedure induced decreases in plasma insulin (this effect was observed in the responses of control animals which received infusions of physiological saline solution under conditions identical to those during the administration of the nicotine solutions). Insulin responses to the administration of nicotine displayed a somewhat shorter latency than was observed for the control subjects. Potentially more important, it was frequently observed that the administration of nicotine resulted in "spikes" in the release of insulin (i.e., 5-20 fold increases and decreases in the plasma concentration of insulin within a period of 15-30 minutes). These findings and previous empirical research suggest that nicotine (and . possibly cigarette smoking) interferes with the normal regulation of insulin homeostatic mechanisms. The ramifications of nicotine induced disturbances in insulin and glucose regulation are not known and warrant future investigation.

13 Glucose and insulin levels were also measured in samples obtained in Phase III of the procedure. Statistical analyses of these data are presented in Tables 17 and 18 (Parts I-IV, Appendix C, pages 97-106, respectively). The measurements were made for the following reasons: a) to corroborate findings (changes) observed in other systems, and b) to examine additional physiological responses to stress, per se.

It is widely accepted that the regulation of plasma glucose and insulin levels is at least in part controlled by the autonomic (sympathetic) nervous system. Activation of the sympathetic branch of the autonomic nervous system results in increased concentrations of plasma glucose and in decreased concentrations of insulin (this effect is due to an inhibition of the release of insulin from pancreatic islet cells). The homeostatic insulin regulatory system is also directly responsive to changes in plasma glucose concentrations (i.e., a change in plasma glucose levels will induce an increase or decrease in plasma insulin, so as to maintain or reinstate the normal homeostatic concentrations of plasma glucose).

As expected, application of the physical restraint stressor induced increases in plasma glucose concentrations among the control animals (see Figures 71-74, Appendix D, pages 250-257). Similar increases in plasma glucose were observed in the nicotine experienced animals when they were stressed (Stress without Nicotine). Nicotine in conjunction with the stressor produced effects which were similar to, or somewhat larger than, the responses induced by the stressor alone. Insulin responses were considerably more variable (see Figures

75-78, Appendix D, pages 258-265), suggesting that nicotine and restraint stress (activation of the sympathetic autonomic nervous system) interfered with normal insulin homeostatic responses.

These findings coincide with expectations and suggest that the restraint stressor was sufficiently intense to induce changes in the activity of the autonomic nervous system.

The pattern of effects described was most evident in norepinephrine responses. Some evidence of similar, although smaller, changes was apparent in epinephrine and dopamine responses. See figures 5, 10 and 15 for the graphic presentation of these effects.

Following euthanasia all of the experimental animals underwent a post-mortem examination. Initially, it was intended that these examinations be conducted in order to determine if any pathophysiological conditions were present which might have interfered with the normal activity of any of the systems being studied. However, during the first series of post-mortem examinations it was noted that there were gross morphological differences evident in the cardiac musculature of those animals which had been receiving nicotine as compared with corresponding tissues from animals in the saline control group. The morphological changes which were noted included a marked enlargement of the heart (this effect appeared to be most prominent in the ventricles) up to three times normal size (comparing the high nicotine group to the saline control group). subsequently decided that during each successive post-mortem procedure a tissue specimen (cardiac muscle) be taken and preserved for histologic examination.

The tissue specimens obtained were examined in the following manner: a) cross-sectional slices of the heart were made at the level of the mid-ventricle (i.e., halfway between the apex and the base of the heart), and b) the tissue sections were examined for variations in the thickness of the myocardial wall of the left and right ventricles (four measurements were taken of each section with the thickest and thinnest reported here).

Drug Condition	Right Ventricle	Left Ventricle	
	(One unit = 30	microns)	
Control	36 - 60 units	122 - 155 units	
0.025 mg Nic/kg	24 - 47 units	110 - 138 units	
0.025 mg Nic/kg	28 - 52 units	115 - 148 units	
0.050 mg Nic/kg	28 - 41 units	86 - 116 units	
0.100 mg Nic/kg	23 - 33 units	93 - 127 units	
0.100 mg Nic/kg	22 - 42 units	95 - 106 units	

These data appear to suggest that the administration of nicotine resulted in a generalized degeneration of the cardiac musculature evidenced by thinning of the ventricular walls and dilation of the heart.

In addition, the extent of the degeneration observed appears to be positively related to the dose of nicotine administered (i.e., the degree of degeneration increased as the dose of nicotine increased). No other tissues examined were found to be consistently affected by the administration of nicotine.

The findings coincide with much of the previous literature which indicates an association between cigarette smoking and an

increased incidence of cardiovascular disorders. The results of the present study suggest that cardiac degeneration is (at least in part) directly related to the ingestion of nicotine. These findings have potentially important implications for the prevention and/or reduction of cardiovascular disorders in smokers. For example, the elimination or reduction of the nicotine content of cigarettes should reduce the incidence of premature morbidity and mortality among smokers due to cardiovascular disorders (i.e., sudden coronary death syndrome, ischemic heart disease and myocardial infarction).

It should be recognized that the conclusions stated above are based on the examination of a very limited number of animals and as such are still tentative. Extensive additional research is necessary in order to better delineate these findings and to examine the many implications involved for the prevention and treatment of smoking related cardiac disorders.

¹⁶Because no pituitary hormones were measured in this experiment it is not possible to make a positive assertion regarding this topic.

References

- Ashton, H., & Stepney, R. (1982). Smoking: Psychology and Pharmacology. London: Tavistock.
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